

①

SRR

File No C/551/25/64/JP

RECORDED

Ministry of External Affairs
(East Asia Division)

Note - pp 1-20

Comm - pp 1-154

Referred - 10 yrs

Category - C

①

Subject @ 22/11

S.O (EA)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

Controversy in regard to Netaji
Subhash Chandra Bose's death

Declassified

Later Reference

551/32/64/JP

551/1/66-JP

Keep

@ gth
16/12/15

Have than 30 yrs
Declassify

(गोपनीय सूची)
(GAUTANU (A)
गोपनीय सूची (गोपनीय)
(गोपनीय सूची)
गोपनीय सूची विरुद्ध
गोपनीय सूची

Ministry of External Affairs
China Division. No. C/551(25)/64-P.

D. 12210 - 4/64

(1) R

S No (2) Issue

D. 13306 - 4/64

(3) FR

Please put up with our file as
well as last year's Part. Questions file.

Sd- M. Kutty
11/11/64.

Submitted on file. The relevant Part. An.
may kindly be seen at Slip A' on the linked file.

25/XI

us (C) - Refrence their UO at S.No. (3).

Ministry of Home Affairs may pl.
see a annex of Deputy Ministry of E.A.
to a Rajisa Salha questions of 1962
at Slip A. Our file may then
pl. be returned to us.

Blapane
26/XI

1557-4/64
2/12

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS NEW DELHI
J. A. No.
27 NOV 1964
2019-5
ME-A

(Poll II)

Uo. No. C/551(25)/64-JP dt. 27.11.64.

M. H. A.
Poll II Sec.

Rif: E.A. Ministry's note above

Seen; thanks.

KH
28-11-64

Ref: 28/11

28/11

C. Blapane

30.11.64

Ministry of E.A. (Shri M. Kutty, u.s)

2-12-64.

D.14536-C/64 (4) FR

'This was marked to me, perhaps, on the assumption that I was dealing with Japan when the trial took place. Will DS(C) deal with this and, if necessary, pass it on to the authorities dealing with this question. There was an enquiry on Netaji's death. The letter has to be acknowledged.

Sd. K.R.Narayanan
27.11.64

'Pl. put up pps. & ack.'

Sd. P.K.Guha
1.12.64

'Pl. put up papers'.

It'd. B.P.A.
2.xii

Our file on the subject has been sent to the Ministry of Home Affairs in connection with another communications we received on the subject. We may perhaps await the return of that file before taking any action on the FR.

2. Draft acknowledgement is put up.

SPS
2.12.64. The file has been received, I am in to-day Pl. put up.
US(C) II *R.P. Arne* (5) Issue
DS(C)

Submitted on file for consideration.

SPS
3/xii

US(C) II

Para 2 of the F.R. is interesting - we may seek for the comments of the L&T Division.

R.P. Arne
3/xii

L&T Division

Regarding the matter referred to in para 2 of FR, it does not appear to be connected with the question of Netaji's death. If it is to be examined separately, it appears that the too late in the day to take it up unless politically

*me to be kept
secret & by
Pl put up
SPS*

P. 2830-44/64
4/12

H
4.12.64

A

it is deemed necessary to do so even now.

Anyhow, a law officer's division has been asked to examine the bulky records yet award of the Tokyo Military Tribunal to see ~~what~~ in what manner was reference made by the Tribunal to Matsui. The records must wait our division or even with the library. My only ~~hope~~ be available with the Supreme House library.

The file may therefore be returned by after a week or so for recording our note, if necessary.

S. J. Light
16. XII. 64

S.R.
17/12

us (cav.)
U.S. (4) II

4076-us(21)/64

D. 15131-4/64 - - - (6) R

D. 15110-4/64 - - - (7) R

(8) Issue

Reference Serial No. (7):FR

Our file on the subject which was sent to the L & T Division has been received back, today.

2. It will be seen that we do not have with us any material information to impart in connection with this Parliament Question. Parts (a), (c) and (d) are primarily the concern of the West Bengal Government who have been asked by the Ministry of Home Affairs for the necessary information in this regard. About parts (e) and (f) also we are not in the know of things. Probably there has not been so far any enquiry conducted regarding Netaji being alive, disguised in the person of the Sadhu at Shoulmari Ashram.

3. Attention is invited to Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 131 by Shri Nawab Singh Chauhan. In the Government of India reply to that question which was asked on the 13th November 1962 it was mentioned that the Ashram authorities had on their own declared ~~that~~ that the Sadhu was not Netaji and had requested the public as well as the Government to leave the Sadhu undisturbed. In our Note for Supplementaries in connection with that Parliament Question it was mentioned that since the Sadhu was leading a secluded life and was not coming into contact with the public openly, it was not considered desirable or practicable to institute any special enquiries into the question of identity and antecedents of the Sadhu.

4. We may show this file to the Ministry of Home Affairs for any possible assistance that they might be able to derive from it for answering the present Parliament Question.

17.12.64.

US(C)II ✓

Blagarnal
17/11

Min of Home Affairs (Poll-II)

MEA U.D. No. C/551(25)64-JP, Dt. 18-12-64.

M. H. A

Poll II Sec.

Ref: E. A. Ministry's note above.

Sem; thanks.

KH
20.12.64

Replied

24/12/64

C. Supu

24/12/64

15965-C/64
29/12
W
18/12
10, 0
19/12
S. R.
28/12
S. R.
28/12

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS NEW DELHI O. B. No. 2032 18 DEC 1964 Dy. No.

2.100/64

ME A

(A. Bhandari)

26-12-64

Ministry of Home Affairs
Political II Section

Dy.9111/64
PUC

In the enclosure to the PUC reference is made to the propaganda now being made by ~~xxxxxxxxxx~~ some to the effect that the Sadhu of Shaulmari Ashram is none other than Netaji Subhash Bose. ~~Enclosure~~ A request has been made to the effect that an enquiry be made again into the death of Netaji Bose. This appears to be the concern of the E. A. Ministry to whom these papers may be transferred for disposal.

10/11/64
26-11-64

Refuse

26/11

1/3(P1)

28/11

belong

Geopu

28/11/64

W

26/11 (NR)

Ministry of External Affairs (China Division)

D-9111/64
MHA, UO, No. Pol. II, dt. 2-12-64.

S.R.
21/12

14652/c/64
4/11/64

Kindly let us have the English translation of the attached letter.

10/11/64
4/12/64

Dr. D. S. Chatterjee

350

Encl. 1/1

9/11

Dy. No. 2645/H/64
Olt. 5/12/64

13/12/64

13/12/64

20/12

28/12

20/12

S.R.

21/12

1/3(P1)

Our file on the subject was sent to the MHA on 18.12.64. Its return may be awaited before any action can be taken.

from surby

on the FR.

1/2
27/11

✓ usg(xii)

Pl. put up when file is received
back

PB
28/11

S.R.

D. 14652-464 --- (9) FR

The FR embodies a request from one Shri Hemant Kumar M. Solangi of Chittorgarh that Govt. of India agree to the setting up ^{of} another enquiry committee, which should be judicial in character, to go into the circumstances leading to Netaji's disappearance in 1945, so that the doubts that continue to arise in the minds of the public in regard to the mystery can be removed.

2. It may be mentioned that in 1956 the Government of India appointed a Committee to enquire into the matter, consisting of

1. Shri Shah Nawaz Khan,
2. Shri Suresh Chandra Bose, elder brother of Netaji Subhash Bose, and
3. Shri S. N. Maitra, I.C.S.

The Report of the Committee was signed by the first member and the third, while Shri Suresh Bose submitted a dissentient report. While the Report submitted by Shri Shah Nawaz Khan and Shri Maitra was published, that of Shri Suresh Bose was not considered fit for publication. The first-mentioned Report ~~xxxix~~ leads to the conclusion that Subhas Bose died as a result of the air-crash on 16th August, 1945. Suresh Bose differed widely from this and raised serious objections to the validity of the conclusion reached by the other members of the Enquiry Committee.

18?

from pre-page.

3. The dissentient report was examined and it was found that it was motivated by considerations other than those of arriving at the truth. The main argument which rested on the assumption that since there was no ^{absolutely} conclusive proof of Netaji having succumbed to death as a result of the crash and since there was no complete correspondence amongst the statements of the various witnesses in regard to the details of the occurrence the only valid conclusion that could be drawn was that Netaji was alive was not found to hold in the face of reality. Apart from the findings of the other members of the enquiry committee, even ordinary intelligence refuses to admit that a man of Netaji's dynamism could lie inactive all these years were he alive.

4. Mainly prompted by the dissentient~~ing~~ report of Shri Suresh Bose, there have been requests for the setting up of a second committee which should have leading men of judiciary as its members so that it could give a report that would be above doubt and suspicion. It appears very doubtful if it would be convenient or even desirable to revive the question now when the country is faced with far more real and important problems.

5. Submitted for consideration. Netaji Inquiry Committee Report, ~~and~~ file No.24(17)-FEA/56 dealing with the subject and File No.24(20)-FEA/56 containing Suresh Bose's dissentient report and Government's examination thereof are placed below for perusal.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS
NEW DELHI
C. R. No. 1490-9
21/11/1965
11.1.65.
✓ US(C) II

We may show this file to
the MHA
Bhagwan
11/1/65

Ministry of Home Affairs (P.L. II)

MHA No. M. C/551(25)/64 - JP. Dr. 11-1-65/R

347/65
13/1
G-Respk.
137

M. H. A.
Poll II Sec.

Ref: Notes from page 5 ante

Sam; thanks.

KLB
9.2.65

Rejisti

9/2

JS(P)

Pl. put up the file in which
we recently read a report from
the Govt. of West Bengal

C. S. P. M.
10/2/65

W
19/2

Submitted with our F. No. 22/52/64-Poll II.
Material furnished by the West Bengal Govt. in
connection with a Parliament Question on the
subject is at S. No. 6 of that file.

KLB
10.2.65

Rejisti

10/2

JS(P)

JS(P) may also please see

with ref. to notes from p. 6 ante, before

we return these papers to the G.A.

+ I. B.

Ministry. West Bengal Govt. have confirmed

that the Sadhu of Shankhari Ashram is

not Subhas Chandra Bose. The Sadhu is leading

the life of a recluse and the West Bengal

Govt. have not considered it necessary or

desirable to interfere with his privacy

and life of meditation.

Joint Secretary	
M. H. A.	
No. 3331/65	15/2
14/2	

Plans to
PPS-1/65
Slip K

+ Slip K
PPS-1/65

C. S. P. M.
15/2/65

JS(P)

Chatterjee

Car
16/2/65
only

Ministry of External Affairs (R. BP Aperiodal)

D-347/65 17-2-65
R.A. U.O. No. P.A. No.

W.S. (Ct) ✓
S.R. ✓
W.S. ✓
R.P. ✓

R.P.
19/2 ✓

2908-9/65
18/2

Ministry of Home Affairs
Political II Section

Dy. 9975/64 (R) U. O. No. 18412_P(1)/64, dt. 15-12-64
from the Prime Minister's Sectt.

We may, in the first instance, request the
PIB to let us have the relevant ~~xxxx~~ clippings from
the Amrita Bazar Patrika vide paras 2 and 3 of Shri
Bhattacharjee's letter.

19-12-64

Rejoni

19/12

ms(Pr)

C. K. Prasad

21.12.64

✓ Press Information Bureau

D-9975/64 22-12-64
M.H.A. U.O. No. 18412_P(1)/64 Pol. II Sectt.

Reference notes above.

The relevant clipping is
attached below.

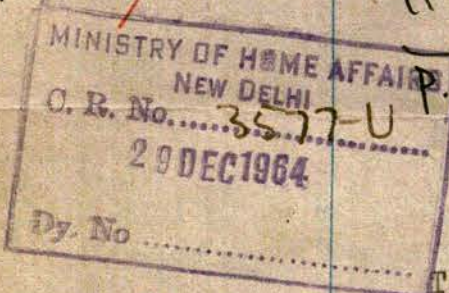
1/12
29/12/64

P. M. S. S.
29/12

A. I. O.

File II 10366/64
30/12

Ministry of Home Affairs. (Political
II Section).



P. I. B. Dy. No. 2689/64-Rev dt. 29.12.64

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS.

We have no other papers on the subject.
This matter, however, concerns primarily the
Ministry of External Affairs to whom these papers
may be passed on for appropriate action.

21/1/65
Rejoni
2.1.65
ms(Pr)

C. K. Prasad
4.1.65

Ministry of External Affairs

M.H.A. U.O. No. 10366/64 Pol. II Sectt.

4-1-65

Refer. S.No. (10)

FR is a copy to PM of one
Shri D.N. Bhattacharjee's letter addressed
to the President of India requesting for
the setting up of a fresh enquiry commission
to go into the question of "Nefaji Episode".

2. We have already apprised the ^{Home} Ministry
of our views in the letter vide note
at pt. 6-7/W ante. It does not appear
necessary to refer the file again to the
Ministry. DSC(c) may also kindly see.

800/DSC/65

SP
2/1/5
uscc(ii)
DSC(c) ✓

BPAgent
22.2.65

A simple ack. may be sent.

MHL
26/2

uscc(ii) ✓ action
27/2 ✓

SP
27/2 ✓

Draft ack. is put up.

SP
23/2 ✓
uscc(ii) ✓

BPAgent
2/3

S.No. (11) = Issue

1835.

BRAGG 19/3

~~us(c)it~~

51. 2/3

D. 9866-465 . . . (13): FR

Submitted for perusal.

30/6/65

Bozanne
3/7

~~✓ use II~~

SR

D. 10334 - 465 (14): PR

Submitted on file.

2/7/65

Aslagarune 8/7

usci

SR

~~Transferred~~ (D. 10821-465 - - - (15): FR)

"On the 1st of May 1850"

Pl. put up before.

Sd-B-P. Agnew

Submitted on file.

19/7/65

издѣ

17/7/45

$\frac{517}{505}$
 $(2) 20$

~~to new file~~

No 4125/4/5/JP

512
2317

B- Priority

Pl. put up all inquiries ^(with ~~these~~ answers)
on Netaji asked in the Parliament
so far.

B. Aggarwal
22/7

S.R.

Pl. open a
separate file
on Parl. Question
and put up
in the discreet
box

22/7

file put.

1/2
2/2

S.O
Shri Sodhi

D. 1.628-4/65 - - - (15) - Receipt

"K. file."

Sh. B. Aggarwal
16/7

D. 1.721-4/65 - - - (16) - Receipt

"K. file."

Sh. B. Aggarwal
16/7

D. 11204-4/65 - - - (17) - Receipt

"K. file."

Sh. B. Aggarwal
27/7

D. 12596-4/65 - - - (18) - FR

"On file & us(c) / DSC(c)"

Recd. K.T.B
24/8

Submitted on file.

1/2
27/8

us(c)
DSC(c)

B. Aggarwal
27/8

State Govt's letter may be ack'd.

us(c)

Pl. put up ^{fair} _{ack} on 28/8

2795-4/65
131- us(c) 1/65.

S.R.

from the file

-14-

For ack: is put up for signature.

SPZ
30/8/65

✓ used

SPZ
30/8/65

(19): less

S. No (20)

Ref. attached letter from Shri Amiya Nath Bose

Spoken to DS(Poll). As to A. Thiruvengadam are dealing with this, the papers may be shown to them for appropriate action. Before doing so pl. ascertain the H.M.'s Personal Section whether Shri Bose met H.M. and also whether any note was recorded about this.

Csufm
27/8/65

13283-C/65
10/9

W
27/8

S. 5860 / 65-66
11/9

S.P.
Kus
10/9

H.M.'s personal section may please see U.S.(P)'s note above and kindly let us have the relevant information.

Kus
31/8-65
Pajni
31/8

H.M.P

Jan
11/9

I have checked our records. Shri Amiya Nath Bose did not meet H.M.

PAK/OT

Aug
2/9/65
Kus(P.)
31/8/65

M.E.A

Sources

From ms

Ministry of External Affairs
Chief Division

Submitted on file.

ms
13/9/65

BBG game
13/9

us

D. 13312-4/65 --- (21): FR

"On file to us (4)."

Lt. K.T.B.
10/9

Submitted on file.

ms
14/9/65

Pl. put up cyclostyled
acknowledgements

us

BBG game
14/9

Only one ^{of the} letters bears the address
of the sender. For him fair cyclostyled
acknowledgement is put up for
signature, as desired.

SPR

ms
15/2/65

BBG
16/9

us
So(c)

(22): Issue

D. 13410 - c/65 - - - (23): FR

"Pl. put up cyclostylded acknowledgements on file."

Sd B.P. Agarwal
11/9

Fair acknowledgements placed below for S.O.'s signatures. AGC need not be troubled.

Sr
17/9/65.

S.O. (c)

for Salami
17/9.

S. no. (24 to 26): Issue

D. 14409 + c/65 (27) Receipt.

"Pl. put up routine ack on file"

(Sd) B.P. Agarwal
7/10

Fair acknowledgements placed below for S.O.'s signature

for Salami
12/10.

N.P.
12/10

S.O. (c)

SR

Min. of Exch. Affs
Emp. Secy.

The file passed to Mr.
No C/551/25/64/JP, borrowed
from Chris Dr. is
returned ~~to him~~ with

22547/25/65
17/11

thanks

- LG Secy
80.
17/11

Drift

Ch. East Asia Division

D-16196-C/65 Ex(30) Reuplt

Fair acknowledgement is submitted
for signature.

19/11/65
US(C-E)

W. M. + 1

Ex(31) - Issue

D-17993-CAO/65 Ex(32) Reuplt

Filed
18/12/65

D-18215-C/65

SA (33)

Receipt

We may inform Sh. Maikap that no permission is required for giving publicity to such material.

A draft is submitted for approval.

al

21/12/65

~~US (EA)~~ I think we may reply as in the D.P.1. DS (EA) may please see before issue. Attention is also invited to the note of the PM's Secretariat on the F.R.

Agreed

As agreed
22/11

~~DS (EA)~~

~~Advocate~~

22/11

~~DS (EA)~~

pl. issue

22/11

SA (34) - Issue

Ministry of External Affairs

18702-EAD/65

Sn(35)

Reply

Pl. put up with the report of the reply.

Sd/- Swaran Singh
18/12

J.S. (XPL)

Please put up a copy of the statement & a draft reply.

Sd/- I.J. Bahadur Singh
20/12

U.S. (CPL)

The relevant portion is at flag 'A'. A draft reply is also placed below for approval.

Mischadhe
(S.M.S. CHADHA)
21.12.1965

7044-JS(XPL)/65

JS(XPL)

JS Bahadur
21/12

F.M.
22/12

2649/FM/65
22/12

JS(XPL)

JS Bahadur
23/12

Swaran Singh
22/12

US(CPL)

Issue the letter.
Mischadhe
24/12

Last.

7-532/65
28/12/65

Sn(36) - Issue

Letter issued
27/12/65

Parliament Sec.

18702/EAD/65
29/12/65

East Asia Div. may please take over these papers for their record as they are dealing with the subject.

29/12/65

Dugh
bin
29/12

US(CPL)

E.A. Div.

① SEPA & B

Dugh
31/12

US(EA) may kindly see the two letters at S-Nos (35) & (36) for information

30/12/65

US(EA)

Mischadhe
28/12

Pragarnal
31/12/65



(1)

12210 - C/64 (1)

EMBASSY OF INDIA IN JAPAN
TOKYO

L.S.R.
9/12

No.FS/24/64

10th October, 1964

My dear *Kutty*

I enclose a copy of a statement made by one Mr. Juichi Nakamura, on the death of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose.

2. This statement was recorded in May 1956 and perhaps a copy of this is already available in the Ministry's archives. Mr. Nakamura appears to have been an eye witness of the last events of Netaji's life and his statement therefore is of some historical value to us. I feel that it would be better if this document is placed in our records either in the Historical Division or with the National Archives of India.

3. I am sending the statement to you so that you may consider suitable action regarding its custody.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

J.N. Dixit
(J.N. DIXIT)

Shri M. Kutty,
Under Secretary (C),
Ministry of External Affairs,
New Delhi.

I first went to Formosa with my family about 20 years ago. I stayed there till April 1946 when all the Japanese were evacuated from Formosa. I used to work in a commercial firm but as I knew English my services were requisitioned from time to time by the Government when any distinguished visitor or tourist came to Taiwan. I was employed in the Foreign Office in Taiwan for about one year before the end of the war.

I knew Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose well. In all, I met him about 4 times. During that time, all the planes bound for Tokyo used to touch at Taihoku. The last time when I met Netaji (i.e. the time before this accident took place) was, I think, in the same year, i.e. 1945. On that visit he stopped at Taihoku while on his way to Tokyo for one or two days. After his visit to Tokyo he again stopped at Taihoku for two or three days. We had dinner together on that occasion, at the Railway Hotel where he used to stay every time he passed through Taipei. In my diary which I used to maintain at that time, I made entries about the date and time of his arrival but unfortunately all these

(3)

records were lost when I was being evacuated from Formosa.

I remember clearly that on 18th August 1945, the accident took place in which Netaji was involved. At about 5-30 P.M. on 18th August 1945, a Military Officer came to my house in a car and asked me to accompany him to the hospital. I left for the hospital. On arrival there, I was taken inside by a military soldier. When I entered the room, I saw Captain Yoshimi, the Chief Medical Officer of the Hospital and he told me that the person who was lying on the bed was His Excellency Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose. The name of the hospital was Nammon Rikugun Byoin (Nammon means South gate). The room in which Netaji was lying on the bed was a large room approximately 60 F.T long - 60th ft. wide. The portion in which Netaji was lying was screened off. In the same room at some distance (45 ft.) from him were lying three Japanese officers who had been injured in the same accident. At that time, I thought that they were members of the crew of the crashed plane. When I first saw Netaji, the whole of his face and head were bandaged. The only portions of his face that were visible were his eyes, mouth and nose. Since the whole of his body from neck downwards was covered by a thin cloth, I could not see if it was bandaged. I could see both his hands which were bandaged, in the same room

I saw Col. Rehman. His bed was about 3 ft. away from Netaji's bed. I came and stood by Netaji's bed. Netaji was saying something in a low tone. I requested Col. Rehman to come nearer and listen to what he was saying. I remember the first words that Netaji uttered were:-

" A few more of my men are coming after me. Please take care of them when they come to Formosa."

About half an hour or one hour after this, he asked Col. Rehman "Where is General Shidei?" I did not know where General Shidei was. The Japanese Medical Officer present there said that General Shidei was being taken care of in another hospital. I had no acquaintance with General Shidei before.

The 3rd statement which Netaji made was that he had a feeling that blood was rushing to his head from his waist. He made this statement about 30 or 40 minutes afterwards.

Every time that I saw Netaji's mouth commencing to move, I used to request Col. Rehman to come near and to listen carefully to what he was saying. I cannot remember what the doctor did when Netaji said that blood was coming to his head but I think he gave some treatment. I cannot remember accurately. Soon after 9 or 9-30 P.M. the last words that Netaji spoke were:-

65

"I want to sleep". During all this time, not a word of complaint either of pain or suffering came from his lips. The Japanese officers at the other end of the room were groaning with pain and crying out that they may be killed rather than continue to endure their suffering. This composure of Netaji surprised all of us. After this, he started snoring. This went on for about 10 minutes or may be longer, I cannot remember correctly. Then his head fell forward towards the chest and that was the last. The doctor told us that he was dead. At the time when Netaji breathed his last, the following were present:-

Dr. Yoshimi

Col. Rehman.

6 or 7 soldiers. (These included
some medical
orderlies.)

and myself.

There was no nurse or anybody else in that room at that time.

After Netaji died, all the Japanese stand in one line and saluted Netaji's body. Col. Rehman came and knelt by Netaji's bed and prayed for about 5 or 6 minutes. After 5 or 6 minutes, he opened the window of that room and Col. Rehman prayed again for about 10 minutes looking towards the sky and then he came to his own bed and laid down.

10 or 20 minutes after

16

we had finished praying to Netaji's body, I left for my home. The next day I came to the hospital in the afternoon. It might have been 1 or 2 P.M. when I returned to the hospital, I found that Netaji's body had been put in a wooden coffin. The relative position of Netaji's bed and Col. Rehman's bed, the coffin and the beds of Japanese officers is shown in the attached sketch plan of the room which is marked Exhibit A. When I returned to the hospital, I found Netaji's body had been put in the coffin and moved about 10 ft. away from his bed. The screen which had been originally put to isolate Netaji and Col. Rehman was also removed. When I went to the hospital on the second day, I found one Japanese sentry standing at the entrance to the room where Netaji's coffin was kept. The sentry did not have a rifle. I saw two Japanese Officers standing inside the room. I saw Col. Rehman on his bed. On the second day, i.e. on the 19th of August in the afternoon when I returned to the hospital, Col. Rehman told me that he had had discussions with senior Japanese officers and they had decided to cremate his body. On the third day, i.e. on the 20th August, the body was taken to the crematorium. We arrived at the crematorium from the hospital at about noon time. It took us about 20 minutes by car to reach

(7)

the crematorium. From the hospital we went to the crematorium in two or three cars. The coffin was carried in an ambulance car. We deliberately did not encourage a large number of persons to go to the crematorium as news about Netaji's death was kept a secret and was known only to the high ranking Military officers and no body else. I do not remember the names of other persons who went in those two or three cars to the crematorium. I only remember the name of Major Nagatomo and Col. Rehman who went to the crematorium. I do not remember the other persons with me in the car, but I think I was not alone, may be I was in the same car with Col. Rehman. At that time since all of us were in a confused state of mind, I cannot remember things clearly. I cannot say exactly the number of officers who went to the crematorium in those 2 or 3 cars. In all there were 5 or 6 civilians and Military officers in those 2 or 3 cars. From the hospital, we went to the crematorium direct without going to any other place. At the crematorium we found that about 15 soldiers were already there. On arrival at the crematorium, the soldiers took off the coffin and carried it to the furnace. The crematorium was a large sized hall with furnace in the middle.

(8)

The hall, as far as I remember, was approximately 16 ft. by 16 ft. as shown in sketch B and the furnace marked I therein. From the entrance of the hall, the soldiers carried the coffin on their ^{S.H. D. 10/25/53} soldiers inside and placed it in the sliding tray in the furnace and after closing the door of the furnace, they came out and told us that they had placed the coffin in position in the furnace. The soldiers went out and we, who were waiting outside went inside the hall. Col. Rehman was in the front. I was next to him. The other gentlemen totalling about 5 followed us. We went and stood in front of the furnace marked 2. All of us stayed there and saluted. After paying our respects, we went to the back side of the furnace where we found the priest standing with burning incense sticks (aggarbattis) in his hand. He wanted to hand over a stick to Col. Rehman but as he could not hold it, I took the stick and placed it in Col. Rehman's hands. Col. Rehman held it between the edge of his palms since he could not hold in his fingers and placed it in the hole which was located at the rear of the furnace. I took the next incense stick and put it down the same hall and everybody else followed likewise. After finishing this ceremony, Col. Rehman

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Rehman came out of the hall. I followed and so did the others. I went home in a separate car and I think Col. Rehman went back to the hospital. As we came out of the entrance of the crematorium, the caretaker told us to come there the following day, at about noon time. The next day, i.e. on the 21st August at about noon time, I arrived at the crematorium. Col. Rehman was there already. At the crematorium besides Col. Rehman, I saw about 15 soldiers and some officers. In all, there were about 20 persons present. One of the employees of the crematorium asked us to come in. Col. Rehman led; I was next to him; 2 or 3 high-ranking Japanese officers followed. As on the previous day, we went and stood in front of the door of the furnace and saluted. The employee opened the furnace door, pulled out the sliding tray. The bones though completely burnt, retained their shape and form. Then some body brought a 10" cubical box, made of cedar wood and of light cream colour. A special kind of chop-sticks about 10" long is used for picking up burnt bones and ashes in crematoriums. This chop-stick was brought by a priest attached to a temple nearby the crematorium. As Col. Rehman's hands were bandaged and he could not hold the stick properly, I

(10)

helped him to pick the burnt bones and ashes of Metaji by holding the lower part of the chop-stick and picked up the burnt bones and ashes while Col. Rehman's hands touched the upper parts of the same stick. Col Rehman did the same-way 2 times. In this way, I picked up the burnt bones and ashes first from the throat bone and later from the lower jaw bone. After that I picked up more burnt bones and ashes. A Japanese Military officer also picked up some burnt bones and ashes. These burnt bones and ashes were collected from different parts of the body and placed in the wooden urn which was thus filled up. In the process of picking up the ashes, the bones which had so far retained their shape had lost it. After the box was full, the employee of the crematorium carried it outside to the hall. We followed him. Just outside the entrance of the crematorium, the box was placed on a table. Then the soldiers installed it and covered it in a white cloth as is generally done when collecting ashes of Japanese. We wanted Col. Rehman to carry the urn from a cloth slung round his neck but since the back of his neck was burnt and bandaged, he could not do so and requested me to put the cloth slung round my neck and carry the ashes. I did so.

(11)

From there, I carried the ashes in this manner straight to the temple. From the crematorium to the hospital, Col. Rehman and I went in the same car. It took about 25 minutes to reach there. The temple was located near the hospital. The name of the temple was Vishi (West) Honganji temple. It is the biggest temple in Formosa. Only Col. Rehman and I went to the temple. We handed over the urn containing the ashes to the head priest of the temple. When we entered the temple, I saw another white urn near the shrine. On asking the priest I learnt that that urn contained the ashes of General Shidei. The priest asked me whose ashes we had brought. I told him that I could not tell him the name as I did not have the permission to tell him but I told him that those were very valuable ashes of a person of a higher status than General Shidei. I requested the priest to keep those ashes at a higher level than General Shidei's and to put new flowers every morning. After handing over the ashes to the priest, Col. Rehman and I left the temple. I went to my house and Col. Rehman to the hospital. The hospital to which Col. Rehman returned was the same hospital in which I had seen him first.

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I returned to the temple two or three hours later to satisfy myself whether the priest had carried out my request. When I went there, I found that he had made arrangements exactly in accordance with my request. I then returned to the hospital and reported to Col. Rehman that Netaji's ashes had been installed properly. Then Col. Rehman and I went together to the temple to see the urn. Col. Rehman knelt before the ashes and prayed. After that, I returned with him to the hospital gate. Col. Rehman seemed satisfied with the arrangements that had been made for the safe custody of Netaji's ashes.

Sometime later in September I met Col. Rehman in Hokuto Hot Spring Town Branch of Hannon Hospital. Hokuto Branch of the hospital is nearly 40 minutes drive by car from Hannon Hospital. At the time when I met Col. Rehman on this occasion, he was very much better and in good health. We had tea and cakes together. That is the last time I met Col. Rehman.

Since that day I have not been interrogated by any body regarding Netaji. I did not give anything

4N

about him in the papers either.

Question by Shri Maitra: Do you know what happened to the ashes?

Reply: I understand that the ashes were brought over by Col. Rehman to Japan.

Question: What was the object of keeping the ashes in the Honganji temple?

Reply: The idea was that it was a suitable place for keeping the ashes till such time as Col. Rehman took them to Japan.

Question: What are you doing now?

Reply: I now lead a retired life; occasionally I teach English to school boys.

Question by the Chairman: When you came before this Committee, were you asked by any body to appear?

Reply: On 27th of May I received a long telegram from the Foreign Office asking me to come to Tokyo to give evidence before the Cttee. I replied to them the same day and also sent a telegram to my daughter telling her that I was coming to Tokyo.

Interpreted by Mr. Rahman.

Admitted Correct.

S. Sakamura

Mr. Nakamura,
Interpreter.

Note: This witness could not be traced by the Japanese Foreign Office and it was by chance that his daughter, now Mrs. Hojima, one day rang up office and told us that her father was very keen to meet the Committee but that since he was too old, he might not be able to come to Tokyo. The Committee, thereupon requested the Foreign Office to find out from Mr. Nakamura if it would be possible for him to come to Tokyo failing which the Committee would go to his home town in Kyushu to meet him. Mr. Nakamura is 71 years old and he decided to come and appear before the Committee himself.

(2)

No. D. 12210 - C/64

October 17, 1964

My dear Mani,

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. FS/12/64 dated the 10th October, 1964 enclosing a copy of the statement made by Mr. Juichi Nakamura on the death of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose.

2. I am sure the Subhash Bose Enquiry Committee, during its visit to Tokyo in 1956, would have recorded the statement of Mr. Nakamura. I am, however, checking it up from the copy of the report available with us.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

(M. Kutty)

Shri J.N. Dixit,
First Secretary,
Embassy of India,
TOKYO.

J. K. S. S. S.
19/10

S.H.
Received at 3.30
ISSUED
19.10.64

(3)

CONFIDENTIAL

(16)

Ministry of Home Affairs
Political II Section

Dy. 8695/64 and 8696/64 U. O. No. F.1/7/63-V, dt.
26-10-64 from the PIB,
Govt. of India, Varanasi.

For information.

May be shown to E. A. Ministry also who are
concerned with ~~enquiry~~ the point raised by Shri A. N.
Bose.

K.S.
7-11-64

Refers

7/11

ASOP

9/11

G. S. P.

9.11.64

Ministry of E A (Shri Bhandari S.O).

D-8696/64 9-11-64
M.H.A. U.O. No. 8696/64

Pl. enc. put up in the en-
file as well as Lab 7 & on
Parliament Question file

W.D. 11/11/64

S.R.

12/11
W.D. 11/11/64

13306-C/64

S.R.

RANCHI.

29.6.65

From:- Indrajit- Moulik.

Qr. No. B $\frac{258}{2}$, 17603. *Pink*

P.O. DHURWA,

RANCHI.

Respected Sir,

I have gone through the articles of
Dr. S.N. Sinha on the mystery of Netaji
Subhas chandra Basu in daily Anand
Bazar Patrika.

I may kindly be confirmed about

The existence of
Netaji Subhas Ch.
Bose, as it is told by
Dr. Sinha; if not,
why Dr. Sinha is not
charged for canva-
sing these immaterial
things.

Thanking you,
yours obediently
Maulili
29/6/65

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526



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माननीय श्री लालबहादुर शास्त्री,
प्रधान मंत्री,
भारतीय गणराज्य,
नई-दिल्ली ।

प्रेषक- मंत्री,
समाजवादी अध्ययन केन्द्र,
डॉ. ०२४।२३, पांडेघाट,
वाराणसी-१



✓ 6119/6026.8

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-II

the Ministry of

Forwarded to

Home affairs, New Delhi.

for disposal.

The communication has been/not been
acknowledged.

for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 12663

dated.....

P.M.S. I.

✓ 6201/65 Pol. g
16/7

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Forwarded to the Ministry of Home

Affairs, New Delhi,
.....
.....

for disposal.

The communication has ~~been~~/not been
acknowledged.

P. Narayan
Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister
(over)

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 38380-H-65

dated..... 9 JUL 1965

W/ 12/11
P.M.S. I.

GMGIPND-IS-15 P. M. Sectt.-J.C. 1823-14-8-64-40,000.

Hindu Standard May 22, 1945

Government Urged To Solve Netaji Mystery

9291 (E)
65

Mr. Hemanta Kumar Basu, M.L.A., Chairman, All India Forward Bloc, in the course of a statement, says.

Attention of the people of India has again been drawn to the mystery of Netaji. The people have never accepted that Netaji is dead.

We have declared time without number that the finding of the Shah Nawaz Enquiry Committee cannot be accepted, and it has been rejected by the people. It has been proved beyond doubt that Netaji did not die of the so-called air crash at Taihoku Air Port in Formosa in 1945. What happened to him afterwards are not known to us.

Distinguished persons both at home and abroad have said that Netaji has not died and he is alive. Recently some new information has been supplied by Dr. Satyanarayan Sinha, a colleague of Netaji, about the disappearance of Netaji.

It is, therefore, our national responsibility to find out how Netaji disappeared and what happened to him after his disappearance, where he has gone and where he is now. We cannot keep the entire thing in darkness for an indefinite period. There must be an end to all kinds of speculation.

If after a foolproof enquiry it is established that Netaji is dead, we shall engage ourselves to the task of a fitting memory to the leader. If on the other hand, it is proved that he is alive, we must find him out and welcome him to the leadership of the nation.

I, therefore, urge upon our Government, both in the State and in the Centre, to take the initiative to form a new Enquiry Committee to probe into the air mystery of Netaji. I also appeal to my countrymen to come forward to support the demand of a new enquiry in this matter.

SR

3. The Indian reactionaries have for years made use of the Sino-Indian border dispute and flaunted the anti-China banner to solicit money and guns from U.S. imperialism and its followers to engage in military expansions on all points of the compass and to intensify suppression of the democratic forces at home. U.S. imperialism and its followers, on their part, have energetically supported the Indian reactionaries by giving them money and guns to encourage India's arms expansion and war preparations. They have done so not only to make India a pawn in the anti-China crusade, but to back India in bullying its neighbouring countries so as to carry out their evil schemes of making Asians fight Asians and disrupting Afro-Asian solidarity. Events show that India's neighbours have often been subjected to its bullying and interference. This perverse line of action followed by the Indian Government has made itself more isolated than ever before in the world and intensely hated by its own people. Yet it still hypocritically tries to present itself as peaceable, neutral and non-aligned. This can deceive no one. Now, the Indian Government has provoked the border conflict with Pakistan and tries to villify China, with a view to stirring up tension and distracting the attention of its people. It will never succeed in this.

4. The Chinese Government strongly condemns the big-nation chauvinist and expansionist policy of the Indian Govt. We would like to advise the Indian Government to give primary consideration to the interests of the Indian people and to Afro-Asian solidarity, and thereby, settle its disputes with the neighbouring countries through peaceful negotiations. If, instead, it insists on having its own way and, playing with the fire, widens the armed conflict, it will certainly come to no good end.

Hindusthan Standard June 21-1965

9779-C/65

SM (55)

NETAJI

A series of articles regarding Netaji has been published in Hindusthan Standard. Thanks to Dr. Satyanarayan Sinha, who spared no pains to make inquiries about Netaji. The proofs he has placed before us are important. Only his ceaseless efforts have enabled us to have a clear and vivid idea about Netaji's whereabouts.

The report of the Shah Nawaz Inquiry Committee has thus been disproved. This report was definitely influenced by the personality cult. But, now it is quite clear from Dr. Sinha's articles that Netaji is alive and in banishment in Siberia.

The Stalin Cult is over in Russia and since then the policy of the Soviet Government has changed much. It is time for our Government to request the Soviet Government for information about our national hero, Netaji. In this regard the valuable information given by Dr. Sinha may be taken as the light leading to Netaji's whereabouts.— ARUN DAS, Mangaldai, Assam.

Hindustan Standard

929046
May 21, 1945

(53)

SN

New Light On Netaji, Demand For Fresh Probe

PATNA, MAY 20.—Mr. K. Haldulkar, General Secretary, All-India Forward Bloc, demanded a judicial inquiry to find the facts about Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose vis-a-vis the air crash at Taihoku, P.T.I. reports. The inquiry committee should be headed by a Supreme Court judge, he added.

Mr. Haldulkar in a written statement issued here yesterday said that "from further evidence available in hand through various sources it is becoming crystal clear that Netaji did not die in the air crash at Taihoku and that a fake air crash was announced by the then Japanese government to hoodwink the Americans."

The proposed inquiry committee, Mr. Haldulkar said, should approach the Soviet government and other governments where Netaji was supposed to have lived after his escape from Formosa in 1945.

2. It is common knowledge that the India-Pakistan border in Rann of Kutch has never been delimited, the area is a disputed territory left behind by history. The India-Pakistan agreement on West Pakistan-India border disputes signed by the two sides in New Delhi on January 11, 1960, clearly stipulates that Rann is one of the disputed territories on the India-Pakistan border and that the two countries agree to study the relevant material and hold discussions later with a view to arriving at a settlement. However, the Indian Government has gone back on the agreement and claimed that the area is Indian territory and that there is no dispute about it. It has sent troops to occupy the area and carried out armed provocation against Pakistan. This is the crux of the present India-Pakistan border conflict. Such action on the part of the Indian Government once again shows up India's big-nation chauvinism and expansionism. The position of the Indian Government on border disputes with neighbouring countries has always been truculent and unreasonable and one of rejecting peaceful negotiations. The logic of the Indian Government is: "My territory is mine, yours is also mine; the places I occupy are mine and those I want to occupy are also mine".

In the prolonged Sino-Indian border dispute and repeated Sino-Indian border conflicts, the Chinese Government has long had experience of the big-nation chauvinist and expansionist logic of the Indian ruling circles. The Chinese Government and people fully sympathise with and support the solemn and just stand of the Pakistan Government in opposing the Indian policy of military expansion and advocating settlement of the border dispute through peaceful negotiations.

Tribune

May 17, 1945

(52)

SR

8838-9

65

SHOLMARI SADHU IS NETAJI

Appearance Soon, Says Old Associate

PATIALA, May 18 (FOC).—Mr. Uttam Chand Malhotra who claims to be an old associate of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose, told a Press conference here today that the Sadhu in Sholmari Ashram was, in fact, Netaji and that he was expected to unfold his identity in another three months when all legal limitations against him will cease to operate. Mr. Malhotra said that he had an interview with the Sadhu sometime ago and was fully convinced about his being Netaji. He said that Netaji had visited Delhi on the occasion of the death of the Jawaharlal Nehru in the garb of a Sadhu. He showed the photographs of the Sadhu at the late Prime Minister's residence. He said that some newspapers had at that time described the Sadhu as some Buddhist from Viet Nam.

complete prohibition and thorough destruction of nuclear weapons and that, as the first step, the summit conference should reach an agreement to the effect that the nuclear powers and those countries which may soon become nuclear powers undertake not to use nuclear weapons, neither to use them against non-nuclear countries and nuclear-free zones, nor against each other".

It is the common aspiration of all peace-loving countries and people of the world to prevent a nuclear war and eliminate nuclear weapons. The Chinese Government sincerely hopes that its proposal will be given favourable consideration and positive response by your Government.

Please accept the assurances of my highest consideration.

ANNEX: Text of the Statement of the Government of the People's Republic of China dated October 16, 1964.

.....

Pol. Sec. 8695/64
6/11/67

PRESS INFORMATION BUREAU
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
VARANASI

नेता जी के संबंध में जांच कमीशन नियुक्त हो

नेताजी की मृत्यु नहीं हुई

शौलमारी के संत नेताजी नहीं

Under above captions, all the four Hindi dailies of Varanasi have covered the press Conference of Mr. Amiya Nath Bose, nephew of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and general Secretary of the Netaji Hall Society. Mr. Bose has urged the Government of India to constitute a body of enquiry consisting of eminent judges of India to go into the whole question right from Netaji's disappearance to the ~~plane~~ crash at Taihoko (Japan), in which Netaji was stated to have been killed. This was necessary for the removal of the mis-understanding among the mind of a section of the people, created by Mr. Uttam Chand Malhotra and his associates, connected with the Shaulmari Ashram.

(Clippings are attached).

S. N. Misra

(S.N. Misra)

for Assistant Information Officer.

Headquarters:- H.S.

Varanasi Office. u.o.No.F. 1/7/63-V., dated October 26, 1964.

श्रीमती सहगल

11269/1000/2/63
5/11

D.O. (Home)

28/10

Recd

5/11

नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोसके संबंध में जांच कमीशन नियुक्त हो

नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोसके भतीजे श्री अमिय
बोसकी पत्रकारोंसे वार्ता

नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोसके भतीजे और नेताजी हाल सोसाइटीके जनरल सेक्रेटरी श्री अमियनाथ बोसने सरकारसे अनुरोध किया है कि नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोसके गायब होनेसे लेकर शङ्कहोकी (जापान) में हुई विमान दुर्घटनाकी जांच कराये जिसमें नेताजीके मरनेकी बात कही जाती है। इस जांच कार्यके लिए सरकार प्रख्यात जजोंकी एक जांच समिति गठित करे।

आपने कहा कि शैलमारी आश्रमसे सम्बन्धित लोगों तथा श्री उत्तम चन्द्र मल-होत्रा द्वारा जनताके एक वर्गमें नेताजीके सम्बन्धमें उत्पन्न किया गया भ्रम दूर करनेकी दृष्टिसे इस प्रकारका जांच कमीशन बैठाना आवश्यक है।

शनिवारको सायंकाल पत्र-प्रतिनिधियों के सम्मेलनमें वार्ता करते हुए आपने कहा कि उक्त जांच आयोग नेताजीके सम्बन्धमें पूर्ण और अन्तिम रिपोर्ट तैयार कर सरकार के समक्ष प्रस्तुत कर दे।

शैलमारीके साधु नेताजी नहीं

आपने कहा कि नेताजीके राजनीतिक, सांस्कृतिक और साहित्यिक जीवनका सम्यक अध्ययन करने तथा शैलमारी आश्रमके साधुके कार्यकलापोंका ज्ञान प्राप्त करनेके बाद मुझे यह पूर्ण विश्वास हो गया है कि शैलमारी आश्रमके साधु नेताजी नहीं हैं।

आपने कहा कि निश्चित स्वरिषोंका एक ऐसा दल है जो जनतामें इस प्रकारका भ्रम फैला रहा है।

शाहनवाज कमेटी

शाहनवाज कमेटीका रिपोर्टकी चर्चा करते हुए आपने कहा कि एक वकीलके नाते मैं यह कह सकता हू कि अति महत्वपूर्ण राष्ट्रीय प्रश्नपर उक्त कमेटीने बड़ी ही अकुशलतासे विचार किया है। आपने कहा कि उक्त कमेटीने विमान दुर्घटनास्थलपर जाकर जांच पड़ताल भी नहीं की।

यह प्रश्न किये जानेपर कि लोगोंमें नेताजीके सम्बन्धमें इस प्रकारका भ्रम उत्पन्न करनेके कारण श्री उत्तम चन्द्र मल-होत्रा और उनके साथियोंके विरुद्ध सरकार कोई केरवाये क्यों नहीं करती, श्री बोस ने कहा कि सरकार व्यक्तिके विरुद्ध हस्तक्षेपके विरुद्ध करवाये नहीं कर सकती।

यह प्रश्न किये जानेपर कि यदि नेताजी सचमुच जीवित नहीं हैं तो अबतक उनका आइ क्यों नहीं किया गया श्री बोसने कहा कि अबतक इस लोग उनके सम्बन्धमें किसी निश्चित निष्कर्षपर नहीं पहुँचे हैं। गांधीजीने कभी यह विश्वास नहीं किया कि नेताजी मर गये हैं।

यह प्रश्न किये जानेपर कि नेताजीकी स्मृतिमें सरकार द्वारा प्रसारित डाक टिकटों पर नेताजीकी मृत्यु तिथि क्यों नहीं अंकित है आप कोई समाधानकरके उत्तर न दे सके। इसी प्रकार अन्य कई जिज्ञासाओंका समाधान नहीं हो सका।

नेताजी हालकी योजना

श्री बोसने बताया कि वर्तमानमें नेताजी हाल सोसाइटीको ओरसे दीर्घ हो ३२ लाख रुपये व्ययसे नेताजीके पैतृक भवनके समीप ही एक नेताजी हालका निर्माण होगा और उनके पुराने भवनका तवीनीकरण होगा। इसके लिए बंकोंकी सार्फत चन्द्रा कपूलीकी व्यवस्था कर दी गयी है। बंकोंने निःशुल्क सेवाका आश्वासन दिया है। पुराने भवनमें नेताजी रिसर्च व्यूरीके अधीन रहेगा तथा उसमें नेताजी म्यूजियमकी स्थापना होगी। नेताजी म्यूजियम एक स्थायी ऐतिहासिक प्रदर्शनी होगी जिसमें न केवल नेताजीके सम्पूर्ण जीवन और कृतित्वकी जाँकी मिलेगी बल्कि १८५७ से १९४७ तकके भारतीय स्वातन्त्र्य संग्रामकी झलक रहेगी।

नेताजी हाल सेवा, शिक्षा, संस्कृति और अनुसन्धान केन्द्रके रूपमें विकसित होगा। नेताजी हालके दो भाग होंगे, (१) आर्वाइवोरियम ब्लाक, (२) अठमंजिला ब्लाक। प्रथम भागमें शरत्चन्द्र बोसके नामपर एक आधुनिकतम प्रेक्षागृह होगा। इसमें प्रदर्शन कक्ष, भाषण कक्ष, गोष्ठ कक्ष, सार्वजनिक वाचनालय तथा एक कैथीन होगा।

अठमंजिले भवनमें नेताजी रिसर्च व्यूरीका विभाग, नेताजी तथा भारतीय स्वतन्त्रता संग्रामसे सम्बद्ध वस्तुओं का संग्रहालय, अनुसन्धान कक्ष, पुस्तकालय, प्रकाशन विभाग, विचार गोष्ठ कक्ष और भाषण कक्ष आदि होंगे। इसके अतिरिक्त शिशु स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र अंतरराष्ट्रीय अतिथिगृह आदिकी भी योजना है।

पत्र सूचना कार्यालय

भारत सरकार

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के
विकास के लिए अभी से कारवाई

नई दिल्ली, २१ अक्टूबर, १९६४

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के विकास के लिए अभी से कारवाई की जा रही है। तीसरी योजना की शेष अवधि में सामान्य शिक्षा के विकास के लिए ६ करोड़ रु० और शिल्पिक शिक्षा तथा दस्तकारों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए अतिरिक्त २ से ३ करोड़ रु० की व्यवस्था की जा रही है।

सामान्य शिक्षा के ६ करोड़ रु० में से १ करोड़ रु० १९६४-६५ में और शेष १९६५-६६ में खर्च किए जाएंगे।

योजना आयोग ने जिन कार्यक्रमों की विशेष महत्त्व दिया है, उनमें प्राथमिक और माध्यमिक स्कूल अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग, लड़कियों की शिक्षा में प्रगति, कला व विज्ञान के विद्यार्थियों और अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए पत्र-व्यवहार से शिक्षा की व्यवस्था और जूनियर कृषि स्कूल चलाना आदि हैं। कृषि-स्कूलों के अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए ग्रामीण संस्थानों, स्नातकोत्तर बुनियादी शिक्षण कालेजों और कृषि विश्वविद्यालयों में व्यवस्था की जाएगी।

चौथी योजना में प्रौढ़ निरक्षरता को दूर करने के लिए भी अभी से कारवाई की जा रही है। इस सम्बन्ध में जल्दी ही प्रौढ़ साक्षरता का एक अग्रणी कार्यक्रम शुरू किया जाएगा।

उक्त निर्णय योजना आयोग के सदस्य डा० बी० आर० बी० राव की अध्यक्षता में हुई एक बैठक में किया गए। इस अवसर पर योजना आयोग, शिक्षा और वित्त मंत्रालयों तथा विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग के प्रतिनिधि उपस्थित थे।



गांधीव

— १५ अक्टूबर १९६४ —

टक्का १५, बाण ९]

काशी रविवार, २५ अक्टूबर १९६४ ई०

[मूल्य ३ नये पैसे]

नेताजी कूपन की बंको द्वारा शीघ्र बिक्री

वाराणसी, २४ अक्टूबर ।
नेताजी डाल एवं भवन की योजना
में, जो कलकत्ता में तैयार हो रही
है, जनता अपना आर्थिक सहयोग
कूपन खरीदकर दे सकता है। ये
कूपन देश के विभिन्न बंकों शीघ्र
ही बिकने लगेंगे।

श्री अमीय बोसने बताया कि
फिलहाल यूनाइटेड बैंक एवं यूनाइ-
टेड कमर्शियल बैंकने ये कूपन बेचना
आरंभ कर दिया है।

नेताजी की मृत्यु नहीं हुई सुभाष बाबू के भतीजे द्वारा स्वीकारोक्ति 'गांधीजी को भी कभी विश्वास न था' इसलिए हम

उनका श्रद्ध नहीं करते शाहनवाज रिपोर्ट राष्ट्रहित में नहीं— —नये जांच आयोग के गठन की मांग

काशी, २४ अक्टूबर । नेता जी सुभाषचन्द्र वंस के भतीजे श्री
अमिय कुमार वसु ने घोषित किया कि नेता जी की मृत्यु संदेहस्पद
है, यही कारण है कि हम लोग उनका श्रद्ध नहीं करते

यह घोषणा भी वसु ने आज सायबाल स्थान पर पैलेस होटल में पत्रकारों
से वार्ता करते हुए की।

श्री सुभाषचन्द्र वसु की मृत्यु
संदेहास्पद है, जो स्पष्ट करते हुए
आपने कहा कि राष्ट्रपिता महत्मा
गांधी जी जीवन पर्यन्त इस बात को
नहीं मानते थे कि तब ई होकु (जापान)
में नेताजी की विमान दुर्घटना में
मृत्यु हुई है।

श्री अमिय वसु ने कहा कि
सुभाष बाबू की मृत्यु को संदेह स्पष्ट
कर दिया है, श्री शाहनवाज खाँ की
रिपोर्ट ने। इसमें राष्ट्र के हित में
बातें उल्लिखित नहीं हैं और यही
कारण है कि भारत की जनता ही
नहीं मैं स्वयं रिपोर्ट को भारत के
हित में नहीं मानता।

नेताजी के भतीजे ने पत्रकारों
के समक्ष भारत सरकार से मांग की
कि वह नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र वसु की
विमान दुर्घटना के सम्बन्ध में पुनः
पूर्णरूप से जांच करने और उसे
भारत की जनता के समक्ष राष्ट्रीय
एवं अन्तरराष्ट्रीय हित में प्रकाशित
करने के लिए भारत के प्रख्यात
नयावादीयों की एक जांच समिति

नियुक्त करने की मांग की। उन्होंने
कहा यह सम्मान नेताजी के भारत
से गान्धर्व हानि से लेकर 'ताइड कु'
विमान दुर्घटना तक का स्फोटक
तथ्य जनता के समक्ष पेश करें और
जनता में नेता जी की मृत्यु के सम्बन्ध
में उठे विवाद का अन्त करें।

आपने कहा कि मैं शाहनवाज
खाँ की रिपोर्ट को एक बंकील की
मातृ पढ़ा है और मैं इस निष्कर्ष पर
पहुँचा हूँ कि यह रिपोर्ट 'इन्फैम्प-
टेड' है।

महत्मा गांधी नेताजी की मृत्यु
पर विश्वास नहीं करते थे इसका
विश्लेषण करते हुए आपने कहा कि
एक बार १९२२ में लन्दन की ०३०
सी० ने एक समचार प्रसारित किया
था कि बेकाक से टोकियो जानेवाले
विमान दुर्घटना में श्री सुभाषचन्द्र
वसु का देहान्त हो गया। आपने
कहा जबकि वास्तविकता यह थी कि
उक्त विमान दुर्घटना में स्वामी सत्तान-
नन्द की मृत्यु हुई थी। श्री ०३०



सी० एच० भारत के समाचार पत्रों में
नेताजी के मृत्यु के समाचार को सन-
कर पढ़कर राष्ट्रपिता महत्मा
गांधी ने हजारी दादी को शोक
संदेश लिखकर दिया। किन्तु जब
उनका शोक संदेश हजारी दादी
को मिली तभी बर्लिन में नेताजी
का घोषणा रेडियो से प्रसारित किया
गया तब पुनः गांधी जी ने दादी
को तार दिया 'आई वॉम्प्रोचुनेट यू
एण्ड ने न ? इसलिए उनका कहना
था नेताजी जीवित हैं।

शौलमारी आश्रम के साधु स्वामी
शाहनवाज जी ता है, क सम्बन्ध
में देश में फैले विवाद पर आगे
कहा कि वे नेताजी नहीं हैं। क्योंकि
उनसे नेताजी के स्वभाव, लिखने,
पढ़ने बोलने में अन्तर है। नेताजी
क्रांतिकारी विचार के थे। आपने
कहा मैंने उक्त स्वामी की जिल्दी
चिट्ठियाँ और पुस्तकें पढ़ी हैं। ये

स्वामी कोई नये आदमी नहीं है।

यह पूछने पर कि काबुल में
नेताजी की अग्ने घर में शरण देने
वाले श्री उत्तमचन्द्र मल्होत्रा का
यह दावा कि स्वामी शाहनवाज नन्द
ही नेताजी हैं, क्यों मानने से श्री वसु
ने इन्कार कर दिया।

आपने कहा कि यह सच है
कि काबुल में श्री उत्तमचन्द्र ने नेता
जी को शरण दी थी और उनके
साथ रहे हैं। किन्तु यह भी तो हो
सकता है कि वे तब के थोड़े से एह-
सान का अब बदला एक स्वामी को
'नेताजी' बनाकर ले रहे हैं।

श्री वसु ने कहा कि इस आश्रम
को खया कमाने का कारण बना
लिया गया है। आश्रम के लोग
दंगल के गाँवों एवं भारत के अन्य
स्थानों की जनता से आश्रम और
नेताजी के नाम पर रुपया वसूल
[शेष पृष्ठ २ पर]

नेताजी हाल की योजना पर कामराज का आशीर्वाद

वाराणसी, २४ अक्टूबर । आज अपनी प्रेस कान्फ्रेंस में नेता जी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस के मतीजे श्री अमीय बोस ने नेताजी हाल की योजना के सम्बन्ध में कांग्रेस अधिवक्ता श्री कामराज का व पत्र प्रस्तुत किया जिसमें उन्होंने देश के इस महान नेता के लिए ऐसे योग्य कार्य की सलाह दी है ।

[श्री कामराज ने अपने पत्र में

नेताजी की मृत्यु.....

[पृष्ठ १ का शेष]

रहे हैं । इसमें आश्रम जनता की ओर सविनोदित या तार मैन-आखें द्वारा जो रुपया आता है, उसमें जितना रुपया स्वामी जी के नाम आता है उसे तो आश्रम वाले ले लेते हैं किन्तु जो रुपया नेताजी के नाम आता है उसे बारस हर दिया जाता है ।

आपने कहा कि भारत सरकार ने नेता जी की मृत्यु को रद्द कर दिया है

इसके कारण निम्न हैं—

१—नेता जी के डाक टिकट पर उनकी मृत्यु का सन् अंकित न होना ।

२—साहू-वाक खाँ की संदेहास्पद, रद्द क हत में रिपोर्ट का न

१२ वाँ अपराजित सप्ताह
दोपहर (फोन. ३२३३) में

संगम

राजकपूर, मेघनादीमाला, राजेन्द्रकुमार प्रथम और बालकनी श्रेणी में स्टूडेंट और चाइल्ड कन्सेशन उपलब्ध

रोज ३ शो-११।, ४। व ६ बजे रात

आगे लिखा है कि इससे बढ़कर अधिक प्रशंसनीय कार्य और कुछ नहीं हो सकता ।

[कांग्रेस अधिवक्ता ने इस बात की आशा प्रकट की है कि आजादी के अपने प्रिय नेता के लिए हिन्दुस्तान के अजाद लोग हर प्रकार से सह-दय होकर सहायता करेंगे और योजना को सफल बनायेंगे ।

होना और जनता का उस रिपोर्ट पर आश्चर्य ।

३—शौलमारी आश्रम और उत्तमनन्द मलहोत्रा के बयानों का अधिकारिक रूप से खण्डन न भिया-जाना और उनकी काररबाइयों के लिए कोई जाँच कमीशन का न बैठाया जाना ।

आपने कहा जैसे पश्चिम बंगाल के मुख्यमन्त्री ने विधान सभा में घोषणा कर दिया है कि शौलमारी आश्रम के साधु नेता जी नहीं हैं ।

अन्तिम प्रश्न के उत्तर में नेता जी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस के मतीजे श्री अभिय वनु ने कहा कि मैंने न तो शौलमारी आश्रम का अवलोकन किया है और न कमी स्वामी जी को देखा ही है । किन्तु मेरी राय में सारे विवाद का हल एक उच्चस्तरीय जाँच कमीशन की रिपोर्ट के द्वारा जनता के समक्ष पेश करना ही होगा ।

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लाइट एण्ड शो
प्रस्तुत करते हैं
माया सिन्हा
जहाँ आरा
ईस्ट मैनेजमेंट
प्रथम श्रेणी-भारत भूषण-शशीकला-
ओम प्रकाश-मोनुमुमताज
विनोद कुमार-ओम प्रकाश-कल्पना-
मदन मोहन-राजेन्द्र कृष्ण

बालकनी २)४० की एडवांस बकिंग बटन १२ से ३ और

४ वाँ महान सप्ताह **ललिता** रोजाना ४ खेल — १२, ३, ६ व ९ बजे रात [फ्रीपास कन्सेशन न सप्ताह तक बन्द]

दूर की आवाज
ईस्ट मैनेजमेंट
विनोद कुमार-मोनुमुमताज-
देवेन्द्र गोयल
कलाकार **गोपू मुकुर्जी-सायरा बानो-प्राण**
दुर्गा खोटे
ओम प्रकाश
जोनी वाकर
संजीव रवि
मोती शशील
कलाकार व संवाद

दिखाया जा रहा है—केवल एक सप्ताह के लिए

यमुना पिकचर पैलेस में

फ्रेन्ड्स म्यूजिक का महान संगीतमय भोजपुरी चित्र !

लागी नाहीं छूटे राम

पात्र—कुमकुम, असीमकुमार, तिवारी, नबीर हुसेन आदि
रोज ४ शो—१२, ३, ६, ९ बजे रात

दूसरा धार्मिक प्रकाश में —रोजाना ४ शो—
सप्ताह १२, ३, ६ व ९ बजे रात

जिसका साथी है भगवान,
उसको क्या रोकेगा आँधी तूफान ।

भक्त ध्रुव कुमार

सपरिवार देखने योग्य चित्र !

कलाकार—बबलू, निरूपाराय, साहू मोदक, इन्दिरा, सुन्दर निरंजन शर्मा

७ वाँ महान सप्ताह **कन्हैया चित्र मन्दिर में** (शोतताप नय-
न्त्रित अविगृह)

आई मिलन की बेला
* राजेन्द्र कुमार * सायरा बानु * धर्मेन्द्र
निर्देशक : **जे. ओमप्रकाश** निर्माता : **मोहन कुमार** संगीत : **शंकर जयकिशन**
रोजाना ४ खेल — १२, ३, ६ व ९ बजे

दिखाया जा रहा है ।

भागारथी सिनेमा—कंपट में

लगाई और मारपीट से भरपूर—(बिल्कुल नई कापी)

* उस्ताद पेटो *

पात्र—खलमुखार, बेगमपारा, मुकुरी, सप्र, अनसारी और शम्मी आदि
रोजाना ४ शो—१२, ३, ६ व ९ बजे रात

मालिक दा. भा. बानु, उस्ताद पेटो का क. जे. के. भा. महीन यन्त्रा-य

नेताजी स्मारक

३० लाख रुपयेकी योजना

नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोसके भ्रातृव एवं 'नेताजी हाल सोसाइटी' कलकत्ताके जेनरल सेक्रेटरी श्री अमियनाथ बोसने कल यहाँ सोसाइटीकी योजनापर प्रकाश डालते हुए नेताजी एवं भारतीय स्वतन्त्रता संग्राममें दिलचस्पी रखनेवाले भारतीयों एवं विदेशियोंसे योजनाको सफल बनाने में पूर्ण सहयोग देनेकी अपील की।

श्री बोसने बताया कि कलकत्तामें नेताजी हाल सोसाइटीकी ओरसे शीघ्र ही ३२ लाख रुपयेकी लागतसे नेताजीके पैतृक मकानके समीप ही एक आठ मंजिले नेताजी हालका निर्माण होगा और उनके पुराने मकानका नवीनीकरण होगा। इसके लिए कतिपय बंकोंने निःशुल्क चन्दा वसूली का आश्वासन दिया।

पुराना मकान नेताजी रिसर्च व्यूरोके अधीन रहेगा तथा उसमें नेताजी स्मृतिभवन की स्थापना होगी। नेताजी स्मृतिभवन एक स्थायी प्रदर्शनी होगी जिसमें न केवल नेताजीके सम्पूर्ण जीवन और कृतिश्वकी झोंकी मिलेगी वरन् १८५७ से १९४७ तक के भारतीय स्वातन्त्र्य संग्रामकी भी झलक रहेगी।

'नेताजी हाल' सेवा, शिक्षा, संस्कृति और अनुसंधान केन्द्रके रूपमें विकसित होगा। नेताजी हालके दो भाग होंगे। प्रथम भागमें शरत्चन्द्र बोसके नामपर एक आधुनिकतम प्रेक्षागृह होगा, जिसमें प्रदर्शन कक्ष, माषण कक्ष, गोष्ठि कक्ष, साप्ताहिक वाचनालय तथा एक कैफ़ेटीन होगा।

दूसरे भागमें नेताजी तथा भारतीय स्वतन्त्रता संग्रामसे सम्बन्धित वस्तुओंका संग्रहालय, अनुसंधान कक्ष, प्रकाशन विभाग आदि तथा शिशु स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र एवं अन्तरराष्ट्रीय अतिथिगृह भी होगा।

श्री अमियनाथ बोसने नेताजीके सम्बन्धमें जनतामें फैलाये जा रहे भ्रमों का निवारण करते हुए कहा कि निहित स्वाधिशोका एक ऐसा दल है जो जनतामें इस प्रकारका भ्रम फैल रहा है।

आपने सरकारसे नेताजीके सम्बन्ध में फैलाये जा रहे भ्रमके निवारणके लिए उनके गायब होनेसे लेकर ताइवान (जापान) में हुई विमान दुर्घटना तक की जाँच करानेकी माँग की जिसमें नेताजीके मरनेकी बात कही गयी है। इस जाँच कार्य के लिए प्रख्यात जजोंकी एक जाँच समिति गठित करनेका अनुरोध किया गया है।

पत्र सूचना कार्यालय

भारत सरकार

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के
विकास के लिए अभी से कारवाई

नई दिल्ली, २९ अक्टूबर, १९६४

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के विकास के लिए अभी से कारवाई की जा रही है। तीसरी योजना की शेष अवधि में सामान्य शिक्षा के विकास के लिए ६ करोड़ रु० और शिल्पिक शिक्षा तथा दस्तकारों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए अतिरिक्त २ से ३ करोड़ रु० की व्यवस्था की जा रही है।

सामान्य शिक्षा के ६ करोड़ रु० में से १ करोड़ रु० १९६४-६५ में और शेष १९६५-६६ में खर्च किए जाएंगे।

योजना आयोग ने जिन कार्यक्रमों की विशेष महत्त्व दिया है, उनमें प्राथमिक और माध्यमिक स्कूल अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग, लड़कियों की शिक्षा में प्रगति, कला व विज्ञान के विद्यार्थियों और अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए पत्र-व्यवहार से शिक्षा की व्यवस्था और जूनियर कृषि स्कूल खोलना आदि हैं। कृषि-स्कूलों के अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए ग्रामीण संस्थानों, स्नातकोपर बुनियादी शिक्षण कालेजों और कृषि विश्वविद्यालयों में व्यवस्था की जाएगी।

चौथी योजना में प्रौढ़ निरक्षरता को दूर करने के लिए भी अभी से कारवाई की जा रही है। इस सम्बन्ध में जल्दी ही प्रौढ़ साक्षरता का एक अग्रणी कार्यक्रम शुरू किया जाएगा।

उक्त निर्णय योजना आयोग के सदस्य डा० बी०के० आर०बी० राव की अध्यक्षता में हुई एक बैठक में किए गए। इस अवसर पर योजना आयोग, शिक्षा और विज्ञान मंत्रालयों तथा विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग के प्रतिनिधि उपस्थित थे।

श्रीमती
२५ अक्टूबर १९६४

३२ लाखकी लागतसे नेताजी हालका निर्माण

शौलमारीके सन्त नेताजी नहीं
सरकार भ्रम एवं विवादको शीघ्र निपटाये
नेताजीके भ्रातृज श्रीबसुकी पत्रकारोंसे वार्ता

वाराणसी, रविवार। कल सायं नेताजी सुभाष चन्द्र बसुके भतीजे श्रीअमिय कुमार बसु एडवोकेट एवं नेताजी हाज सोसायटीके मन्त्रीने भारत सरकारसे मांगकी कि वह भारतके भूधन्य न्यायाधीशों का एक आयोग गठित करे, जो नेताजीके भारतसे गायब होनेसे लेकर १८ अगस्त १९४५ के ताइहोंक विमान दुर्घटनामें उनकी मृत्युकी पूर्ण घटना बताये जाने तककी जांच करे और अपनी रिपोर्ट भारतीय जनताके समक्ष लाकर शाहनवाज खाँ की रिपोर्टसे सम्बन्धित नेताजीकी मृत्यु सम्बन्धी विवादका निराकरण करे।

इथानीय पैलेस होटलमें पत्रकारों से वार्ता करते हुए आपने कहा कि भारतीय जनतामें श्रीउत्तमचन्द्र मल-होत्रा और उनके अन्य साथियों द्वारा यह भ्रम फैला दिया गया है कि शौलमारी आश्रमके साधु ही नेताजी हैं। इस भ्रम का भी निवारण इससे हो सकता है।

आपने कहा कि नेताजीके जीवन राजनीतिक आदर्श, साहित्य आदिपर पूर्ण रूपसे अध्ययन करने के बाद मैं इसी निष्कर्ष पर पहुँचा हूँ कि शौलमारी आश्रमके साधु नेताजी नहीं हैं।

श्रीबसुने कहा कि शाहनवाज

खाँ की रिपोर्टको एक वकीलकी भाँते पढ़नेके बाद मैं इस निष्कर्षपर पहुँचा हूँ कि देशके महत्वपूर्ण प्रश्नोंपर शोह-नवाज खाँ की रिपोर्टमें कोई उत्तरेज का न करना निराशाजनक है।

श्रीबसुने कहा कि जिस प्रकार भारतके बहुतेसे लोग 'सुभाष बाबू' की मृत्यु नहीं मानते जैने ही महात्मागांधी भी उनकी मृत्युको नहीं मानते थे। आपने कहा कि उनकी मृत्यु आज तक पूर्ण रूपसे निश्चित न होनेके कारण हम लोग उनकी श्राद्ध नहीं करते।

श्रीअमिय बसुने कहा कि नेताजी हाज सोसायटीकी ओरसे नेताजीभवनको ३२ लाखकी लागतसे एक हालके रूपमें बनाया जा रहा है जिसमें नेताजीके साथ साथ भारत की स्वातन्त्र्य युद्धके स्पूर्ण सचित्र इतिहासकी प्रदर्शनी होगी।

इस योजनापर व्ययके लिए धन यूनाइटेड कमिश्निज एवं यूनाइटेड बैंकमें १, २, ५ एवं १० रुपयेके कूपन द्वारा जनता दे सकेगी।

पत्र सूचना कार्यालय

भारत सरकार

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के
विकास के लिए भी से कारवाई

नई दिल्ली, २१ अक्टूबर, १९६४

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के विकास के लिए भी से कारवाई की जा रही है। तीसरी योजना की शेष अवधि में सामान्य शिक्षा के विकास के लिए ६ करोड़ रु० और शिल्पिक शिक्षा तथा इस्तक़ारों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए अतिरिक्त २ से ३ करोड़ रु० की व्यवस्था की जा रही है।

सामान्य शिक्षा के ६ करोड़ रु० में से १ करोड़ रु० १९६४-६५ में और शेष १९६५-६६ में खर्च किए जाएंगे।

योजना आयोग ने जिन कार्यक्रमों की विशेष महत्त्व दिया है, उनमें प्राथमिक और माध्यमिक स्कूल अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग, तढ़कियों की शिक्षा में प्राप्ति, कला व विज्ञान के विद्यार्थियों और अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए पत्र-व्यवहार से शिक्षा की व्यवस्था और जूनियर कृषि स्कूल सौलना आदि हैं। कृषि-स्कूलों के अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए ग्रामीण संस्थानों, स्नातकोत्तर बुनियादी शिक्षा कालेजों और कृषि विश्वविद्यालयों में व्यवस्था की जा रही है।

चौथी योजना में प्रौढ़ निरक्षरता को दूर करने के लिए भी भी से कारवाई की जा रही है। इस सम्बन्ध में जल्दी ही प्रौढ़ साक्षरता का एक अग्रणी कार्यक्रम शुरू किया जाएगा।

उक्त निर्णय योजना आयोग के सदस्य डा० बी०के० आर०बी० राव की अध्यक्षता में हुई एक बैठक में किए गए। इस अवसर पर योजना आयोग, शिक्षा और वित्त विभागों तथा विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग के प्रतिनिधि उपस्थित थे।

PRESS INFORMATION BUREAU
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
VARANASI

8696/64 Ser. 3
6/11/64 (22)

मेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस का आवाहन-३

In continuation of this office memo. no.F.
1/7/63-V, dated Oct. 24, 1964 another clipping from
Gandiva (26/10), is attached.

S.N. Misra

(S.N. Misra)

for Assistant Information Officer.

Headquarters:- H.S.

Varanasi Office. u.o.No.F. 1/7/63-V., dated Oct. 26, 1964.

श्रीमती सहगल

O.O. (Home)

नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस का आवाहन-३

—मुराज—

सन् १९६२ में जब नेताजी को काङ्गल में शरण देने वाले श्री उत्तमचन्द्र मलहोत्रा शौलमारी पहुँचे और वहाँ से बाहर निकलकर उन्होंने दावे से कहा शौलमारी साधु सारदानन्द कोई और नहीं आजाद हिन्द सरकार के प्रथम राष्ट्रपति तथा आजाद हिन्द सेना के सेनापति नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस हैं। पहले बंगाल फिर बिहार उत्तर प्रदेश, मध्य प्रदेश, गुजरात, पंजाब और राजस्थान आदि अब तो सभी स्थानों पर भी उत्तमचन्द्र ने यह दावा कर रखा है कि साबित कर दीजिए कि यह नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र नहीं हैं तो मैं कठिन से कठिन सजा यहाँ तक फाँसी पर भी चढ़ने को तैयार हूँ।

डा० राधा विनोद पाल अन्तर-राष्ट्रीय न्यायालय के जज थे और उनसे जब पत्रकार कहा गया कि आप जापान के रनकोजी मन्दिर में रखे तथाकथित राख के विषय में जानकारी प्राप्त करने के लिए श्रीअध्यक्ष के पत्र उत्तर में डा० राधा विनोद पाल ने लिखा था कि मैं किसी राख में विश्वास नहीं करता और मैं किसी झूठी कहानी में विश्वास नहीं करता और इस मुद्दे पर एक स्वस्थ जाँच की आवश्यकता है।

चाहिए कि नेताजी का परिवार कुछ नहीं कहता। क्यों आप बोस परिवार के दूसरे सदस्य अमिय बोस के उस कथन पर गौर नहीं करते जो उन्होंने कहा कि शाहनवाज कमीशन रिपोर्ट का आधार कहीं और क्यों श्रीअमिय बसु नेताजी के भाइयों की तिथि पूछने पर आग बबूला हो उठे (देखें 'गांधी' २० अक्टूबर ६४)

जब सुरेश बोस ने नेहरू जी से नेताजी के मृत्यु के बारे में ठोस एवं जोरदार प्रमाण माँगे पर नेहरू जी ने १२ मई १९६३ को सुरेश बोस को इस आशयका पत्र दिया कि मेरे पास नेताजी की मृत्यु का कोई ठोस तथा जोरदार प्रमाण नहीं है केवल शाहनवाज खाँ कमीशन रिपोर्ट के आधार पर ही हम उनकी मृत्यु मानते हैं और वह दिन देश के लिए सुखद होगा जब नेताजी प्रकट होंगे।

21, BEADON STREET,
CALCUTTA-6
14th Feb. 1953

Dear Mr. Nair,

I am thankful for your letter dated the 5th instant.

It is really surprising that my name should be used in that manner. I did not go to any temple either with or without the ambassador to see the alleged ashes. As a matter of fact I could not accept as true the story of Netaji's death at Formosa. In any case I feel that the whole thing demands a thorough investigation. Statements by individuals made here and there will not convince me as to the truth of the story given out. I have reasons to doubt its correctness.

I am glad that Mr. Shimonaka and Mr. Tanaka are doing their best to educate the public mind of Japan. Setyen has come back. He tells me that Mr. Shimonaka has already engaged a house near Yokohama for starting the school that I suggested during my last visit. I shall indeed be happy if the scheme materializes.

Kindly remember me to all my Japanese friends and convey to them my best regards.

With kindest regards,

Yours sincerely,

Radhabinod Pal

(RADHABINOD PAL)

डा० राधाविनोद पाल जी का पत्र।

[अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय न्यायालय के भूतपूर्व न्यायाधीश डा० राधाविनोद पाल जी जापान के रनकोजी मन्दिर में रखी नेताजी की अस्थियों को देखने नहीं गये चूँकि उन्हें नेताजी की हवाई-दुर्घटना से मृत्यु में विश्वास नहीं।]

(डा० राधाविनोद पाल जी के सौजन्य से)

शाहनवाज खाँ कमीशन में एक गैर सरकारी सदस्य भी रखे गये थे और वे थे नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस के बड़े भाई सुरेशबोस। उन्होंने शाहनवाज कमीशन रिपोर्ट पर हस्ताक्षर करने से इनकार कर दिया और बाद में उनसे यह पता चला कि उस रिपोर्ट पर हस्ताक्षर करने के लिए काफी बाध्य किया गया और यहाँ तक कि सुरेश बोस को गवर्नर पदका लालच भी दिया गया और उनकी उस रिपोर्ट पर जिसमें उन्होंने दर्शाया था कि नेताजी मंचूरिया होते हुए जापानी मिलिट्री इन्स्टीट्यूट्स की सहायता से रूस चले गये आज भारतीय क्यों नहीं विश्वास करते और फिर क्यों यह कहते हैं कि उत्तमचन्द्र के कहने पर कि शौलमारी साधु ही नेताजी हैं तो नेताजी के परिवार को जाकर देखना चाहिये मैं पूछता हूँ क्या नेताजी, अपने परिवार के हैं जो परिवार के कहने से अपने को प्रमाणित करें? कदापि नहीं यह नेताजी की ही नहीं भारतीय सभ्यता का अपमान है और भारत के महान शक्ति की अवहेलना है।

सुरेश बोस के अपने रिपोर्ट में कहा 'नेताजी जीवित हैं' हमारी सरकार ने ही नहीं देश के कुछ बुद्धिजीवियों ने भी उस पर विश्वास नहीं किया और आज कैसे लोग यह विश्वास करेंगे कि सुरेश बोस ठीक कह रहे हैं—हमें अपने नेता के प्रति विश्वासघात करने की अपेक्षा, चाहे कि हम इस अनैतिक-प्रकाश से बचे

१५ मार्च १९६४ को सुरेशबोस ने कलकत्ता की ५० हजार की मरी

Issued,

16.5.62

No. 704-PMH/62

Prime Minister's House

NEW DELHI.

May 13, 1962

Dear Shri. Suresh Bose,

I have your letter of the 12th May.

You ask me to send you proof of the death of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose. I cannot send any precise and direct proof. But all the circumstantial evidence that has been produced and which has been referred to in the Enquiry Committee's report has convinced us of the fact that Netaji has died. In addition to this, the lapse of time now and the extreme probability of his being alive secretly somewhere when he would be welcomed in India with great joy and affection, adds to that circumstantial evidence.

Yours sincerely

Shri Suresh C. Bose,

Calcutta,

P.O. Calcutta,

Distt. 24 Parganas.

West Bengal.

"मैं नेताजी की मृत्यु से सम्बन्धित कोई ठोस सबूत नहीं भेज सकता।" नेहरूजी का नेताजी के बड़े भाई श्री सुरेश बोस को पत्र।

(श्री सुरेश बोस के सौजन्य से)

सभामें प्लान किया कि शौलमारी साधु श्रीमद् शारदानन्द कोई दूसरे नहीं मेरे छोटे भाई सुभाषचन्द्र बोस हैं और जब यह समाचार वहाँ के अखबारों ने दूसरे दिन नहीं छपा तो उसकी हलनी बड़ी प्रतिक्रिया हुई कि

प्रदान करेगी। व्योतिष के अनुसार सन् १९७२ तक नेताजी की मृत्यु हो ही नहीं सकती।

नेताजी के ३० दिसम्बर १९५० को दशरथमेघ घाट पर स्नान करने बाबा विश्वनाथ तथा माँ अन्नपूर्णा

से आशीर्वाद लेने की कहानी कभी आगे कही जायगी जब वे पैदल कैथी पहुँचे थे और कैथी में उनके देखने की बात १९५१ में 'गांधी' दैनिक ने प्रकाशित की थी।

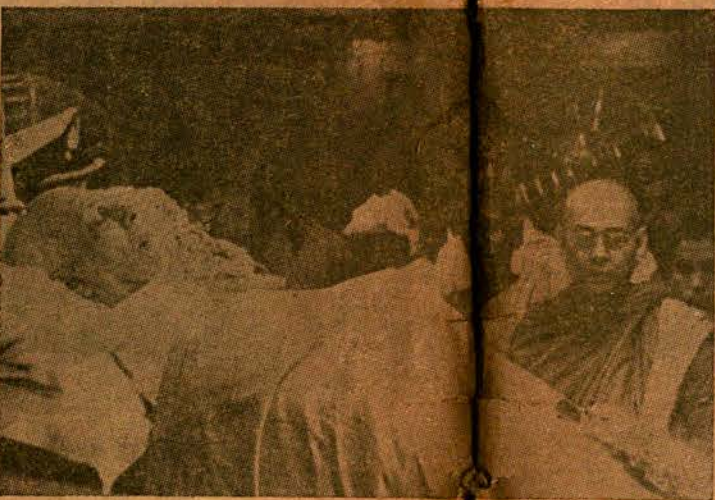
सन् १९६४ इस रहस्य के लिए एक और कड़ी बन गया। वह दुर्दिन जब हमारे देश का नायक जनजन का नायक, जननायक जवाहर युग प्रणेता अनन्त निद्रा में सो गया उसके शोक में अपने को न रोक सका सुभाष और २७ मई १९६४ को उसने कलकत्ता से पत्र दिया जो दैनिक स्टेट्समैन दिल्ली ता० २९-५-६४ के पेज ६ पर छपा है।

ON THE DEATH OF NEHRU

Sir

Courage was another name of Jawahar Lal Nehru with courage and faith in the future of India let us resolve our nation at this Supreme crisis. Your etc.

Subhash Chandra Bose, Calcutta 27 May 1964



भारत के प्रथम प्रधान मन्त्री श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू की दिवंगत होने पर भद्रांजलि अर्पित करते हुए सुभाषचन्द्र बोस संस्था के (फिल्म डिवीजन भारत सरकार द्वारा निमित्त न्यूजरील ८१६ बी में प्रदर्शित)

और २८ मई को दोपहर के वक्त नेहरू जी के शव पर माल्या-पंथ करने के समय उक्त बौद्ध भिक्षु नेशाघरी को चित्र फिल्म डिवीजन भारत सरकार द्वारा निमित्त ८१६ बी में भी प्रदर्शित है जिसके बारे में विदेश एवं देश के कतिपय समाचार पत्रों में प्रश्न पूछा गया है कि 'वि संन्या' ही कौन हैं आज तक भारत सरकार की चुप्पी एक बहुत बड़े रहस्य को जन्म देती है। तथा १३ जून १९६४ को आनन्द बाजार पत्रिका में पृष्ठ ६ तथा कालम ३ और ४ में प्रकाशित 'भारत के नये प्रधान मन्त्री का प्रथम दर्शन' शीर्षक समाचार जिसमें आनन्द बाजार पत्रिका के सम्पादक का शास्त्री जी से १० जून को अलीपुर दुआर स्टेशन पर भी अतुल्य बोस के साथ परिचय तथा उक्त समाचार का खण्डन न होना सहायक हो गया शौलमारी आश्रम की रहस्य बुद्धि में-

जनता जिसने नेहरू के शव पास के चित्र को देखा और समझा आज एक नये उस्साह से मरी है नेताजी प्रकट होंगे और हमारे दुःख-दर्द दूर होंगे जनता जिसने चित्र

देखा वह शक्ति है अपने आप से, अपनी सरकार से सरकारी रिपोर्ट से, उत्तमचन्द्र के बयानों से, उसके चिपकाये गये लम्बे लम्बे पोस्टरों से समाचार चित्र में प्रदर्शित उक्त दृश्य से जिसमें सुभाष बाबू को नेहरू जी के शव के पास खड़े दिखाया गया है विश्वास नहीं होता सच क्या है— झूठ क्या है चंद दिन पहले बाराणसी के तरकालीन उपनगर प्रमुख तथा प्रमुख उद्योगपति श्री शीतल प्रसाद एवं कांग्रेस के M. L. A. श्री लालबहादुर शिंह तथा अन्य १६ प्रमुख उद्योगपतियों से जिन्होंने शौलमारी आश्रम में बाबा जी से मिल के आने के बाद कहा वे सुभाष चन्द्र बोस हैं।

जनता का एक मनोवैज्ञानिक प्रश्न है कि वे आते क्यों नहीं? मोती वाली जनता कानून के पेंची-दगी में डूबना नहीं चाहती उसके पास सीधा प्रश्न है वे आते क्यों नहीं? और चुरा क्यों है सरकार शौलमारी आश्रम का रहस्य खोलती क्यों नहीं सरकार की चुप्पी अभी तक उक्त समाचारों का खण्डन न होना चित्र के बारे में मौन। जनता पूछ

रही है प्राणी क्रान्तियों कर देगी मुझे मेरा ता चाहिये, सुभाष चाहिये सुभाष के बहुमूल्य २० वर्ष चाहिये जो देश की उन्नति में एक कड़ी होते और जब इस प्रति किया का सरकार के पास क्या प्रयुक्त होगा? जनता का कहना नय-रक्त सामने आये थे नेता कुछ नहीं कर सकते हमें हमारा नेता चाहिए सुभाष चन्द्र बोस चाहिए। यदि यह नहीं सच है तो मेरे कंधों से बनी सरकार शौलमारी आश्रम का रहस्य खोलो और उस रहस्यमय व्यक्ति को सामने खड़ा कर हमारा भ्रम दूर करो यदि नहीं! तो हम स्वयं इस रहस्य खोलने को आगे बढ़ेंगे जिस रहस्य के लिए तुम चुप हो, मौन हो, कि कर्तव्य हो विमूढ़ हो।

और तब हमारी बात यह है कि इस शौलमारी के रहस्य पर जनता की सरकार के प्रति इस प्रतिक्रिया का क्या होगा? आवश्यकता इस बात की है कि सरकार तथा जनता के प्रतिनिधि शौलमारी में हो रहे घटनाक्रम पर दृष्टि अवश्य रखें तथा भ्रम में पड़ रहे जनता को भ्रम मार्ग से अलग करें। (क्रमशः)



के० विमलचन्द्र: ए. बी. आर. ए. जेन्ट क. मुंबई-१

कार्तिक सौर = शके १८८६, कार्तिक कृष्ण, ६ दिनाङ्क २६ अक्टूबर, १९६४ ई०

[मूल्य = पैसे

नेता जी का आवाहन !



बर्लिन में भारतीय अधिकारियों का चाय पार्टी में स्वागत करते हुए नेता जी सुभाष चन्द्र बोस 'ओरलैंडो मेजोटा के रूप में' (सचित्र लेख अन्दर देखें-सं०)

देश में पुनः राशनिंग श्रीलालबहादुर शास्त्री का संकेत

नई दिल्ली, २४ अक्टूबर। भारतीय प्रशासन संस्था की वार्षिक बैठक में कल प्रधानमंत्री श्री जी.डी. ने देश में गले की राशनिंग लागू किए जाने का संकेत करते हुए कहा कि सरकार यद्यपि राशनिंग या कंट्रोल के पक्ष में नहीं है, किन्तु छोटी बुराई ही रूप में इसका शहारा सरकार को लेना पड़ सकता है।

राशनिंग से संबंधित निर्णय आगामी २७ अक्टूबर को राष्ट्रीय के मुख्यमन्त्रियों से होनेवाली बार्ता के बाद ही होगा, इसका भी श्री जी.डी. ने कहा।

प्रधानमंत्री ने बताया कि सरकार आगामी अप्रैल में तक खाद्यान्न संकट की इस कठिन चड़ी में उपभोक्ताओं को उचित मूल्य पर खाद्यान्न विशेषकर गेहूँ की सुलभता के लिए प्रभावशाली और विध्यात्मक कदम उठाने की बाधा होगी।

उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार द्वारा धान और चावल के मूल्य निर्धारित

लखनऊ, २४ अक्टूबर। उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने कल रात राज्य में

चीनी बम-विस्फोट दुर्भाग्यपूर्ण

फूलपुर उपचुनाव में—
जनसंघ, संसदा तथा दो निर्दलीय भी मैदान में कांग्रेस की प्रतिष्ठा दाव पर—कमलापति

प्रयाग, २४ अक्टूबर। स्व० भी नेहरू के निधन के बाद फूलपुर संसदीय निर्वाचन क्षेत्र के उपनिर्वाचन में कल संयुक्त समाजवादी दल के प्रमुख नेता और विधायक भी शालिग्राम जायसवाल ने अपना नामांकन पत्र दाखिल किया।

जन संघ के नेता भी नाथू राम शिखर ने भी नामांकन पत्र दाखिल किये। इनके अतिरिक्त दो निर्दलीय उम्मीदवार भी नामांकन पत्र दाखिल कर चुके हैं। इस प्रकार भीमती विजयालक्ष्मी को कड़ा मुकाबला करना पड़ेगा।

नामांकन पत्र दाखिल करने की आज्ञा अन्तिम तिथि है।

इलाहाबाद जिले के कार्यकर्ताओं की बैठक में भी कमलापति त्रिपाठी ने इलाहाबाद और राज्य की जनता से भीमती विजया लक्ष्मी पण्डित को विजयी बनाने की अपील की। आपने कहा इस निर्वाचन क्षेत्र के साथ प्रतिष्ठा का प्रश्न जुड़ा है। यहाँ एक परिवार का नहीं बल्कि कांग्रेस संगठन और सम्पूर्ण देश का सम्मान दाव पर लगा है।

परमाणुविक-अस्त्रों के प्रयोग का अर्थ राष्ट्रों का स्वतः विनाश

राष्ट्रसंघ दिवस पर राष्ट्रपति डा० राधाकृष्णन द्वारा संघ को और शक्तिशाली बनाने की अपील

नई दिल्ली, २४ अक्टूबर। राष्ट्रसंघ दिवसोपलक्ष में कल आकाशवाणी द्वारा प्रसारित किए अपने भाषण में राष्ट्रपति डा० राधाकृष्णन ने कहा कि चीनी-बम 'विस्फोट दुर्भाग्यपूर्ण' है क्योंकि राष्ट्रीय हितों में परमाणु-अस्त्रों के उपयोग का अर्थ है, राष्ट्रों का स्वतः विनाश।

राष्ट्रपति ने बताया कि परमाणु-विक शक्ति कोई भयावह वस्तु नहीं किन्तु सैनिक शक्ति में इसके प्रयोग से मात्र—कुछ क्षणों में ही मानवता नष्ट हो जायगी और सदियों की प्राचीन संस्कृति और कला का नामो-निशान तक न रहेगा।

राष्ट्रसंघ की चर्चा में डा० राधा-कृष्णन ने बताया कि १९६२ में चीन के आक्रमण के बावजूद भारत ने राष्ट्रसंघ में चीन के सदस्यता की हिमायत की क्योंकि राष्ट्रसंघ का प्रारूप विश्व प्रतिनिधिक होना जहाँ आवश्यक है वही यदि चीन सदस्य बना लिया जाता तो परमाणुविक अस्त्रों के प्रतिबन्ध के प्रस्ताव का उस पर भी कुछ प्रभाव अवश्य पड़ता और चीन जैसे बड़े देश का राष्ट्रसंघ से अलग होना चीन पर राष्ट्रसंघीय किसी प्रस्ताव का बाध्यकारी स्वरूप नहीं हो सकता।

राष्ट्रपति ने संयुक्त राष्ट्रसंघ की

शक्तिशाली बनाने की विश्व के सभी राष्ट्रों से अपील करते हुए कहा कि यही एक ऐसी संस्था है जिसके द्वारा विश्वशांति के स्थायित्व में सहायता मिलेगी।

विश्व की खाद्य समस्या पर विशेष रूप से की गई अपनी चर्चा में राष्ट्रपति ने बताया कि देश-वासियों की बुनियादी आवश्यकताओं की पूर्ति के लिए सभी राष्ट्रों को क्षमता प्राप्त करनी आवश्यक है क्योंकि हमारे समाजवादी पुनर्निर्माण का मात्र-यही अर्थ है कि सरकार और जनता दोनों को अनुशासन और हड़ता के साथ कार्य करना होगा जिससे सामाजिक स्वास्थ्य और स्थिरता में वृद्धि की जा सके।

विश्व स्वर्ण पदक विजेताओं में भारत का २५ वां स्थान ओलम्पिक खेल समाप्त

टोकियो, २४ अक्टूबर। ओलम्पिक खेलों में विश्व के ४१ स्वर्ण पदक विजेताओं में भारत को २५ वां स्थान प्राप्त हुआ है। ५३ देशों का नाम पदक विजेता सूची में विश्वकुल नहीं है। आज ओलम्पिक खेलों की समाप्ति की घोषणा भी यहाँ की गई और पट्ट पर यह अंकित किया गया कि आज से ४ साल बाद हम पुनः मैक्सिको में मिलेंगे।

खेल का आलोम्पिक ध्वज सेना की सुरक्षा आगामी खेल तक के लिए दिया गया।

जनता ने घेर कर १०० बोरे चावल ७८ पैसे किलो बिकवाया

राजी, २४ अक्टूबर। इसकाल स्थित एक मकान में एक कथित जबरवाज गल्ला व्यापारी का १०० बो चावल आज रात्रि में ही खलाश हो गया। यह चावल अवैध रूप से खत करके बिना लाइसेंस व्यापारी रा मंगाया गया था।

जब इसकी सूचना आस पास के नागरिकों को किसी प्रकार लगी तो देखते ही देखते बड़ा चावल खरीदने वालों की भारी भीड़ लग गई। पुलिस और पूर्ति अधिकारी को भी सूचना दी गई। अन्ततः उक्त चावल ७८

नए पैसे प्रति किलो की दर से बिकवाने में जनता सफल हुई और समाचार देते समय लम्बी कतार उक्त १०० बोरा चावल खरीद रही है।

प्रतिदिन ६० हजार से भी अधिक व्यक्ति 'गाँधीव' पढ़ते हैं

आनन्ददायक

साइकिल सवारी के लिए

पेलिकन

एटलस उत्पादन

एटलस साइकिल इन्स्टीट्यूट लि. कोलकोता (पश्चिम बंगाल)

हमारे सबसे विभाग की सबसे बड़ा कारखानों को और ही० सी० एल० एल० सी० की मार्केट केन्द्र, आकाश तथा अन्य उपयोगी विभागों के कारखानों लगे लगे।

लखीमपुर, खेरी, पीलीभीत, शाह-जहाँपुर, बदायूँ, रामपुर, रायबरेली, उन्नाव, मिर्जापुर, एटा, फर्रुखाबाद, इलाहाबाद, बिजनौर, बस्ती, गोरख-पुर, लखनऊ, खुर्जा, बुलन्द शहर, सहैल जालौन, सरकार खान बहा-दुर स्टेट (गढ़वाल) तथा तराई, भाबर (नेनीताल)।

देहरादून, नेनीताल, पौरी गढ़-वाल, अरुमोड़ा, पिथौरागढ़, देहरा-गढ़वाल, चमोली और उत्तर काशी आदि पहाड़ी जिलों में उच्चतम मूल्य उनके जिलाधीशों द्वारा निश्चित किए जायेंगे।

मूल्य निर्धारण की यह आशा राज्य सरकार अथवा केन्द्रीय सरकार की बिक्री पर लागू नहीं होगी।

पत्र सूचना कार्यालय

भारत सरकार

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के
विकास के लिए अभी से कारवाई

नई दिल्ली, २१ अक्टूबर, १९६४

चौथी योजना में सामान्य और शिल्पिक शिक्षा के विकास के लिए अभी से कारवाई की जा रही है। तीसरी योजना की शेष अवधि में सामान्य शिक्षा के विकास के लिए ६ करोड़ रु० और शिल्पिक शिक्षा तथा इस्तकारों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए अतिरिक्त २ से ३ करोड़ रु० की व्यवस्था की जा रही है।

सामान्य शिक्षा के ६ करोड़ रु० में से १ करोड़ रु० १९६४-६५ में और शेष १९६५-६६ में खर्च किए जाएंगे।

योजना आयोग ने जिन कार्यक्रमों की विशेष महत्त्व दिया है, उनमें प्राथमिक और माध्यमिक स्कूल अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग, लड़कियों की शिक्षा में प्रगति, कला व विज्ञान के विद्यार्थियों और अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए पत्र-व्यवहार से शिक्षा की व्यवस्था और जूनियर कृषि स्कूल सौलना आदि हैं। कृषि-स्कूलों के अध्यापकों की ट्रेनिंग के लिए ग्रामीण संस्थानों, स्नातकोपर बुनियादी शिक्षा कालेजों और कृषि विश्वविद्यालयों में व्यवस्था की जाएगी।

चौथी योजना में प्रौढ़ निरक्षरता को दूर करने के लिए भी अभी से कारवाई की जा रही है। इस सम्बन्ध में जल्दी ही प्रौढ़ साक्षरता का एक अग्रणी कार्यक्रम शुरू किया जाएगा।

उक्त निर्णय योजना आयोग के सदस्य डा० बी०के० आर० बी० राव की अध्यक्षता में हुई एक बैठक में किए गए। इस अवसर पर योजना आयोग, शिक्षा और विद्य. पत्रालयों तथा विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग के प्रतिनिधि उपस्थित थे।

W
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Home Ministry.

LIST OF PAPERS sent un-officially

to the
on the

Dept. U. O./Dy./Reg. No.

dated the

with this

SUBJECT

10/11
9/11
D 864/14 P. II
S.O.
Reg. Heterji Subh
Chandru Bose

- Clipping -

LIST OF PAPERS

TL ————— p 1
C ————— p 1-9

(Continue on reverse, if necessary.)

N. B.—This list is to be prepared in duplicate by the un-official despatcher. One copy is to be placed in the file and the other sent to the Branch concerned. The Branch will keep their copy of the list in "await" until the file comes back, when the papers are to be checked and both copies of them placed at the bottom of papers. When the file is recorded, the lists are to be destroyed.

RAJYA SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO. 131

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 13TH NOVEMBER 1962

CONTROVERSY OVER A SADHU'S RESEMBLANCE WITH NETAJI

QUESTION

*No. 131 SHRI NAWAB SINGH CHAUHAN: Will the Prime Minister be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government are aware of the controversy appearing in the newspapers in the country regarding Shri Shardanand, Sadhu of the Sholmari Ashram, who is said to be Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose; and
- (b) if the answer to part (a) above be in the Affirmative, whether Government have obtained any authentic information in this regard and if so, what is that information?

ANSWER

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(SHRI DINESH SINGH)

- (a) Yes Sir.
- (b) The authorities of the Ashram have declared publicly that the Sadhu is not Subhash Chandra Bose. They have also requested the public as well as the Government to leave the Sadhu undisturbed.

NOTE FOR SUPPLEMENTARIES

(On Rajya Sabha Starred Question No. 131 for 13-11-1962)

The Sholmari Ashram was established in 1957 in the district of Cooch-Bihar. It has been stated that the founder is a Sadhu who is reported to be leading a very secluded life not generally giving audiences to outsiders or even to the Ashram's inmates. He is generally known as Swami Saradanandaji. The activities of the Ashram include the cultivation of land acquired through donation and running of a school.

Since the Swami Saradanandaji is leading a secluded life and not coming into contact with the public openly, it is difficult to establish his identity. Shri Ramani Ranjan Das, Secretary of the Shaulmari Ashram, has publicly declared that the founder, Swami Saradanandaji is not Subhash Chandra Bose, nor has he ever had any connection whatsoever with the family in which Netaji was born. This should set at rest any speculation that might have been made that Swami Saradanandaji is Subash Chandra Bose.

Since the Sadhu is leading a secluded life and not coming into contact with the public openly, it is not considered desirable or practicable to institute any special inquiries into the question of identity and antecedents of a person who has chosen to lead a secluded life in a private Ashram. Particularly so in view of the conclusions reached by the Subash Chandra Bose Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India which established on the basis of the available evidence that Shri Subash Chandra Bose had died in an air crash in Formosa.

(4)

Pl. put up / notes
S. R. Singh
27

प्रधान मन्त्री सचिवालय

PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT

No. 2(64)/64-PM

New Delhi-11, the November 25, 1964.

No. 5507/2(c)/64

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

984/05C/64

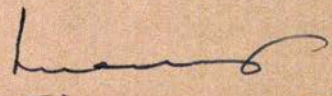
The undersigned is directed to forward herewith, for such action as might be considered appropriate, a letter dated the 2nd November, 1964 addressed to the Prime Minister by Dr. C.C. Chatterji and three others from Lucknow, regarding Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

14536C/64
2/12

2. The communication has not been acknowledged.

15248/1C
26.11

Dis (China) me
Refu



(K.L. Gupta)

Additional Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

This was marked to me, perhaps,
on the assumption that I am

dealing with Japan Ministry of External Affairs,
New Delhi.

When the first took place. Will DS (C) deal with
this and, if necessary, pass it on to the authorities
dealing with this question. There was an enquiry on
Netaji's death. The letter has to be acknowledged.

DS (C)

Pl. put up pp. + ack.

US (C) 2

Pl. put up

Ng — la

2/11

Pl. put up
Paper
2/11

DR. C. C. CHATTERJI

KALI NIWAS
NARAH
LUCKNOW

To

Sri Lal Bahadur Shastri,
Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi.

Dear Sir,

We have seen the correspondence between late Prime Minister Mr. Nehru and Sri Amia Bose, nephew of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose (who most funnily claims to be an associate of Netaji before Netaji left India in 1940) regarding appointment of a high powered Committee including the Supreme Court Judges for clarification of the so called death mystery of Netaji Bose.

In this regard it is our considered opinion that it would be better if, in the first instance, a Committee of eminent Judges and Jurists in India be appointed to go into all the aspects of the judgement of the International Court which had declared Netaji as a war criminal in Tokio and submit their opinion to the Government for the decision of the Parliament, if this declaration was just and if this judgement should be enforced on a sovereign state which was not a party to it at the time, more so when this judgement itself had a ~~dissenting~~ note.

We have concluded that this is the only course which our Government can safely and judiciously follow in the way of unravelling the mystery regarding the Greatest Revolutionary Leader, of the World has ever produced. Failing which we are convinced that the fast developing International conditions will adjust everything in a short and proper time. Then you will certainly have no credit in the matter.

Yours faithfully,

C. C. Chatterji
Kailash Chandra
S. N. Mishra

(5)

C.551(25)/64-JP

(29)

Dec. 3 . 64.

To

Dr. C.C. Chatterjee,
Kali Niwas,
Narahi, LUCKNOW.

P. issue.
GK
7/11

Dear Sir,

ISSUED
3.12.64

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated the 2nd November 1964 regarding Jetaji Subhash Chandra Bose, addressed to the Prime Minister of India.

Yours faithfully,

B.P.
(B.P. Agarwal)
UNDER SECRETARY (C).

Hindustan Standard Dec. 12, 1964

Controversy On Netaji Revived At Delhi Seminar

From Our Special
Correspondent

NEW DELHI, DEC. 10.—

The old controversy, discussed for years without conclusion, whether Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose was dead or alive broke over the capital tonight.

The occasion was offered at a seminar organised by Netaji Exhibition Committee here at the A.I.F.A.C. Hall. Dr. C. D. Deshmukh, Vice-Chancellor, Delhi University, and Chairman of the committee, presided.

When at the seminar Mr. C. C. Desai (former Indian High Commissioner in Karachi and Colombo and one-time college-mate of Netaji at Oxford) was speaking on the life of Netaji indicated that he was no more, a gentleman from among the audience stood up and protested. He said Netaji was not dead. He was supported by a number of people present in the hall.

The protesting man was no other than Mr. Uttam Chand Malhotra, who had sheltered Netaji after he had escaped from Calcutta and was en route to Kabul on his historic journey to Europe.

Mr. Deshmukh allowed Mr. Malhotra to address it later, and Mr. Malhotra did.

Among the speakers at the seminar was Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan, Deputy Minister, Railways and one-time fighting lieutenant of Netaji in South-East Asia. Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan also maintained, while he was reminiscing about Netaji, that he was after all dead. He immediately had to cross the sword with Mr. Uttam Chand and his supporters.

Dr. Vyas one-time colleague of Netaji in Germany also addressed the seminar.

The supporters of Mr. Uttam Chand had earlier distributed leaflets in Hindi at the exhibition hall posing a number of questions to Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan's theory that Netaji was dead.

The Netaji Exhibition here continues to be visited by hundreds of people every day. The seminar held this evening was one of the most crowded one ever seen in the capital.

(6)

S/L

15131-9/64

14/12

(30)

weapons and that, as the first step, the summit conference should reach an agreement to the effect that the nuclear powers and those countries which may soon become nuclear powers undertake not to use nuclear weapons, neither to use them against non-nuclear countries and nuclear-free zones, nor against each other".

It is the common aspiration of all peace-loving countries and people of the world to prevent a nuclear war and eliminate nuclear weapons. The Chinese Government sincerely hopes that its proposal will be given favourable consideration and positive response by your Government.

Please accept the assurances of my highest consideration.

ANNEX: Text of the Statement of the Government of the People's Republic of China dated October 16, 1964.

.....

grammar is unsound an
vocabulary chaotic, he added.
Another teacher preferred
multi-language. But he opined
English must be there as second
language. "Our students should
learn three languages: Mother
language, English and Hindi or
Urdu or any other."

"But it's no use introducing
English in the school."

D. 2152/Paul Section/64

received today

S.R.

14/12

EXPRESS LETTER

From

'HOME', New Delhi.

To

- 1) The Secretary to the Government of West Bengal, Home Department, Calcutta.
- 2) The Secretary to the Government of Uttar Pradesh, Home Department, Lucknow.

New Delhi-11, the // December, 1964.

15110-C/64
14/12
15805/PL
11-12
Enclosed is a copy of Short Notice Question No. 94 proposed to be asked in the Lok Sabha by Shri H.C. Kachhawaiya and others regarding propaganda now being made to the effect that the Sadhu of Shaalmari Ashram is Netaji Bose. Kindly furnish immediately material for answering parts (a), (c) and (d) of the question and possible supplementaries. Any material that the State Government might have relating to the other parts of the question might also be furnished.

(G. S. Kapoor)

UNDER SECRETARY TO THE GOVT. OF INDIA

--

No. 22/52/64-Poll(II). New Delhi-11, the // Dec., 1964.

Copy with a copy of the proposed question forwarded to:

- (1) The Intelligence Bureau (Shri K.N. Prasad) with the request that material available with the Bureau relating to the proposed question may kindly be furnished to this Ministry immediately to enable them to answer the question and possible supplementaries
- (2) E.A. Ministry. They are also requested to furnish us immediately any material they may have in regard to the question and possible supplementaries.

S.D.R.
y/n
Chennai
(G. S. Kapoor)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India.

SHORT NOTICE QUESTION

Original in HINDI

No. 94

Date of receipt 9.12.64

Ministry to which allotted Home Affairs

SHRI HUKAM CHAND KACHHAVAIYA
SHRI VISHRAM PRASAD
SHRI Y.D. SINGH
SHRI N.C. CHATTERJEE
dr. Mrs. Aney
DR. M.S. ANEY
SHRI KASHI RAM GUPTA
SHRI BADE
SHRI ONKAR LAL BERWA
SHRI SHIVAMURTHI SWAMY
SHRI M.P. SHINDRE:

Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state;

- (a) whether it is a fact that All India Netaji Reception Committee is making preparations at Allahabad for reception of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose who is to appear shortly;
- (b) the extent of truth in the fact that Swami Shardanand of Shoulmari Ashram is no other than Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose;
- (c) whether any action is proposed to be taken against those persons who publish at times in newspapers the news of Netaji being alive; and
- (d) if not, the reasons for not taking any action;
- (e) whether any enquiry has been made by Central Government into the reports about Netaji in the grab of Sadhu at Shoulmari Ashram; and
- (f) the reasons for not conducting any enquiry if it has not been made?

(8)

IMMEDIATE

(33)

No. C/551(25)/64-JP.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
CHINA DIVISION

....

Dated New Delhi; Dec.14, 1964.

Our file No.C/551(25)/64-JP on the subject
"Controversy regarding Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose's
death' was sent to L&T Division on the 3rd December,
1964 for their comments etc. That file is now
immediately required in this Division in connection
with a Parliament Question on the subject. It would
be appreciated if the file is returned to this
Division immediately.

Plissone
14/12

S.R

ISSUED

14/12/64

L & T Division

K.P.
(K.P. Bhandari)
Section Officer (China)

(9)

$\sqrt{9111/64 \text{ Sec. II}}$
 $\frac{21}{21}$

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI

Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for disposal.

The communication has not been acknowledged.

~~last~~ point $\frac{w}{2d} + 1$

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS
C. E. No. For Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister.
17 NOV 1964
By No.

14652 - 9/12

P.M.'s Sectt. U.O.No 32484-Hilb4
Dated _____

16 NOV 1964

हेमन्तकुमार ० राम ० सोलंजी, 32484-Hilly
 साहित्यकार, चन्द्रनपुत्र, चित्तौड़गढ़
 (राजस्थान)
 दि: १० का तिक १८८६
 २१३
 परम श्रेष्ठ शास्त्रीजी,
 सादर नमस्कार,

मैं श्रीमान का ध्यान है कि नवभारत टाइम्स दिल्ली
 दि: १-११-१९६४ के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर छप्पे समाचार-लेख
 की मुल्य पर नेहरूजी भी शक था की ओर आकर्षित कर
 निवेदन करना चाहूंगा कि आपने श्री आनंदबसू को
 इस मामले पर विचार करने का आश्वासन प्रदान किया है
 इस पर शिष्ट निर्णय प्रदान करने की कृपा करें। श्री
 आनंदबसू के अनुसार एक श्री नेहरूजी इस प्रकार
 में व्यापक जांच करने को राजी हो गये थे, गहन का
 निर्णय नहीं हुआ था।

श्रीमान को विदित ही है कि श्री उत्तमचन्द्र मुखर्जी
 और उनके ज्येष्ठ साथी यह प्रचार कर रहे हैं कि
 शौलमारी के स्वामी शास्त्रबन्ध ही नेतृजी हैं। श्री-
 जीनेबसू का कहना है कि नेतृजी जीवित तो हैं पर
 शौलमारी वाले काफ़ी नेतृजी नहीं हैं। कुछ लोग
 देवगिरी के पर्येवाले साधु को नेतृजी बताते हैं।
 और संसद-शास्त्रबन्ध को भी के दो सदस्यों की-
 रिपोर्ट स्वीकार कर चुकी है कि नेतृजी का स्वामित्व
 १९४५ की छवाई दफ़्तर में हो गया। कोटेली के
 तीसरे सदस्य श्री सुरेश बाबू का कहना है कि-

नेताजी जीवित हैं और रिपोर्ट सही नहीं हैं। इस तरह
नेताजी के बारे में १९ वर्ष बाद भी स्थिति साफ न
हो आश्चर्य और दुःख की बात है।

उक्त मेरी सर्वप्रथम प्रार्थना है कि एन-
ज्यायिक जांच कमिशन जिसमें श्रीमान छागलसिंग,
दासराय या मुखर्जी सराफ एक सदस्य हो और
शेष चार दूसरे हो। कांग्रेस से श्रीमान महावीर
व्यासी, संतोष के श्री हरिविष्णु कामध, नेताजी-
परिवार से सुरेशबाबू और एक अन्य सदस्य हो।
कमिशन बनने पर हमारे देश में हिन्दी व अन्य
राष्ट्रीय आवधारों में घोषणा हो और निष्पक्ष
प्रमाण और साक्ष्यों को प्रस्तुत करने का एहसास
हो।

आशा है भारत की कोरी कोरी जनता के-
जनकथक आप मेरी इस विनम्र प्रार्थना को-
सुनेंगे!

पत्रोत्तर की आशा में

सेवामें :-

श.श. श्री दात बाबूबाबू श्री शर्मा,
प्रधानमंत्री भारत सरकार,
प्रधानमंत्री निवास

दिल्ली

आपका व भारत का

प्रदत्त पूज

दुःख

(हैमंत कुमार राम - सोलंकी)

साहित्यकार

(37)
Hemant Kumar M. Solangi
Sahityakar
Chandarpura
Chittorgadh (Rajasthan)

Dt. 10 Kartik 1886 (Saka)

Respected Shastriji,

Namstay

I want to draw your attention to the news item -
Nehru also had doubts over the death of Netaji---
published on 1-11-64 in the "Nav Bharat Times " Delhi
on front page and to say that you have assured Shri Amiya
Basu to consider this matter. Please do take early action
in this matter. According to Shri Amiya Basu, Shri Nehru
had agreed for a judicial enquiry, but a decision to set
up an enquiry body could not be made.

You might be knowing that Shri Uttam
Chand Malhotra and his companions are propagating
that the Swami Shardanand of Sholmari is Netaji. According
to Shri Digain Basu, Netaji is alive but the Baba of
Sholmari is not Netaji. Some people say that Sadhu of
Pardewala of Devgiri is Netaji. According to the two
members of Shah Nawaz Committee, Netaji died in an air
accident of 1945. The third member Shri Suresh Basu,
of the committee, is of the opinion that Netaji is
alive and the report of his death is not correct. It
is a matter of regret and astonishment that even after
a lapse of 19 years, a clear picture of Netaji's end has
not come about.

Now I request you that a Commission
should be appointed to carry out a judicial enquiry. Out
of these members of the Commission one should be from
amongst Shri Chagla, Das Sahib, Mulla Sahib and the
rest could be ^{any} other four persons. Shri Mahavir
Tyagi from Congress, Shri Harivanshu Kamath from
S.S.P. and Shri Suresh Babu from Netaji's family,
should be chosen as members of the Commission. There
should also be a fourth member. Enquiry commission,

(38)

when appointed, should be annouced in Hindi as well as in other provincial language Newspapers. It should also be declared that impartial witnesses would only be entertained.

I hope that you will accede to this request and reply to me early.

Yours

Sd/-

Hamant Kumar M. Solangi
Sahityakar

To

The Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi.

(10)

9975/64-Pol. II
18712

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI

436-4/15

Forwarded to the Ministry of Home
Affairs, New Delhi for disposal.

The communication has not been
acknowledged.

W 17/11
for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister.

P.M.'s Sectt. U.O.NO. 92/1261

Dated

15 DEC 1964

184128(1)62

D. N. Bhattacharjee

18412 81164
25-D, RUP NARAYAN NANDAN LANE,
Bhowanipur, Calcutta-25
INDIA.

Ref No 2225

13/11
Date 4th November 1964.

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan,
President of India,
New Delhi.

Hon'ble President,

Re: "Netaji Episode".

Our circular letter No.1024/4/
Netaji dated 21-9-64 together
with a booklet on "Documentary
Evidences - Netaji's Existence
in India".

I have a deep regard for you.

2. I beg to be excused in drawing your attention to a letter from Mr. TATSUO HAYASHIDA of Japan published in the Amrita Bazar Patrika, a News daily of Calcutta on 4th November 1964.

3. The letter dated 22nd April 1964 written by Late J.L. Nehru to Shri Amiya Nath Bose, nephew of Shri Subhas Ch. Bose on the question of Netaji's death, recently published in the News Daily, has confused the public mind a great deal.

4. I, therefore, along with other lovers of Netaji would like to know the real truth behind this episode.

5. I shall be obliged if you kindly arrange for setting up a fresh enquiry commission to go into the question of "Netaji Episode", so that the people of India may have a clear picture about Netaji and ~~xx~~ scrap "Shah Nawaz Commission's report".

6. Kindly acknowledge.

Yours sincerely,

SD/ D. N. Bhattacharjee.

Copy to Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri, Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi, for information.

D. N. Bhattacharjee

33-0. RUP HARAYAN NANDAN LANE
Bhowanipore, Calcutta 20
INDIA.

Date



Copy to Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri, Prime Minister of India.
New Delhi, for information.

18

PRESS INFORMATION BUREAU

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

1. Name of Paper .. Amrita Bazar Patrika
2. Published at .. Calcutta
3. Dated .. 4-11-'64

NETAJI

Sir, — I will be very much indebted to you if you favour me with the publication of this letter; in the interest of the general public and in consideration of the cause for which I seek your kind approach.

I was the one who was closely associated with late Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose during his last days in Formosa during World War II in 1945. I lived with him to see him at his death-bed from the air-crash; and his belongings and his personal things were carried by me later to Tokyo.

The brother of late Netaji S. C. Bose, Shri Suresh Chandra Bose visited Tokyo and I was interviewed by him specially then and learnt that he was visiting Japan on a fact-finding mission.

It is a shocking surprise for me and several of the associates of the late Netaji S. C. Bose that the details of his last days and every other factor governing his demise from the air-crash were conveniently hushed up and kept back from the public in India. Further, I also happened to go through several editions from Indian and English authors to find that the details of his glorious days were glaringly suppressed for reasons best known to themselves. It is a saddening feeling for the innumerable friends of late Netaji who are still in Japan with the memorable days of the association of this Indian National Hero who sacrificed his life for such a noble cause, to see for ourselves the noble deeds of this Indian patriot buried in History. Any thing told about Far East and the World War II cannot be complete without the mention of this daring personality. So he is mentioned and very conveniently forgotten to pronounce to the people of India his last words.

Therefore I took up this noble cause. In humility I appeal to the public in India. I am bringing out an edition myself. I have the co-operation of the press in Japan. The living memory of the few Japanese Army personnel reveal many hidden facts about this Indian patriot. The war-time pictures and several instances need their publicity.

Those who are in India who once were associated with late Netaji and with I.N.A. should extend their helping hand to assist me for the success of my humble mission. I welcome every information that could contribute to this noble cause.

I once again thank these columns that have considered my appeal to carry this message to you.—TATSUO HAYASHIDA, President, T. Hayashida & Co., 28, 21st Street, 3-Chome Haruyoshi, Fukuoka, Japan.

(11)

(42)

No.C/551/25/64/JP

3 March 65

Pl. since
law 3
3/3

Shri D.N. Bhattacharjee,
25-D, Rup Narayan Nandan Lane,
Bhowanipur, Calcutta-25.

Subject: Netaji Episode.

Dear Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No.2225 dated the 4th November, 1964
on the above-mentioned subject addressed to the
President of India, copy endorsed to the Prime
Minister of India.

Yours faithfully,

B.P. Agarwal
(B.P. Agarwal)
Under Secretary.

(12)

3886-4/65

5/3

प्रधान मंत्री सचिवालय

PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT

संख्या- 2(68)/65-पी.एस. New Delhi-11, the फरवरी 20, 1965

कार्यालय - ज्ञापन

निदेशानुसार, मंत्री, सुभाषवादी आध्ययन केन्द्र, वाराणसी द्वारा प्रधानमंत्री जी को सम्बोधित सलंगन हस्ताक्षर-रहित पत्र दिनांक फरवरी 6, 1965, जिस के विषय का सम्बन्ध विदेश मंत्रालय से है, उस मंत्रालय को भेजा जाता है।

2. उल्लिखित पत्र की प्राप्ति की सूचना नहीं दी गई है।

4. 2. 1965

(कुंज लाल गुप्त)

प्रधान मंत्री जी के
अवर निजी सचिव

Comd.
 2/3

विदेश मंत्रालय,
नई दिल्ली।
Min. for China Div.

2/3

China Div.

सेवा में,

माननीय श्री लालबहादुर शास्त्री,

प्रधान मंत्री,

भारतीय गणराज्य,

नई-दिल्ली ।

मान्यवर,

सेवा में निम्नांकित विषयों को उपस्थित करते हुये प्रार्थना है कि इन पर तत्काल ध्यान देने की कृपा कर जनता से वस्तु स्थिति एवं सरकारी दृष्टिकोण स्पष्ट करने की कृपा करें ।

(अ) श्री शाहनवाज खान के अध्यक्षता में नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र के मृत्यु के विषय जिस जांच कमीशन जापान एवं अन्यत्र विदेशों में गया था उसका प्रतिवेदन सर्वसम्मति नहीं रहा । कमीशन के दो सदस्यों का मत जहाँ मृत्यु के पक्ष में था वहीं एक सदस्य (नेताजी का भाई) इसका विरोधी प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत किया था । जिस दुर्घटना में नेताजी के मृत्यु होने की बात कही गयी कमीशन उस स्थान पर गया नहीं न तो वहाँ के सरकारी कागजात ही कमीशन के सामने पेश हुआ । हमारे जनप्रिय स्वर्गीय प्रधान मंत्री जवाहरलालजी नेताजी के भाई श्री सुरेश चन्द्र बोस को लिखे गये पत्र में बताया कि नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र के मृत्यु का कोई सुस्पष्ट या प्रत्यक्ष प्रमाण नहीं है । इससे एवं अन्य नानाप्रकार के कारणों से जांच कमीशन की रिपोर्ट पर सन्देह किया जाना स्वाभाविक रहा इन विषयों को ध्यान में रखते हुये दुर्घटना स्थल पर जांच करने, दुर्घटना की सत्यता के बारे में स्पष्ट एवं प्रत्यक्ष विवरण प्राप्त करने के सम्बन्ध में सरकारी प्रयास होना आवश्यक है । सर्वोच्च न्यायालय के किसी विचारप्रति के अध्यक्षता में मान्य व्यक्तियों की कमीशन गठित कर अविलम्ब इसका जांच कराना राष्ट्रीय कर्तव्य है । साथही शौलमारी (फलाकाटा, जिला जालपाईगुड़ी पश्चिमी बंगाल) आश्रम के बाबा के विषय में भी उक्त कमीशन जांच करें और निर्णय से जनता को परिचित कराया जाय । इससे जनता में तरह तरह के प्रचार और असन्तोष का अन्त होगा साथही स्वतंत्रता संग्राम के महान सेनापति का गौरवपूर्ण जीवन के कुछ नई विवरण प्रकाश में आयेगी ।

- (ब) नेताजो विवाह किये या नहीं इसपर दो राय है। उक्त कमीशन अन्य बातों के अलावा इसका भी जांच करें। सम्बन्धित कागजात कमीशन के सामने उपस्थित किया जाय और गवाहों का वयान प्राप्त करने का प्रयास हो।
- (स) यदि जांच में उनका मृत्यु प्रमाणित होता है तो उनका उपयुक्त स्मारक बने, रस्मी तौर पर शोक मनाया जाय और भारतीय कांग्रेस कमेटी में शोक प्रस्ताव पारित हो। उस परिस्थिति में लोक सभा एवं राज्य विधान सभाओं में शोक प्रस्ताव पारित होना आवश्यक हो जायगा।
- (द) परन्तु जांच के परिणाम चाहे कुछ भी हो २३ जनवरी अविलम्ब सार्वजनिक छुट्टी घोषित की जाय। भारतीय क्रांति जनक भारत केशरी नेताजो सुभाषचन्द्र का पवित्र जन्म दिवस राष्ट्रीय छुट्टी के दिन घोषित किये जाना उनके प्रति उचित एवं आवश्यक सम्मान दिखाना होगा।

भवदीय,

दिनांक- ६-२-६५।

?

(मदन मोहन मुखर्जी)

मंत्री,

सुभाषवादी अध्ययन केन्द्र,
वाराणसी।

(13)

9866/465-46
29/6

Government of West Bengal

Home(Political) Department

From **Shri P. L. ROY,**
Assistant Secretary to the Government of West Bengal.
To **The Secretary to the Government of India,**
Ministry of External Affairs, NEW DELHI.
No. **3564-P/2P-190/65**, dated Calcutta, the **21st June** 19**65**.

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith, for disposal,
a
a copy of letter dated the 12th May 1965, from Shri V.N.K.
Pillai of Kanichanallor, Kerala.

Yours faithfully,

my

Assistant Secretary
to the Government of West Bengal.

SR
28/6

SPC/- 21-6-65

APC
21/6

Chandra Dutt
26/6

From :

V.N.K.Pillai,
Chelil Cottage, Kanichanalloor,
Muttom P.O., Haripad, Kerala.

Hon'ble P.C.Sen,
Chief Minister of West Bengal,
Calcutta.

Jai Hind.

I beg leave to submit the following for your kind consideration and favourable disposal.

Before I mention the subject matter, let me introduce myself. I am one of those who took an active part in the Indian Independence Movement in East Asia. I was closely associated with Netaji and I was the Head of the Overseas Department of the Indian Independence League Headquarters in East Asia. Due to bad luck and reasons beyond my control, I am even now very unsettled in life and am depending on the Home Minister's grant for my existence - His Discretionary Grant to political sufferers.

The news regarding your visit to Tokyo and about the remains of Netaji in some shrine in Tokyo, suggested me to write to you. I have sound reasons to say that Netaji was not at all involved in the so called plane crash. But since there was no direct news from him for the last more than 19 years, I am too uncertain as to his whereabouts. The forget-Netaji attitude of our late Prime Minister and the subsequent attitude of the Government of India were not ~~at~~ at all helpful in finding out the truth about our beloved Netaji. Very recently Shri N. Raghavan wrote to me about honouring the remains of our great leader in a manner worthy of him. He too paid a visit to that temple where they say they are keeping the remains of Netaji. I wrote to him that Netaji was not involved in the reported plane crash and as such the remains were not his. Is it not possible to do anything to organise a search for him? I express my wish and readiness to go to any part of the world in searching for our great one.

I wrote a book-OUR STRUGGLE - which I could not yet publish. I have carefully narrated a brief history of the Indian Independence Movement in East Asia in the book. I request you to consult your colleagues and advise me as to what I may be able to contribute in the search for Netaji. I have no money but I am willing to give away the best part of the profits from the sale of that book for a search of Netaji. The manuscript is being corrected and I shall send it to you with an introduction from Shri N. Raghavan who was a prominent leader of the Indian Independence Movement in East Asia and he was also India's Ambassador to several countries.

If any more information is required, I am willing to write to you. I hope you will write to me ere long for all and will give me your valuable advise for all.

Jai Hind.

Sd/- V.N.K. Pillai.

Kanichanalloor,
12th May, 1965.

SPC/-

(14)

M. H. A.
Poll II Sec.

(48)

Dy. 5801/65 (R)
Pue

In the copy of the resolution forwarded with the pue request is made for ~~the~~ a fresh enquiry into the death of Nilaji Bose. This is a matter which concerns the E. A. Ministry to whom these papers may be transferred for disposal.

W.S.
3-7-65

Ref. to.
3.7.65

✓ Ministry of E. A. (China Divn)
NR, 5-7-65
E.A. V.O. No. D-5801/65 Poll. II. 4-65

10334/465

7/1

SIR
KMS
6/7



राष्ट्रपति सचिवालय,
राष्ट्रपति भवन,
नई दिल्ली-4

✓ 5801/65 P. 11.18
PRESIDENTS SECRETARIAT,
RASHTRAPATI BHAVAN,
NEW DELHI-4

No. F.17/65.VI.

June 28, 1965.

Dear Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 23rd June, 1965, to the President, together with its enclosure.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/- A.W. Hopcroft

for Secretary to the President.

Shri Nirmalya Bhattacharjee,
Secretary, Bar Association,
Sealdah Police Court,
Calcutta - 14.

....

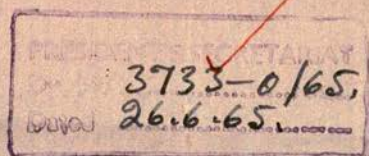
W 35/6
--- Copy, with the letter replied to and its enclosure in original, forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, for disposal.

A.W. Hopcroft
for Secretary to the President.

BAR ASSOCIATION,
SEALDAH POLICE COURT,

Calcutta-14 23. 6. 1965,

To

The President,
Indian Union.
New Delhi

Dear Sir,

I beg to forward herewith a copy of the Resolution adopted unanimously in an Emergent General Meeting of the Sealdah Police Court Bar held on 21. 6. 65 under the Chairmanship of Sri S. S. Sinha, Please acknowledge the receipt hereof and oblige.

Yours faithfully,

Krimalya Bhattacharya

Secretary.

Enclo:- 1.

D
26/6

(51)

Copy of the Resolution adopted unanimously in an
Emergent General Meeting of the members of the
Sealdah Police Court Bar held on 21.6.65 in the
Bar Association Hall, Sealdah Police Court under
the Chairmanship of Sri S.S.Sinha.

RESOLVED That this meeting of the members of the Sealdah Police Court Bar urges upon the Central Government to satisfy the people of this country regarding Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose by appointing an impartial Commission, as thrilling disclosures have been made by Dr. Satya Narayan Sinha in his series of articles published in the Hindusthan Standard and the Anandabazar Patrika as well as through various important statements made by different persons at different times including Dr. Radha Binode Pal, Sri Suresh Chandra Bose and others. Failure to adopt a speedy measure in this direction is sure to rouse a countrywide agitation. This meeting further urges upon the Central Government to take immediate action for his early return amongst his countrymen by securing his freedom.

==

TRUE COPY.

L. S. Sinha
President,
BAR ASSOCIATION,
SEALDAH POLICE COURT

Tribune July 7, 1960 10673-165

OUR WEST BENGAL LETTER

"RIDDLE" OF NETAJI'S DEATH: REALITY AND MYTH

From Our Calcutta Correspondent

For some he is an obsessive cause, for others a dream, to many more merely a political expedient, yet in any one or all three of these capacities Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose still commands State-wide attention as no Bengali has done since the great age of the 19th century reformers.

Subhas Bose failed in his ambition, ill-fated and misguided as he was. But his failure has brought him another kind of triumph — whether this is posthumous or not is the burning question of the day — and one sees the curious spectacle of Marxist politicians, who had in another age denounced Netaji as a fascist for his ill-advised flirting with Hitler's Germany, banding together to defend what they believe to be his rights against Congress' deliberate suppression of facts.

So active and effective has propaganda been, particularly in the Bengali language Press, that no one in the State today accepts the conclusions of the Shah Nawaz Inquiry Commission or of Mr. Shastri's firm reiteration of it in the Lok Sabha as final.

Open Mystery

The "mystery" of his disappearance is regarded as being an open one; even those who are most grateful that the saner counsels of Congress prevailed over the reckless adventurism of the I.N.A. will admit that the air crash at Taihoku in Taiwan in August of 1945 has never been satisfactorily proved. This is the greatest achievement of the Subhas Bose lobby — which means also the militant, chauvinistic Bengali lobby that finds the overall rule of Delhi irksome.

Solving the question of Subhas Bose's disappearance should not have been allowed to become a matter for political polemics but it has turned into just that, not only because the West Bengal Opposition has discovered in it a stick to beat the Government with, but also because the Government's own role has been at best equivocal. Its note on the findings of the Shah Nawaz Inquiry Commission issued on April 25, 1962, created an impression of being dissatisfied with the Centre's attitude without actually saying so. This was no doubt a sop to the millions to whom Netaji was the (and still is) embodiment of all that is proud and noble in the Bengali character without too obviously falling foul of Delhi.

More recently, newspaper reports credited Mr. P. C. Sen with having said on his return from a visit to Tokyo that at the Renkoji temple in Japan he had met a Bengali settled in that country who had told him that the ashes that are preserved there are not Netaji's. The report was not accurate; the Chief Minister's statement was, in point of fact, even more ambiguous. As he told Mr. Jyoti Basu in the Assembly, the Bengali gentleman had told him that he believed Netaji to be dead but that death had not been met in an air crash.

More Curiosity

The riddle was no nearer solution. Earlier, when Mr. Kasi Kanta Maitra (S.S.P.) and Dr. Kanai Bhattacharya (F. B.) had questioned the Chief Minister about Netaji, Mr. Sen had with uncharacteristic highhandedness dismissed the questions as being "irrelevant" and the Speaker with suspicious haste clamped down on the dialogue. But it helped only to fan

the flames of curiosity and desire.

The Forward Bloc — the last people one would associate with the would-be generalissimo of Bengal — has made a public cause of it and meetings sponsored by it at the foot of the Ochterlony Monument, the scene of many a fiery speech by Subhas Bose himself in the turbulent past, have insisted on a reopening of the case. The Shah Nawaz report has been denounced as being "premeditated" and with a rare gift for reconciling irreconcilables, Mr. Hemanta Kumar Bose, M.L.A., even called for unity of Left and Right to "end the Congress misrule" apropos of the Subhas Bose mystery.

Political opportunism in this case merely exploits a not entirely unexpected quirk in the Bengali psyche to keep the Netaji legend alive. Subhas Bose had courage, flair and personal magnetism — qualities that in Germany, Italy and Spain carried popular demagogic leaders to the crests of tremendous waves of national emotion. His lone enterprise, first in Europe and then in the Far East, stirred a chord of romance in a people not by nature stodgy; the solution that he offered seemed as attractive an alternative to the perambulations of the Congress as did the brilliance of Hitler's coup to the crumbling and lacklustre Weimar Republic. There is also, if anybody bothers to think sanely about it, the possibility that Subhas Bose's zeal would have fired the entire nation and averted the tragedy of partition.

All this lives on in the Bengali mind. Reality has blossomed into a myth. The economic frustrations of the post-independence era, the humiliation of defeat on the borders, the burden of an ever-pouring stream of refugees from East Pakistan, and the absence of a boldly imaginative leader of national status in Calcutta have turned the Bengali mind inwards and backwards, living on a memory that gives the lie direct to all the defects with which the Bengali is today credited. Hence the eagerness with which a possible return is welcomed; only the return of such a national hero, it is argued, would ensure for Bengal a reinstatement in its rightful place in the sun.

Public Credulity

This year we celebrated Subhas Bose's 69th birthday, and, significantly, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia presided over the celebrations. At the same time, in Kalvani, some 35 miles from Calcutta, about 20,000 people gathered for the fulfilment of the promise of a second coming: religious and political charlatans had announced that Subhas Bose would appear in the Central Park at 9.35 a.m. and mikes and masses were ready to greet him. Such is public credulity. Meanwhile, in Calcutta, Mr. Ajay Mukherjee, President of the West Bengal Pradesh Congress Committee, was heckled by a large crowd because in a talk on the Quit India movement he had not, apparently, laid enough emphasis on Netaji's role. Mr. Mukherjee's explanation that the non-violent section of the movement was equally, if not more, important, merely added insult to injury.

There are other grievances. The pedestal that was raised for a statue to Subhas Bose at the Shyam-bazaar crossing some six years ago is still lying vacant; the proposed statue that will be raised

where not so long ago stood an equestrian Sir Henry Hardinge is making slow progress; and Mr. Shastri's birthday tribute to the leader was branded as being partisan in as much as he referred to the "cruel hand of death".

Vigorous attempts are being made to disprove this. It is unlikely that the Government will be persuaded to do anything just yet but a reopening of the case with inquiries made in Japan and Formosa, unlike the Shah Nawaz Inquiry Commission which restricted itself to India, is not entirely ruled out. It is felt that Mr. Nehru, had he lived a few months longer would have succumbed to pressure from West Bengal; in the correspondence released by Mr. Amiya Nath Bose, General Secretary of the Netaji Hall Society, is a letter from the late Prime Minister saying "something should be done to finalise the question of Netaji's death" and adding that a judicial inquiry should make on-the-spot investigations. In the reluctance to honour that half-pledge is seen Delhi's old antagonism to Bengal: a local newspaper recently quoted Gandhiji's famous despairing comment on Subhas Bose's election victory.

Ingenious Efforts

Other Press efforts have been ingenious, if lacking in subtlety. A photograph of Mr. Nehru's funeral showed a man very like the missing leader standing by the bier while a supposed portrait of the now famous Sadhu of Shoulmari is an almost exact likeness of a very well known picture of Netaji, with beard and moustache superimposed. The Sadhu has stoutly disclaimed the identity, so have Mr. Niharendu Dutt-Mazumdar (a former Minister and one time associate of Subhas Bose) and the Bose family, but belief dies hard.

A Sunday paper has just concluded a mammoth series of articles, the gist of which is that after a series of fantastically James Bond-like adventures, Subhas Bose reached Dairen in Manchuria where he was captured by the Russians who placed him in the Siberian prison of Yakutsk where he is probably still languishing, though the author does vaguely hint that he might have escaped at the time of the Nazi invasion of the U.S.S.R.

Far fetched as the thesis might sound, it has attracted wide attention. For one thing, it has all the elements of a good adventure story, for another, it was nicely timed. The Bose family's successful libel suit against Mrs. Pat Sharpe, a free lance journalist in Calcutta, who had called Netaji an Indian quising had not been forgotten; there had been riots at Shoulmari and the Ashram was itself in litigation; smaller events such as a Netaji oration by a colleague from his Berlin days or the inauguration of the Netaji Sarovar kept memory alive; and the Forward Bloc's agitation was in full swing. The demand is that the Yakutsk prison version be taken up with the Soviet Government.

Garishly tinted Azad Hind notes portraying Netaji and giving a fortune away for a pice are no longer on sale in the streets of Calcutta but framed portraits of the man himself, bermedalled and in ornate braided uniform, are still to be seen in many roadside shops and eating houses. The arrival of his daughter, long unrecognised, was greeted with a warmth that she in herself could never have aroused. It all adds up to a certain momentum that may lead nowhere, but should, even so, be halted. An exhaustive inquiry by responsible men can only lay the ghost.

M. H. A
Poll. Sec.

(15)

(5)

Dy. 5927/65

These papers may be transferred to E. A. Ministry who are concerned with the investigation into Natasja's death.

106
6-7-65

Repsw
6-7-65

✓ Ministry of External Affairs

D. 5927/65
MHA, U.O. No. Poll. II. dt.

8-7-65

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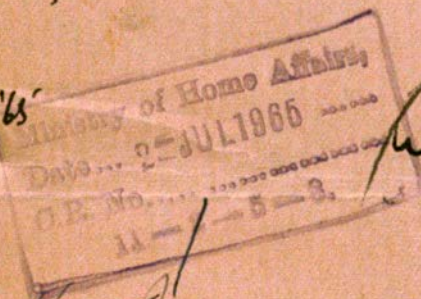
PRESIDENT'S SECRETARIAT

Dy. No. 3405-62/65.

5927/CS Sec. 8
3/7. (59)

May be transferred to the Ministry of Home Affairs.

Re
30/6/65



[Signature]
Under Secretary.

President's Sectt. u/o. No. D 3405-65 dated 1.7.65

[Handwritten signature]

W
3/7

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Date
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By _____



SECOND FOLD

Address

PRESIDENT OF INDIA NEW DELHI ..

PRESIDENT'S SECRETARIAT
Dy. No. 34.05-ECR/65
Date 29.6.65

FIRST FOLD

0 0445 2 GAUHATI 29

SATYANARAYAN SINHA STATEMENT 28TH JUNE 65 DAI NIK BASUMATI
PRAY INVESTIGATE EXISTANCE NETAJI

HIMANGSHU RAHACHOUDHURY
KHIRISH DAS

9/35 K

The sequence of entries at the beginning of this telegram is--class of telegram, time handed in, serial number, office of origin, date service instructions (if any) and number of words.

This form must accompany any enquiry respecting this telegram.

MGIPAh, 18-5-4-65-20,000 Bks.

M.H.A.
Polit Sec.

(16)

(60)

Dy Nos 6098, 6118 and 6119/65-

There are demands for a fresh inquiry into ~~the~~ Nalaji's death. These papers may be passed on to the Ministry of External Affairs who are concerned with the subject.

Kus
9-7-65

Rajan

9/7

ms (Pr)
14/7

Csupm
12-7-65

China
13/7

✓ Ministry of External Affairs.

18031-00
13/7

D-6119/65
M.H.A. W.O. No. Pol. II. dt.

12-7-65

Pl. file

BRA garwal
16-7-65

used ✓
SPR
14/7

10721-9/65
17/7

Man for with solution tapes
15/7

✓ 6098765 Pol. B
9/7/65

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Forwarded to the Ministry of Home
Affairs, New Delhi,

for disposal.

The communication has ~~been~~ not been
acknowledged.

Ministry of Home Affairs,
Date... 1 JUL 1965
C.R. No. 11-1-5-8

for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister
W 8/7

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 17.62.1

dated... 16 JUL 1965

P.M.S. I.

Dear Sir,

Home

11/11/17

Panipat 28-6-65
1762-1

Please take a suitable and real inquiry order for the Indian most popular leader, Subash Chandra Bose. I saw in the Bengali News paper "Jugantar" that Dr. Satyanarayan Sinha has said in the maidan of Calcutta that Subash Chandra Bose is now alive. Netaji was not really dead at the plain accident at "Thaife" in Formosa. Now he spent a prisoner life in the jail of Saiberia at the cell no 45. Shahanawaj report about Netajee is only full false life like Cook and bull story.

I only pray to you (Shastrijee) and Indian Government for a appropriate inquiry order for Netajee Subash Chandra Bose.

Can you not think that it is a very miserable matter not only for Bengali National and but also Netajee. He (Netajee) fight for country by sacrificing his all property and luxury. In my opinion he is a real patriot in a every inch.

P.T.O

At present there is no real
and suitable leader for leading
our country after Nehru's
death. For these causes
Netaji's has a specially
necessary for the condition
of our country. I believe
in the "Gita" maxim
that "Truth will win."

I hope that you (Shastriji)
will kindly request to
the Government for realising
of Netaji from Sabitri's
jail immediately. I
also request to examine
the Shahana's report.
"Satam Bival Sundara"

Roddy Singh

अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER



Lal Bahadur Shastri
(The Prime Minister of India)

P.O. New-Delhi

New-Delhi-11

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-

Roddy Singh,
40, Pargale Khalsa Hindu Hotel,
(Near Mina Cinema),
P.O. Panikati,
Vill. Panikati,
24 Parganas
(W Bengal)

इस पत्र के अन्तर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

6118/65 9/7
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Ministry of Home Affairs
C.E. No. 8 JUL 1965
11-2-6-8.

the Ministry of
Forwarded to
Home Affairs, New Delhi,

for disposal.

The communication has been/65 been
acknowledged.

for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 17652/65

dated.....

P.M.S. I.

12852. PCO/85
R-15/15

Calcutta, 1st July 1965.

Hon'ble Prime Minister,
Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri,
New Delhi.

Copy Home
25/7

Sir,

With due respect we wish to invite your kind attention to some recent news items, special articles and even editorial comments of several daily papers of Calcutta which are confidently challenging the verdict of "Shah Nawaj Enquiry Commission" on Netaji's death incidence at Taipeh and demanding a fresh judicial enquiry commission headed by the Chief Justice of Supreme Court.

Dr. Satyanarayan Sinha's articles as published in the Hindustan Standard and Ananda Bazar Patrika on this subject have really shaken our confidence in the verdict of "Shah Nawaj Enquiry Commission". Our beloved ex-Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru had also some doubt about the correctness of the verdict and expressed the desire of instituting another Commission to probe into the affairs at the last phase of his life which died with his mortal existence.

We, therefore, earnestly request you to throw your personal influence upon your good offices to institute a suitable Commission to probe into the mysterious disappearance of one of the greatest National heroes of India, our beloved Subhas Chandra Bose and relieve the nation from the wistful propaganda of the press and individuals.

Wishing you happy, prosperous and long life,

We remain,
Sir,

Yours faithfully,

Communications to be addressed to:

Shri Santosh Kr. Chakraborty,
3/3, K.P. Roy Road,
P.O. Hattu,
24 Parganas.

Sankar Prasad Banerjee
Bisendra Chandra Chakravarty
Shyama Charan Chatterji
Hiralal Sarker
In Mas Chandra Bose
Sunil Kumar Majumder

Sankar Prasad Banerjee
Bisesh Chandra Acharya
Ranjit Kumar Mukherjee
Jyotsna Kishore Paul
Santosh Kumar Chakraborty
Siddip Kumar Ganguly
Sunil Kumar Pal
Gopal Chandra Mitra
Madan Gopal Roy

Shrugsprada Basoji

Sisir Kumar Ghosh

Anil Kumar Chatterjee

Pijush Kanti Datta

Prodya Kumar Monchojee

Amulya Ratan Sil

San Prakash Mukherjee.

Datta

Ram Nath Nandi

Satishanjan Das



(157)

Ministry of Home Affairs
Political II Section

6265

Dy. Nos. 6201-03, 6266, 6283-86

These are about alleged existence of Netaji Bose in a prison in Siberia. Requests are made to get his release or to have a fresh enquiry conducted into his disappearance. These representations may be transferred to the E. A. Ministry who are concerned with the points raised therein.

KM
17-7-65

Rejme

17/7

US (CP)
20/7

C. K. S. P.

20/7/65

ME A (China Division)

D 6286/65 21-7-65
R.H.A. U.O. No. Pol. H.

11204-c/65

27/7

US (CP) ✓

Pl. file

BP Aganwe

27.7.65

S. R. Bar

27/7

रजिस्टर्ड

महोदय

श्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री

प्रधान मंत्री, भारत सरकार,
नई दिल्ली।

11/11/51

लखनऊ

२९-६-६५

आदरणीय प्रधान मंत्रीजी,

गतकल (२९-६-६५) की दैनिक स्वतंत्र भारत पत्रिका में प्रकाशित संवाद के अनुसार प्रसिद्ध लेखक श्री सत्यनारायण सिन्हा कलकत्ता मैदान में आयोजित २९-६-६५ की एक सभा में बोलते हुये कहा कि उन्होंने ^{संकेत} पता लगाया कि नेताजी सुभाष चन्द्र बोस साइबेरिया (रूस) के स्कौटोव्स जेल की कोठरी नम्बर ७ में आज भी बंद है तथा उन घड़ियों की प्रतीक्षा कर रहे हैं कि कब भारतवासी उन्हें यहां से मुक्त करायें।

मुझे विश्वास है कि प्रत्येक स्वदेश-प्रेमी तथा स्वामिमानी भारतवासी उक्त संवाद से बहुत ही व्यथित हुये होंगे। मैं आपसे प्रार्थना कर रहा हूँ कि उक्त संवाद की सत्यता की जांच तथा शीघ्र सम्भव कराने का कष्ट करें। अगर यह सत्य है तो हर सम्भव उपायों से भारतीय स्वतंत्रता संग्राम की जलन्ता आगशिखा नेताजी सुभाष चन्द्र बोस को सकुशल भारत-भूमि पर लौटाने का कसी सरकार से दृढ़ दावा करें एवं अबतक उन्हें रूसी जेल में बंद रखने का कारण तथा उन्हें स्वदेश न लौटाने का जवाब माँगे।

मैं आशा करता हूँ कि आप इसे जातीय (राष्ट्रीय) मर्यादा सम्भरकर अतिशीघ्र उचित कार्यवाही करेंगे। उत्तर की प्रतीक्षा में हूँ।

मेरा सम्मानपूर्ण नमस्कार सहज हो कीजिये,

इति

पता :-
द्वारा विदामिन लैबज आफ इंडिया प्रा. लि.
श्रीवांग, लखनऊ-४.

निकुपम सरकार

✓ 6202/LS 24.0

13/7

72

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Forwarded tothe..Ministry.of.Home
.....Affairs, New Delhi,
.....

for disposal.

The communication has been/not been
acknowledged.



P. V. Narayan
Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Page 5
Part II
W
13/7

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 38379-H65

dated..... 12 JUL 1965

P.M.S. I.

GMGIPND-IS-15 P. M. Sectt.-J.C. 1823-14-8-64-40,000.

साइबेरिया का जेल में नेताजी मृत नहीं जीवित

(नगर प्रतिनिधि द्वारा)

कलकत्ता, २७ जून। प्रसिद्ध लेखक डा० सत्यनारायण सिन्हा ने आज यहां जोरदार शब्दों में तथा तथ्यपूर्ण भाषणों सहित तालियों के गड़गड़ाहट के मध्य यह रहस्योद्घाटन किया कि नेताजी सुभाष चन्द्र बोस साइबेरिया (रूस) के "एकोटाक्स" जेल के सेल नम्बर ४५ में आज भी जीवित हैं तथा घड़ियों की प्रतीक्षा कर रहे हैं जबकि भारतवासी उन्हें यहां से मुक्त कराये। डा० सिन्हा आज यहां सार काल मैदान में आयोजित नागरिकों की विशाल जनसभा में भाषण दे रहे थे।

वायुयान दुर्घटना में मृत्यु नहीं

उन्होंने कहा कि जो लोग यह समझते हैं कि नेताजी वायुयान दुर्घटना में मर चुके हैं, वे अन्धरे में हैं। उन्होंने यह बताया कि मैंने इस रहस्य का पता लगाया है कि नेताजी उक्त वायुयान में सवार थे या नहीं। उन्होंने कहा कि जब ब्रिटिश सरकार उन्हें पकड़ने पर उतारू हो चुकी थी, उस समय वे जापान में थे और सरकार की दृष्टि से बचने के लिये वहां योजना बना रहे थे।

विमानकाण्ड का स्वांग

जापान में यह सोचा गया कि एक विमान दुर्घटना कर यह प्रसारित किया जाय कि नेताजी की उसमें मृत्यु हो गयी, ताकि अंग्रेजी सरकार और अन्य लोगों को जो कि उनके दुश्मन थे, यह विश्वास हो जाय कि नेताजी मर चुके हैं। बाद में जापान द्वारा यह प्रसिद्ध कर दिया गया कि वायुयान दुर्घटना में नेताजी मारे गये। (निर्वाचित) २८/६

श्री राजकिशोर शुक्ल

सदस्य :-

भारत सेवक समाज (पश्चिमी बंगाल)

पैसेजर एसोसियेशन (")

पत्र संख्या नं० 317/के०एस०32/ए५



mm

प्रतीमान पुंधान मंत्रीजी,

मैं आग्रह के ध्यान में (कलकत्ता) दिनांक 20 जून 1965 को नागौरको की ओर से "आमसभा" शाम साढ़े पांच बजे "मैदान" में की गई थी जिसमें प्रोफेसर लेखक-कवि डा० लक्ष्मणरायन सिन्हाजी ने "नेताजी सुभाष" के बारे में अत्यंत भाषण में जनसमूह के सामने कहा कि "नेता सुभाष चन्द्र बोस साइबेरिया (68) एकोटाक्स जेल के सेल नं० 85 में जीवित हैं।"

मैं भी उस सभा में था सब बातें "सिन्हाजी" की सुनी, मैं आग्रह से - निवेदन कहूंगा, कि "सिन्हाजी" ने जो बात सभा के बीच कही है, कहां तक सत्य है जिस की जांच गृह मंत्रालय से शीघ्र करा कर दें, कारण "नेताजी" के जीवित रहने की आफ को बराबर आती रहती है, जिस से जनता असमंजस में पड़ जाती है।

आशा है आग्रह इस विषय में ध्यान आकर्षित करते होंगे, उचित जांच करेंगे, जिस से जनता को इस बारे में सही बातें मालूम हो सकें।

सलग्न:- एक

घरका पता :-

फोन नं०

नं० 11, साउथ स्यालदह रोड,

(शुक्लाकुटी) कलकत्ता-14

पत्रोत्तर इस पते पर :- फोन नं० 11-1009

मा० रघुबीरप्रसाद राजेशकुमार

नं० 4, अमरतल्ला स्ट्रीट, (एक तल्ला)

कलकत्ता-1

ता० 20 जून 1965

भवदीय,

राजकिशोर शुक्ल

✓ 6203/65 Poll. 8
13/7

Government of India
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not
been acknowledged.

Ministry of Home Affairs,

Date... 12 JUL 1965

C.R. No.

Puradman
for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 38417-Hiv

Dated: _____

9 JUL 1965

W
13/7

श्री प्रधान मंत्री श्री लाल बाहदुर शास्त्री जी का हाथ
जोड़कर प्रार्थना है कि वह हमारे ऊपर कृपा करें
आगे समाचार यह है कि सारी दुनिया नेता सुभाष
कोल को मरा जाना के बारे में नहीं मर रहे दुःख-
सन्धनारायण को खोज नहीं नेता सुभाष चन्द्र साहब के रिश्ते
स्वस्थ भी जेल में बन्द है कोठरी नम्बर ४५ में-
आज तक जिवन्दा है तथा उन घाँड़ों को प्रतीक्षा
कर रहे हैं कि कब भारत वाली उन्हें वहाँ से मुक्त
करायें। लोग कहते थे कि नेता जी वायुमान की-
दुर्घटना में स्वतन्त्र होगे यह गलत है जिस समय कि
यस सरकार उन्हें पकड़ने पर उतार होगई थी-
उस समय वह जापान में थे जिस सरकार के रेल
तरे की वजह से वह छिप कर रहित और नई या-
जना में बनोते रहे और उन्होंने प्रपन को जीवित-
सावित नहीं किया और यह किसी को मालुम न-
हो कि वह जिवन्दा है आज ~~का~~ पान दूर यह प्रसिद्ध
कर दिया कि वायुमान की दुर्घटना में नेता जी मारे गये
डा. सिन्हा ने कहा इस बाद नेता जी चले गये और उन्होंने
प्रपन नाम बदल कर ताओ लिखा रख लिखा था-
इस बाद चांग कोई शेरव उनसे कई बार मिले और
परन्तु ताओ से तुंग जो कि वर्तमान चीन के सर्व
सर्व था उसने चांग कोई शेरव के लिये भाग जाने
को कहा था जिसके पश्चात् जिस पत्र में नेता
जी का नव्य ली नाम था और जन्म स्थान लिखा था
वह ताओ के हाथ लग गया ताओ ने खुद सरकार
के दस्तावेज को दिया।

आगे जात है हाथ लगाते हैं अपने नेताजी को जो
मेरे कर लिया इसके पश्चात् इस सरकार ने सार
कोरिया से उक्त जेल में भेज दिया। और जेल में रुक
नजूर नाम के व्यक्ति ने जो नेताजी को आग लगा
और भारत का दौरा भी कर चुका था उस को कि
लौ, प्रपराध में इस सरकार ने जेल में भेज दिया
उस ने रिहा होने पर भारत का एक प्रवीन युवमारु
आजी ने इस जी के सम्बन्ध में सूचना दी कि जो
उक्त जेल में बंद है। शास्त्री जी लाल बहादुर जी
को सूचित करते हैं जो जल्दों में नेताजी को
मुक्ति कराकर, प्रपने लाना इस जाकार लि
या लामें बहिरे को शौल मारी, प्राप्ति में रहते
नेताजी को मारा हो जाकर दुड़ा लामें और पर्याप्त
ध्यान में रखना किसी सरकार ने नेताजी को नजर
बन्द नहीं करेगा जो भारत वासियों से बहुत दूरे
व्यक्तिने प्राप्ति हमारे मवा दिये थे उन्होंने शास्त्री जी
से एक प्रार्थना, और की है कि हम लोग स्वतंत्रता
संग्राम में अपनी जान पर बिल लीकित हम लोगों को
कोई पद प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है साथ चाहता है कि
हमारे लिए कोई पद मिलना चाहिए हम लोग प्र
भी देश सेवा कर रहे हैं, प्राप्ति के किसी को
किसी को मजबूत होना दिया कि किसी को
लिपे मरे उठाने वाले का भी होना नहीं
शास्त्री जी जैसी, प्राप्ति

6265/65-24.8
14/7

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Forwarded to the Ministry of Home
Affairs, New Delhi,

for disposal.

The communication has been/not been
acknowledged.

Ministry of Home Affairs,

Date 13 JUL 1965

C.R. No. for

P. V. Narayana
Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 39067-1165

dated 12 JUL 1965

P.M.S. I.

39067-H-25

जी० पी० मोहम्मद
148 मंजी चौक अमराहा
दिनांक 6.7.65

मानव वंशावृत्ति जी
अथ भारत

MADH

आपकी सेवा में यह का आज पहला डाला जा रहा
है कि इसका मुख्य विषय जो है वह यह है कि हमारे
धारे नेता जी सुभाष चंद्र बोस जीवित हैं या नहीं।
जिसके बारे में लोगों ने दिलों में आज चर्चा कर
की किनारा है। क्योंकि समाचार पत्रों में भी उनके
जन्मदिनारी आश्चर्य के बताते हैं कि कभी साइबरिंग
में जैसा है कभी कुछ दिनों पूर्व एक प्रसिद्ध पत्र
दैनिक में सुना है कि नेता जी सुभाष चंद्र साहब
जी जेल में हैं। अगर यह सर्वथा सत्य है तो को
नहीं का जो हमारी सम्मानित सरकार उन्हें रिहा
कराती। अगर यह असत्य है तो क्यों नहीं उन
लोगों को मुक्त कर देता। जो जंगल में लहं-
का उचार कर रहे हैं।

क्या सम्मानित शांसी जी व उनकी सरकार
इसका उत्तर देगी।
जंगल में बंदे हुए आम का शीश

ही इर राजाजी

काल के लिए धन्यवाद

भवदीय
जी० पी० मोहम्मद

6/7/65

अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER

14
सुवाम



श्रीमान लाल बहादुर शास्त्री

प्रधानमंत्री, भारत सरकार

प्रधान मंत्री भवन

New Delhi - नई दिल्ली

तीसरा मोड़ Third fold

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-

श्री ० पी० माहज्वरी "पंजाब"

१४८ गड़ी चौक बाजार जूह

पो० अमरोहा जिल० मुरादाबाद

इस पत्र के अन्तर्गत कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED



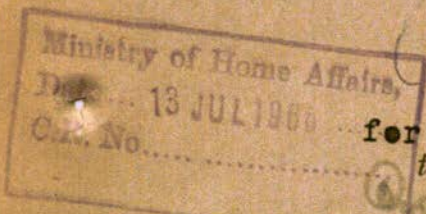
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12/7

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded tothe Ministry of Home
Affairs, New Delhi,
.....

for disposal.

The communication has ~~been~~/not been
acknowledged.



for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 1726-14/65

dated..... 12 JUL 1965

P.M.S. I.

GMGIPND-18-15 P. M. Sectt.-J.C. 1823-14-8-64-40,000.



INDIAN POSTS AND



TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

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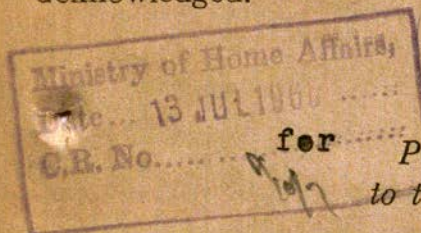
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Forwarded to the Ministry of Home
Affairs, New Delhi,
.....

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for disposal.

The communication has ~~been~~/not been
acknowledged.



for
Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No.... 17280

dated..... 22 JUL 1965

P.M.S. I.

Home

17750 Bus 65

In reply please quote no 38(1)/65-PMP
Dated 22 Jun 1965

Nattam Stram Sundaram

Dear Sir,

I am very glad to receive your letter dated 7th June which I send to you. Somedays ago you may observed in various daily Indian News Paper that Netaji is now still alive and the prisoner of Saeberia in Russia. If you kindly request to the President of Russia to free him from jail.

I pray to God the long life & of your health and physical development
Thanking you in anticipation.

Respectfully,
Nattam Stram Sundaram

अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER



To

Lal Bahadur Shastri.
(The Prime Minister of
India).

P.O. New-Delhi

New-Delhi-11

तीसरा मोड़ Third fold

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-

Pradeep Singh
c/o Punjab Khalsa Hindu Hotel.
(Near Mina Cinema)
P.O. Panikhat.
24 Pargana S.

W Bengal

इस पत्र के अन्दर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

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Government of India
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not
been acknowledged.

P. Narain

for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Ministry of Home Affairs
13 JUL 1965

Prime Minister's Sectt.U.O.No. 39040-H/65

Dated: 12 JUL 1965

[Handwritten signature and initials]

यह एक व्यक्तित्व पत्र है ^{म. म. म.} ^{8.4} ⁷⁷ ^{से} प्रधान मंत्री
 निवास के कर्मचारियों ^{से} प्राचीन है
 कि वह इस प्रधान मंत्री श्री लाल
 बहादुर शास्त्री तक पहुंच जाते हैं।

गौतंगकुटीर, जयगंज आ. भवदीय
 3-6-62 अलीगढ़ दिनराचन्द्र

Dated:- July 3, 1965

साहब जयहिन्द।

मैं आपको भारत-पाक सम्झौते पर आपकी दृढ़ विदेश नीति एवं सफल विदेश यात्रा पर आपकी हार्दिक बधाई देता हूँ।

मैं एक भारतीय नागरिक की दृष्टि से आपका ध्यान संलग्न समाचार जिसमें कि हमारे महान् नेता सुभाष चन्द्र बोस के साइबेरिया रुस की "रुकोवोव्स" जेल की कोठरी नं० ४५ में आज भी जीवित होने का दावा किया गया है की ओर आकर्षित करता हूँ। आज देश में नेताजी के विषय में अनेक अफवाहें फैल रही हैं। कभी उत्तम चंद्र मेहरोत्रा कहते हैं कि एक बार स्वयं स्व० पं० नेहरू ने यह स्वीकार किया था कि नेताजी जीवित हैं। कभी उनकी चिता के पास एक साधू के समाचार पत्र में छप चुका एवं शोलभाई भास्कर के बाबा की ओर संकेत कर रहे हैं। महादय आप भारतीय जनता के सच्चे प्रतिनिधि हैं और हम पूर्ण विश्वास हैं कि आप भी यदि यह समाचार सही है - तो किसी भारतीय से काम प्रसन्न न होंगे।

मैं आपसे एक साधारण नागरिक की दृष्टि से प्रार्थना करता हूँ कि आप इस विषय पर U.S.S.R. की सरकार से जानकारी प्राप्त कर बोल कदम उठायें।

एक दूसरी प्रार्थना आपसे उत्तर प्रदेश के नागरिक होने के नाते है कि आप प्रदेश काँग्रेस विवाद को सुलझाने के लिये दोनों गुटों के नेताओं से कहें कि वह राजनीति से अवकाश ग्रहण करें एवं आप अपने इस ग्रह प्रदेश में भी पंजाब की भाँति एक और 'राम किशन' भेज दें तो शायद आपका यह प्रदेश भी जमाने की तेज रफ़्तार के साथ चल सकेगा।

यदि आप इन ओर बोल कदम न उठायेंगे तो मैं समझता हूँ कि आप भी सत्ता अपनाते के बाद निकम्मे होते जा रहे हैं।

आदर रखें। प्यार के साथ

आपका शिष्टकः अमिताभ साहू गौरव

573157 (515)

दिनेश

(लखनऊ विश्वविद्यालय)
का रुक होगे

श्री भाव भवार्थ शास्त्री

पद्मान अत्री अवतार

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नेताजी सुभाष बोस साइबेरिया की जेल में बन्द ?

डा० सत्यनारायण की नई खोज

कलकत्ता, २८ जून (हि. स.) । प्रसिद्ध लेखक डा. सत्यनारायण सिंह ने कल यहाँ जोरदार शब्दों में तथा खोजपूर्ण तथ्यों सहित तालियों की गड़गड़ हट के मध्य यह रहस्योद्घाटन किया कि नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्र बोस साइबेरिया (रूस) की "एकोटोक्स" जेल की कोठरी नम्बर ४५ में आज भी जीवित हैं तथा उन घड़ियों की प्रतीक्षा कर रहे हैं, कि कब भारतवासी उन्हें वहाँ से मुक्त करायें।

डा. सिन्हा जेल सायंकाल मैदान में आयोजित नागरिकों की एक विशाल जनसभा में भाषण कर रहे थे।

उन्होंने कहा कि जो लोग यह समझते हैं कि नेताजी वायुयान दुर्घटना में मर चुके हैं, वे अंधेरे में हैं। उन्होंने कहा कि मेने स्वयं इस रहस्य का पता लगाया है कि नेताजी उक्त वायुयान में सवार थे या नहीं।

नकली दुर्घटना

उन्होंने कहा कि जब ब्रिटिश सरकार उन्हें पकड़ने पर उतारू हो चुकी थी, उस समय वे जापान में थे और सरकार की कुदृष्टि से बचने के लिये ही वहाँ योजना बना रहे थे। जापान में यह साँचा गया कि एक विमान दुर्घटना कर यह प्रसिद्ध कर दिया जाये कि नेताजी की उसमें मृत्यु हो गयी है ताकि अंग्रेजी सरकार और उनके अन्य शत्रुओं को यह विश्वास हो जाये कि नेताजी दुर्घटना में मारे गये हैं। बाद में जापान द्वारा यह प्रसिद्ध कर दिया गया कि वायुयान में नेताजी मारे गए।

डा. सिन्हा ने पुनः इस बात को दुहराया कि श्री शाहनवाज ने नेताजी के बारे में अपनी जाँच के पश्चात् जो यह कहा है कि नेताजी दुर्घटनाग्रस्त हो गये थे, वह बिलकुल असत्य है। उन्होंने बताया कि इस दुर्घटना के बाद नेताजी अन्यत्र चले गये थे। उन्होंने यह भी बताया कि नेताजी ने अपना नाम बदलकर "ताजीलिंग" रख लिया था और जन्म स्थान बर्मा की सीमा पर अवस्थित "नैन" बताया था। वे इसी क्रम में चांग काई शेक से भी मिले थे परन्तु माओ से तंग जो कि वर्तमान में चीन के सर्वेसर्वा हैं, द्वारा चांग काई शेक को भाग जाने के लिए विवश कर दिया जाने के पश्चात् जिस पत्र में नेताजी का नकली नाम तथा जन्मस्थान लिखा हुआ था वह माओ के हाथ लग गया और उसने उक्त पत्र को रूस सरकार के हवाले कर दिया। इसी दौरान में नेताजी रूसियों के कब्जे में चले गये जो उन्हें तलाश कर रहे थे। इसके पश्चात् रूस सरकार द्वारा साइबेरिया से उक्त जेल भेज दिया गया।

कंदो द्वारा जानकारी

उन्होंने बताया कि इस रहस्य का उद्घाटन उस समय हुआ जबकि मज्रुक नामक एक व्यक्ति ने, जो नेताजी को जानता था और भारत का दौरा भी कर चुका था, और जिसे किसी अपराध में रूस सरकार ने उक्त जेल में बन्द कर दिया था, रिहा होने पर मैं उसे एक भारतीय व्यक्ति श्री अवनि-कुमार मुखर्जी को नेताजी के सम्बन्ध में

सूचना दी कि वे उक्त जेल में कैद हैं। मज्रु भी अपनी रूस यात्रा के दौरान में श्री मुखर्जी ने शैलमारी आश्रम के बाबा का उल्लेख करते हुए कहा कि यह बकवास तथा व्यर्थ की बातें हैं। उन्होंने कहा कि मैं उन बाबा को अच्छी तरह जानता हूँ। आज से ही नहीं, बल्कि बहुत पहिले से।

अन्त में श्री सिन्हा ने जनता से आग्रह किया कि वह हमारे प्यारे नेताजी को, जिनकी आज बहुत आवश्यकता है और जबकि चारों ओर सीमाओं पर शत्रु महबाये खड़े, प्रवा। में लायें। इसके लिये हमें सरकार से इस सम्बन्ध में जोरदार कार्यवाही करने के लिये आग्रह करना चाहिए। उन्होंने इसके लिये जाँच समिति गठित करने की मांग की, जो कि रूस में नेताजी की हालत की जानकारी प्राप्त करे।

अन्त में अखिल भारतीय फारवर्ड ब्लाक के अध्यक्ष श्री हेमन्त बसु ने कहा कि यदि सरकार ने इस सम्बन्ध में कुछ नहीं किया तो हम व्यापक आन्दोलन शुरू करने के लिये तैयार रहना चाहिए।

✓ 6285/65 *File. 18*
1577

Government of India
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Part Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not
been acknowledged.

Ministry of Home Affairs, Date. 13 JUL 1965 C.R. No.	<i>Private</i> for Private Secretary to the Prime Minister <i>✓</i>
---	--

Prime Minister's Sectt.U.O.No. 39056-H/15

Dated: 12 JUL 1965

W. J. J. 147

शिवनाथ सिंह सिलौदया
Vill. P.O. मोड़ला
Dist. रुहा (3090)

MMS

30 जून ६५

आदरणीय प्रधान मंत्री महोदय,

२८ जून ६५ को कलकत्ता में ज० सत्यनारायण सिंह ने जो भाषण दिया है, उसमें उन्होंने बताया है कि नेताजी — सुभाष चन्द्र बोस साइबेरिया (रूस) की 'रुकोटोक्स' जेल की कोठरी नं० ४५ में आज भी जीवित हैं तथा उन चडियों की प्रतीक्षा कर रहे हैं, कि कब भारत बलि उन्हें वहाँ से मुक्त करायें।

महोदय ! शीलमारी आशुम की आफवाह कोरी आफवाह थी लेकिन इन बातों (जो सिन्हा मारा बताएंगे) में बहुत कुछ तथ्य दिखि देता है। अतः मैं आपसे अनुरोध ही नहीं आग्रह भी करूंगा कि ज० सत्यनारायण सिंह से पूरी जानकारी प्राप्त कर अविलम्ब जाँच कराई जाने की कृपा करें। अगर वास्तव में वहाँ नेताजी इस परिस्थिति में हैं तो उन्हें शीघ्र ही मुक्त करने की कोशिश की जाय।

आशा है कोई कोटि जन की आशा पूरी करने की कृपा करेंगे।

आपका शिवनाथ सिलौदया



✓ 6286/65 Poling
1977

Government of India
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

File T
Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication^{have} has not
been acknowledged.

P. S. S. S. S.
for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Ministry of Home Affairs,
Date: 13 JUL 1965
No.
Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. _____
39038-37-Hil5

Dated: 12 JUL 1965

W/ 147
10/11/77

सेवा में,

mtd
02/04

हजार पर न प्रिय नीता लाल बहादुर शास्त्री जी

गणतन्त्र

हमें खेद के साथ आपका खचित करना

पड़ रहा है कि आप हमारे प्रिय

नीता स. पु. माधव चन्द्र बोर के लापता

लाने का कष्ट करें जो इस समय

कसी जेल (गुजरातीया के संगल में है) उनमें

अन्तर्गत हैं) हमारा 20 ~~जुलै~~ लासली धारा 144

का दावा है कि यदि आप 1 माह के

अन्दर हमारे नीता के लापता न लायें

तो आपकी जहाँ हालत होगी जो

गौरी जी की हुई थी / आप को

श्री माँ जी की तरह गोमती से उड़ा
 दिया जायेगा। यह हमने भी देखा है
 तब लिखा है हमें इस आशा है कि आप
 हमारे प्रिय नेता सुभाष चंद्र बोस की
 शीघ्र आपसे मिल सकेंगे। (किसी भी कारणों से)
 का प्रयत्न करेंगे। यदि आप नेता को वापस
 लाने का प्रयत्न कर रहे हैं तो रोडियो पर आपका दूसरा
 उद्घोषण बधाई है नेता

← पहला मोड़ First fold →



Ten lakhs Vishwasatti

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-

तीसरा मोड़ Third fold

New Delhi
 Parliament House
 Minister of India
 Shree Lal Bahadur Shastri



अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
 INLAND LETTER

← दूसरा मोड़ Second fold →

NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

प.स. १२/६५

तिथि:- ३०-६-६५

प्रेम, डॉ० तारकेश्वर प्रसाद

राजनैतिक व समाजिक कार्यकर्ता
करबला रोड, धनबाद

प्रेमिता - श्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री

अध्यापक मंत्री, भारत सरकार
नयी दिल्ली-

विषय:- नेताजी सुभाष बोस साहब-हिम
की जेल में बंदी के सम्बन्ध उचित जांच
किया जाना।

प्रसंग:- डॉ० सत्यनारायण सिंह (लेखक)
की नई नौज।

श्री० महाराज

मैं आपका छान उपरोक्त विषय के
सम्बन्ध में आकृष्ट कल इस अनुसंधान का
ना चाहूंगा कि अगर उपरोक्त खबरों को
कि डॉ० सत्यनारायण सिंह ने कलकत्ता में
(जनसभा में) एक सत्रोद्घाटन किया है कि
नेताजी साहब-हिम (एस) की "एकीकृत"
जेल की कोठरी नम्बर ४२ में आज की
जीवित है, तथा उन घड़ियों की प्रतिलिपि
में है कि उन भारतवासी उन्हें बहाल
मुक्त करायेंगे तो इसी नौज की जानी चाहूँ
गे तथा एस सरकार को पत्राचार किया-
जाना चाहिये। अगर उपरोक्त खबरों

मं वास्तविकता है (तां गंगाज)
 जिन्की आज नुत आवश्मक
 तां को जव कि चारों को।
 सिमा को प/रात्र मुहं वाम रज
 है) ता उवकी लोअ आवश्मकी
 जानी चाहिये।

उपरोक्त समाचार समन हिन्दुता
 न दैनिक पत्रिका (३० जून ६२ मा-
 ली) में दोना। (६५२ ४ कालम-
 ३-४ में)
 कृपया पत्रिका देन का
 कृपया करे। कृपया

ता/क/क/प/मा/६



39039 मई 1962
 1765
 615 PM

श्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री

प्रधान मंत्री

भारत सरकार

नयी दिल्ली।

IMMEDIATE

(18)

12596-C/65
27/8

Government of West Bengal

..Home..(Political)..Department

From Shri R. N. Sen Gupta, I.A.S.,
Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal.

To :The Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Ministry of External Affairs, New Delhi.

4855-P/31-67/65..., dated, Calcutta, the...20th August, 1965.

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith, for disposal,
a copy of a letter without date addressed to the Home
Minister of this State by Shri Gour Ganguli of Ramshilla
(Kulu) Punjab, regarding Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal.

N.D./20.viii

[Handwritten signature] (note)

[Handwritten notes:]
S.R.
Can file to
US (C) / 1951
26/8

[Handwritten signature]
25/8

8451-PLI C 465/8
25/8

[Handwritten signature]
25/8

From :

Shri Gour Ganguli,
ANNAPURNA MANDIR
RAMSHILLA (KULU). PANJAB.

TO

The Honourable Home Minister,
Government of West Bengal,
Old Secretariate,
Calcutta-1.

Honourable Sir,

I beg to draw your kind attention on the series of articles published in the esteemed Bengali National daily Ananda Bazar Patrika and in relation to the facts found in those articles I am quite confident as a Patriot and as an Ex-associate of NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA, the greatest hero of the Indian National Freedom struggle, that this illustrious hero's death declared by the Govt. of India may not be incorrect. The facts stated in Dr. Singh's article proves that after the surrender of the Japanese to the Anglo-American authorities, NETAJI flew to DAIREN and was subsequently captured by the Russian secret police. Before his being captured the Russians contacted through the Chinese National Govt. Agents to Indian Diplomats and no heed was paid to this as the Govt. of India was not dealing with the Chinese Communist Govt. As the result of this negligence our motherland is deprived of the yeomen services of our greatest leader NETAJI SUBHASH CHANDRA. The Committee headed by Maj. Gen. Shabe NAWAJKHAN to enquire to ascertain the death and could not convince the Public at large about the death of NETAJI and Sh. Satish Chandra Bose a member of the same enquiry committee submitted a comparative authentic report wherein the death of NETAJI under the mentioned circumstances was refuted.

Netaji lived at Calcutta and started his heroic journey from the city of Calcutta. It may be the duty of the responsible citizen of Calcutta to throw some light about the life and activities of Netaji.

Under the context I would request your honour to offer some light in reference to Dr. Singh's article. At this crucial juncture of the nation people are eager to draw inspiration from the heroic leader of Asia, Netaji Subhash Chandra on humanitarian ground.

Yours
with best regards,

Sd/- Gour Ganguli.

N.B./

Ala
2/5

August 30, 65

Q1-1111
3/2
3/2
The Secretary to the
Govt. of West Bengal,
Home (Political) Deptt.
CALCUTTA.

Sir,

ISSUED
3-1-65
I am directed to acknowledge
receipt of your letter No. 4855/3L-67/65
dated the 20th August, 1965 forwarding a
letter from Shri Gour Ganguli regarding
Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

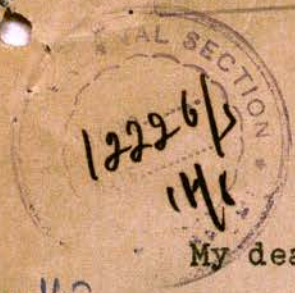
Yours faithfully,

B.P. Agarwal
(B.P. Agarwal)
Under Secretary (C-I)

TEL. 47-2248

(20)

1, WOODBURN PARK,
CALCUTTA, 20.
August 8, 1965.



13293-4/5
1.19

My dear Shri Nandaji,

I held a press conference on the 3rd of August last regarding the appointment of a Commission of Enquiry to enquire into the circumstances of Netaji's disappearance in August, 1945. I enclose herewith a copy of the note I handed over to the press for your perusal.

I shall be going to Delhi on the 11th instant and shall be staying there for about a week. I would like to meet you during my stay there to discuss this matter.

With kindest regards,

Yours sincerely,

Amiya Nath Bose
(Amiya Nath Bose).

Shri G. L. Nanda,
Home Minister of India,
New Delhi.

9098/Hs/65
12.8.65

H. 8093/65
pull II
28/8/65

1644/12.8.65
1878

every public concern with this affair to the public. (Shri Kapur)

18/8/65
11/8

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15/8 59.7

Secy

gsdpr
13/8

ur 14/8

Fl spk

15865

DEMAND FOR A COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY TO ENQUIRE
INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF NETAJI'S DISAPPEARANCE
IN AUGUST 1945.

A note by Shri Aniya Nath Bose

On the 3rd of April, 1964 I met Pandit Nehru in New Delhi and demanded that he should appoint a Commission of Enquiry to enquire into the circumstances of Netaji's disappearance in August 1945. I told him that such a Commission should be presided over by the Chief Justice of India and that it should visit among other places Taihoku (Formosa), where the air crash is alleged to have taken place on the 18th of August, 1945. On the 20th of April, 1964 I wrote a letter to Pandit Nehru from Calcutta reiterating my demand. On the 22nd of April, 1964 Pandit Nehru replied to my letter. He wrote, "I agree with you that something should be done to finalise the question of Netaji's death. But it is not quite clear to me how far it will be proper for me to ask the Chief Justice of India to look into this matter ". Pandit Nehru died on the 27th of May, 1964. On August 7, 1964 I forwarded copies of my correspondence with Pandit Nehru to Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri and requested him to take appropriate steps in the matter. Shri Shastri replied to me on August 12, 1964 wherein he only stated that he would look into the matter. Unfortunately Shri Shastri did not take any further steps in the matter.

Recently a number of articles have been written by Dr. Satya Nandan Sinha in Ananda Bazar Patrika and Hindusthan Standard. According to Dr. Sinha, who personally visited Formosa, there was in fact no air crash in Taihoku on the 18th of August, 1945 and there are documents in the possession of Chiang-Kai-Shek Government which would establish this fact. In view of the disclosures made by Dr. Sinha the appointment

of a Commission of Enquiry to enquire into the whole question becomes urgent and imperative. I wrote to Shri Shastri again on the 7th of May, 1965 drawing his attention to the articles of Dr. Sinha as well as my earlier correspondence with Pandit Nehru. On the 31st of May, 1965 I sent him a telegram requesting him to reply to my letter. On the 6th of July, 1965 I sent him a further reminder and demanded an immediate appointment of a Commission of Enquiry. Unfortunately I have not been favoured with any reply.

In my correspondence with Shri Shastri I pointed out that though arrangements had been made by the Japanese Government to enable Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan to visit Taihoku for an on-the-spot enquiry Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan refused to avail of this opportunity. My correspondence with Shri Shastri had been released to the press and Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan did not dare to contradict my statement. In view of what I have narrated above, I would like to ask the following questions to the Prime Minister of India :

- 1) Is it a fact that though the Japanese Government had made all arrangements for Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan and other members of the Shah Nawaz Enquiry Committee to visit Taihoku during their visit to Japan, Mr. Shah Nawaz Khan refused to avail of this opportunity ?
Under whose instructions did he refuse to go there ?
- 2) Is it a fact that towards the end of 1949 a broadcast, which came from a Far Eastern country, was continuously heard in India for about a fortnight ?

The broadcast made the following announcement in Bengali :

"Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose will soon speak to the Indian people"

Has the All India Radio furnished details of this broadcast to the Prime Minister of India ?

- 3) Is it a fact that, quite apart from information collected by the Shah Nawaz Enquiry Committee, there are records in the possession of the Government of India received through diplomatic sources regarding the alleged air crash in Taihoku ? Will the Prime Minister of India place these records before the people of this country ?
- 4) Is the Prime Minister of India completely unconcerned about the fate of Netaji or is the Government of India interested in preventing disclosure of facts, which may prove inconvenient to the Government of India ?

(21)

Ministry of Home Affairs
Political II Section

Dy. Nos. 7912, 8380, 8382-84/65 (R)

These are representations either alleging that Netaji Bose is still alive as a prisoner in Siberia or demanding a fresh enquiry into his disappearance. These may be transferred to the E. A. Ministry who are concerned with the matter.

WJ
4-9-65

Rini

9/9

ME (P)

✓ ME A.

C. Subin
6-9-65

China
9/9
24061ms
9/9

MHA No. D. 7912, 8380, 8382-84/65. 8/8-9-65

S.R.

on file wus (C)

10/9

13312-C/65
13/9

79/2/65 Vol. 8
26/8.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

MEP

Forwarded to the Ministry of Home
Affairs, New Delhi,

for disposal.

The communication has ~~been~~ not been
acknowledged.

Don 1
Ministry of Home Affairs
Date: 23/8/1965
O.B. No. 1234-5-6789

[Signature]

for Asstt. Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 21975-HW/65
dated.....

21 AUG 1965

W
23/8
[Signature]
II

P.M.S. I.

प्रेषक :- सुदामा प्रो सिंह, ग्राम खवपुरा, पोस्ट जालीगंज, जिला (पटना) (बिहार)

71975-HC/65

प्रेषक :- आदरनीय नेता श्री ज्ञानबहादुर शास्त्री जी,
प्रधान मंत्री, भारत सरकार, नई दिल्ली,

विषय :- महान क्रांतिकारी, देशभक्त नेता जी सुभाषचन्द्रबोस की खोज

महोदय !

मैंने अनेकों बार दैनिक समाचारपत्रों पर देखा है कि भारत के महान क्रांतिकारी नेता जी सुभाषचन्द्रबोस जी जीवित हैं। कुछ दिन पूर्व आर्यावर्त के संवाद्यदाता ने मूलपूर्व संसद सदस्य श्री सत्यनारायण सिंह के वचन का हवाला देते हुए लिखा था कि नेता जी साइबेरिया के जेल में कैद हैं। मूलपूर्व संसद सदस्य डाक्टर सत्यनारायण सिंह जी ने जोड़दार शब्दों में बताया था कि वह महान पुरुष जिन्होंने स्वतंत्रता हासिल करने के लिये अपने अवतक के लिये लफ्त कर दिये हैं अभी भी साइबेरिया के जेल में कैद हैं।

हम सब भारत सरकार से प्रार्थना करते हैं कि इसकी पूरी धानवीन कसई जाय। और अगर सचमुच कैद है तो उन्हें जाने के लिये अगर भारत सरकार को अग्रिम प्रयत्न भी करना पड़े तो करना चाहिये।

भारत सरकार सम्बन्ध में क्या करे जा रही हैं? इसकी जानकारी हम सबों को मिलनी चाहिये।

निवेदक

सुदामा प्रो सिंह

५-८-६५



Page-1


8380/65 Per. 8
279

MEA

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not been
acknowledged.


for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O.

No. 12044H/11/65 Dated _____

31 AUG 1965

1065

Sri. Dilip K. Ray

Calcutta.

12/04/11 65

MAD

He earnestly wants

that Netaji Investigation

Committee should be

set up. He feels that

Netaji is still alive

as pronounced by

Dr. S. Sinha recently.

21 NOV -

W



Part-5 *8382/65 Sec. 2*
W 2/9 *119* *MEA*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded to the Ministry
of Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not
been acknowledged.

Ministry of Home Affairs
Date... 1-SEP-1965
G.R. No. 11-2-1-8.

[Signature]
for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. _____

4257140965 Dated the _____

31 AUG 1965

चलितयम पत्नी

MMR

बंकु डा सीनामुखीतः

"विषयम्" नेताजीनदन्तम् (Enquiry into the

स्वरितः । आसमुद्रहिमाचलभारतस्य प्रधानमन्त्री

case of Netaji]

महात्मन्,

समोपेय,

नेताजी सुभाषचन्द्रबसु निद्रितम् जीवितः अस्ति
इति अस्माकम् मतम् विश्वासम् वा । भवान् पुतः चरित्रः
पुत्रः श्लोकः महानुभवः प्रमारन्तकः धार्मिकश्च अस्ति । अतः

सुभाष चन्द्र रङ्गस्थविषये अविलम्बेन विचारविमर्शायनतदन्तम्
[अनुसन्धानम्, Enquiry] भवान् करोतु इति अस्माकम्
आवेदनम् । भवदीय

कुमारी शान्ति रुपा ग्रह (छात्री)

५२५७११५ (१५)

पोस्ट कार्ड

POST CARD

साथ का कार्ड जवाब के लिए

THE ANNEXED CARD IS INTENDED FOR THE ANSWER

केवल सूचना

ADDRESS ONLY



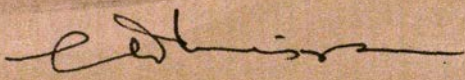
श्री लालबाहादुर शास्त्री
प्रधान मन्त्री (अखिल भारतीय)
लोकसभा (लोकसभा)
निडदिल्ली (निडदिल्ली)

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not been
acknowledged.


for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O.

No. 4256211(1)65 Dated _____

31 AUG 1965

विषयम् - नैलाजी - लवन्तम्

M.H.S.

(Enquiry)

ह्यान्तु आस्वस्त्युद्दमास्यन्
मास्वस्त्युद्दमास्यन्
महोदय समीपे

महोदय,

नैलाजी - कुम्भाष चन्द्रवत्सु-
निश्चलम् जीवितः आस्ते
दूत आस्वस्त्युद्दमास्यन्
मवा । भवान् पूजः अस्ति
पुण्य लोकः महान्भवः
प्रजावत्सकः धार्मिकश्च मन्त्री
आस्ति । अतः कुम्भाष चन्द्रवत्सु
विषये आस्वस्त्युद्दमास्यन् विचार-
विभागीयम् लवन्तम्
(आन्तुस्व द्वात्मम् (Enquiry))
भवान् कैशेषु दूत
आस्वस्त्युद्दमास्यन् ।

महोदय

मुक्तापाद्याय दूत्युपाधिव
दोनशः

Address: -

Sri Dinesh Ch.
Mukhopadhyaya

Po. Bellary
Dt. Burdwan.
via Kharajpur.

42562 H(1) 45

पोस्ट कार्ड

POST CARD

केवल पता
ADDRESS ONLY



To

Sri Lal Bahadur

Shastri, Minister

Minister, (India)

Loke Shastri
(New-Delhi)

1000. 1

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279.

F INDIA

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t been

Date... 11-2-58
U.S. No...
11-2-58
positional.

Edwin

Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 12072-H(II) 65
dated.....

31 AUG 1964

P.M.S. I.
GMGIEND-18

Dear Mr. Shastri,

ଅନୁରୋଧ ଆବେଦନାର ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରକାରିତା —

ଆମ ଅନୁରୋଧର ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବିବରଣ — 'ବୃତ୍ତାନ୍ତ ଅନୁରୋଧ (୨୫)'

ପ୍ରକାର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରିବା ଆବେଦନ ଆବେଦନ କରିବା ପାଇଁ । ଏହା

ତାରିଖ ୨୭th June ତାରିଖ Calcutta Raidan ୨ ଏବଂ

ଅନୁରୋଧ (୨୫)ର ଅର୍ଥ ବାବଦ ଏ (ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ) ଅନୁରୋଧ

ବିବରଣ୍ୟର ଅନୁରୋଧ ୨୦୦ ୨ ଅନୁରୋଧ

ଅନୁରୋଧ Government ୨୦ ତାରିଖ ୨୫th ୫୦

୫୫th । ତାରିଖ Government ୨୫th ୫୫th

୫୫th କରିବା ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଏ ଅନୁରୋଧ

୫୫th କରିବା । ତାରିଖ ୨୫th ୫୫th । ଏହି

ଅନୁରୋଧ ଅନୁରୋଧ — ~~ଅନୁରୋଧ~~ ଅନୁରୋଧ

(ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ) — ଏହି — ତାରିଖ ୫୫th । ~~ଅନୁରୋଧ~~

ତାରିଖ ଅନୁରୋଧ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କରିବା ।

Yours faithfully,
R. L. Das.

Dear Mr. Chamberlain,

— I have the pleasure to inform you that the Government of India has decided to grant a pension of Rs. 1000 per month to the widow of the late Mr. Chamberlain. This pension will be payable from the date of the death of Mr. Chamberlain. I am, Sir, very respectfully,
— Yours faithfully,
— Secretary to the Government of India.



120724 VII 65

In. R.L. Day MHP

He wants that ²⁷
Nctaji investigation
committee should
be set up
immediately as he
feels that Nctaji
is still alive.

(22)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(CHINA DIVISION)

....

No. 4551/25/44/JP

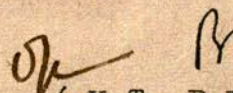
Dt. 15-9-65

I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No. _____
dated 5-8-65 regarding Netaji Subhash Bose

To

श्री सुदाभा प्र० सिंह,
ग्राम खजुरा, पोस्ट पाहोगंज,
जिला परना (बिहार)

Yours faithfully/sincerely,


(K.T. Balani) (Miss)
for Under Secretary (China)

Thall.

(23)

M.H.A.

Political II Sec.

By Nos. 8450, 8522 and 8581/65

There are representations expressing doubt over the findings of the Netaji Enquiry Committee to the effect that Netaji Bose died as a result of an air crash. These papers may be passed on to E.A. Ministry for disposal.

100
9.9.65

Rejini

9/9

~~msd~~

C. Subramanian
9/9/65

13410-9/65
15/9

Chinnai

13/9

✓ MEA

D-8581/65

M.A. V.O. No. Poll. II, -A-

13-9-65

24255-V.O.

12/9

Chin Di

Pl. put up cyclotyped acknowledgement
or file

U.S. (S)

S.R.

14/9

Blagame
16/9

8450/6824.8
w/9.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-11.

Forwarded to... the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi,

for disposal.

The communication has ~~been~~ not been
acknowledged.

*for Asstt. Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister.*

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No.....
dated.....

62763-HV/65

31 AUG 1965

P.M.S. 1.

CP = PE + ...
H. J. ...

पत्रांक १६५७ दिनांक १४.८.६५ स्थान मणिहरी

श्रीमान प्रधानमंत्री महोदय

भारत सरकार नई दिल्ली ५२७६३-११/०/६५

माननीय मंत्री जी !

विषय: —

नेताजी श्री सुभाष-चन्द्र बोस का आश्रम ।

हम आप का ध्यान शालीमारी आश्रम (पं० सं०) के प्रतिपक्ष तत्कालीन अधिकारियों की ओर आकर्षित करना चाहते हैं। कतिपय व्यक्तियों का एक ऐसा समूह है। ये व्यक्ति अपने को शालीमारी आश्रम के अधिकारी बताते हैं। उनका कहना है कि नेताजी अभी जीवित हैं। वे स्वयं उक्त आश्रम में अभी भी निवास कर रहे हैं। उन्हीं की देख रेख में उक्त आश्रम चल रहा है। भारत सरकार इस आश्रम को प्रति वर्ष अनुदान दे रही है। भारत के भूतपूर्व प्रधानमंत्री जी तथा वर्तमान प्रधानमंत्री जी उक्त आश्रम का निरीक्षण कर चुके हैं तथा वे लोग नेताजी से भी मिल चुके हैं। अतः भारतवर्ष के सभी देश प्रेमियों को शालीमारी नेताजी के उक्त आश्रम को दान देकर सहायता करनी चाहिए। क्योंकि नेताजी चीन एवं पाकिस्तान से लड़ने के लिए एक अष्ट सेना संगठित कर रहे हैं।

धन्य: आप से प्रार्थना है कि निम्न प्रश्नों का उत्तर शीघ्र ही भेजवाने की कृपा की जाय।

अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER



To
Honourable Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri
Prime Minister For
Central Govt. of India
NEW DELHI

तीसरा मोड़ Third fold

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-

R. B. Singh
Asstt. Manager
Shri Ganesh Ashram
Manihari
G. hazipur
(U. P.)

इस पत्र के अन्दर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

दूसरा मोड़ Second fold



१. क्या नतीजा होगा यदि आपका पत्र भेजा जाये ?
२. क्या देहा रक्षा के लिए इन सेवाकारियों को दान देना चाहिए ?
३. भारत सरकार उस उपाय को प्रतिकूल किना उपायदान देती है ?
४. क्या आप स्वयं आपका पत्र भेजना चाहते हैं ?
५. क्या देहा रक्षा के लिए आप स्वयं भेजना चाहते हैं ?
६. क्या १९५४ की व्यवस्था-दुरुस्ती में नेताओं की हत्या का प्रयास भव्य है ?
कहते हैं कि यमा नारा है ।

राजकीय विभाग
उत्तर की प्रतीक्षा में
श्री गणेश आश्रम,
मनिहारी, गाजीपुर । (उ० प्र०)

यहाँ काट कर खोलिये To open cut here

8522/6806.0
7/9.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT

NEW DELHI-11.

Forwarded to the Ministry
of Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not
been acknowledged.

for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 2083/65

Dated

13 SEP 1965

Belgaum,
26/8/65.

To,

The Prime Minister,
Sri Lal bahadur Shastriji

Sir,

Dr. Satyanarayana Sinha has written a series of articles in "Hindustan Standard" published from Calcutta in which he has adduced irrefutable proofs in support of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose's stay at Dairen till 1949. He has drawn the conclusion that Netaji is still alive and in the hands of the Russians.

It was quoted that Netaji was in the cell No. 45 of the "Yakutsk" central prison in Siberia in 1950-51. It is significant that these facts have come from a prominent Congressman and a Minister in your Cabinet. Hence it is essential that your honour should enquire officially from P. M. of U.S.S.R. whether there is any such war prisoner in their custody. This will put an end to the controversy started again in the country.

For your reflection I am quoting that

21083/15765
some time over ^{in news} as it was published that our Rastriya Radhakrishnanji and Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit came in contact with Netaji when they were serving as our Ambassador to U.S.S.R.

Hence it is now up to your honour to do the needful and get the matter clear by a Press Note.

Yours,

1/ B.T. Anandachari
963 Market
Belgaum

2/ P.K. Jain



अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER



To,

The Prime Minister,

at New Delhi

पहला मोड़ First fold

तीसरा मोड़ Third fold

दूसरा मोड़ Second fold

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :- Sender's name and address :-

B. T. Amanslaache

963, market

at Belgaum



इस पत्र के अन्दर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

यहाँ काट कर खोलिये To open cut here

8581/65 Pol. 18
879

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT
NEW DELHI-11

Forwarded to the Ministry of
Home Affairs, New Delhi for
disposal.

The communication has not been
acknowledged.

*for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister*

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. 43346-HC/65

No. _____ Dated _____

SEP 1965

43346-1(1)/65
श्री भानु प्रधानमंत्री

केन्द्रिय सरकार देहली,

सेवामें

सविनय निवेदन है कि श्री डा० सत्य नारायण सिंह
भूतपूर्व संसद सदस्य ने जो सरकार के सामने नेता जी सुभाष
चन्द्र बोस के बारे में यह रखा है कि नेता जी साइबेरिया
के कारागार सेल नं० ४६ में रखे गये हैं, जिनको सरकार ने
अनु १८२६ में खोजने के लिये जो समिति बनाई थी उसकी
रिपोर्ट का हवाला देकर डा० सत्यनारायण सिंह ने नेता जी के
विषय में उनके दावे को स्वीकार कर दिया है लेकिन उसको
सरकार का ध्यान नहीं गया जिसका साक्षी उस समय के पेंग

ब्रिटेन के गुप्तचर विभाग के किसी आधिकारी
ने यह जाहिर किया था कि नेता जी रूस में साइबेरिया की
तरफ बढ़ते जा रहे हैं और उसका यह भी कहना था कि
हथियार बंद क्रांती संस्था में लोग ब्रह्मा के स्वामी मार्ग
द्वारा भारत में प्रवेश कर रहे हैं। आपके समिति की रिपोर्ट
को कई एक नेता जनसमूहों के बीच अपने तर्कों द्वारा
खंडन कर चुके हैं।

जापान के आत्म समर्पण के बाद जो लूट
भिन्न राष्ट्रों की तरफ से हुई है उसमें अमेरिका मशीन,
लडाई का सामान तथा अच्छे-अच्छे औजारों की ही लूट की
और रूस अच्छे-अच्छे इंजीनियर डाक्टर एवं श्रमयोग्य व्यक्तियों
की ही लूट की।

डा० सत्यनारायण सिंह का दावा और ब्रिटेन के
गुप्तचर विभाग का दावा तथा जापानी लूट की तरफ ध्यान
देने से यह सब आपस में करीब-करीब मिलती जुलती है।

अगर कुछ देर के लिये हम तत्वात् हम
सीधा के कथन को सत्य मानते हैं तो यह भी मानना पड़ेगा
कि रूसियों के पैगोडा के एक तारों पर जो नेता जी का
डूल रखा है उसको स्वर्गीय पंडित नेहरू क्यों नहीं लाये?

आतः सरकार से मेरी प्रार्थना है कि सरकार-
 श्री० सत्यनारायण सिंह के दफे पर पुनः विचार हो तथा उस
 समय तक बरकरार करती रहे जबतक कि उनका ठेक-दीक पता
 न लग जाय, और जनता यह समझे कि हमारी सरकार हमारे
 ध्यौरे बेता की खोज में किसी तरह की भुटि नहीं कर रही है।

①- उनकी प्रतिलिपि
 प्रधान मंत्री के दिय
 सरकार- देहली,

②- मुख्य मंत्री-लखनऊ
 उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार-

③- अध्यापक- प्रांतीय
 कांग्रेस कमेटी-लखनऊ
 उत्तर प्रदेश-

④- अध्यापक जिला-
 कांग्रेस कमेटी-वाल्मिया
 को भेज दी गई है।

प्राप्ति-— दे दी जाय

अध्यक्ष,
 बंडल कांग्रेस कमेटी-नरबी
 वालिया
 (उत्तर प्रदेश)

२४-२-६५

यह पत्र प्रधान मंत्री- केंद्रिय सरकार
 की सेवा में प्रेषित किया जाता है।



(24)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(CHINA DIVISION)

No. 4551/25/44/JP

Dt. 17.8.65

I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No. Mil
dated 25.8.65 regarding Netaji Subhash Bose.

श्री छेदी राज
अध्यक्ष जंउम कांग्रेस कमेटी
नरही, बिलिपा (अनामदेय)

~~Yours faithfully/sincerely,~~

K.T. Balani
(K.T. Balani) (Miss)
for Under Secretary (China)

Thall.

(25)

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(CHINA DIVISION)

....

No. 4551/25/64/SP

Dt. 17.9.65

PL. *24/9/65*
Ku Z
17/9

I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No. Nil
dated 26.8.65 regarding Mateji Subhash Bora.

To
Smt B.T. Amendache,
963 Market
BELGAUM

Yours faithfully/~~sincerely~~,

Ku Z
(K.T. Balani) (Miss)
for Under Secretary (China)

Thall.

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(CHINA DIVISION)

....

No. ५५५५५/५/५

Dt. 17.9.65

I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No. nil
dated nil regarding Nitaji Subhas Bose.

Yours faithfully/~~sincerely~~,

श्री राजबाली सिन्हा,
श्री गणेश धामराव,
जनिदारी, माजीपुर (उ.प्र.)


(K.T. Balani) (Miss)
for Under Secretary (China)

Phall.

IMMEDIATE

(27)

14409-c/6
7.X.

Form No. XXIX, S, I, 1924.

Government of West Bengal
Home (Political) Department

From : Shri P. L. Roy,
Asstt. Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal.
To : The Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Ministry of External Affairs, New Delhi.
No. 5585-P....., dated, Calcutta, the 25th September, 1965.

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith, for disposal, a letter dated 9th July, 1965 (in original) received from Shri Gorachand Bhowmik of Village Bhantia, Midnapore district, along with an abstract translation in English thereof, regarding Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

Yours faithfully,

Muly
Asstt. Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal.

N.B./25.ix.

25/9

USC
NP
7/10

China
Due (see)
6/10
Pl. put in machine
ack or file
2/10

With paper
over
297/5

Chief Minister's Sectt.
Diary No. 00/2670
Date 13. 7. 65

(Abstract translation)

Petitioner Shri Gorachand Bhowmik, ex member West Bengal Pradesh Congress Committee, ex delegate Indian National Congress, of village Bhandia, P.O. Lakshmipari, via Pingla, district Midnapore, draws the attention of the Chief Minister to the propaganda carried on by a party known as Subhasbadi Janta to the effect that the Sadhu of Shoulmari is none else than Netaji. He also refers to a series of articles published in the Ananda Bazar Patrika by Shri Satyanarain Sinha in which it has been sought to be made out that Netaji did not die in the air-crash at Tihoku and that he is still living under detention in cell No. 45 of Yakutsk Jail of Siberia in Soviet Russia. He also makes reference to the statements made from time to time by different leaders including the late Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru in connection with the question whether Netaji is still living or not. He moreover refers to a news item published in the Ananda Bazar Patrika of 7th May, 1965 in which the Chief Minister is said to have stated after his return from ~~the Chief Minister is said to~~ Japan that one Mr. Sen who had been living in Japan for a long time told him that the ashes preserved at the Renji Temple were not Netaji's.

The petitioner says that in view of these statements the people feel bewildered and confused. He, therefore, wants a fresh probe into the question whether Netaji is living or dead to remove the confusion once for all.

N.B./

6/2/79

80/281

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(CHINA DIVISION)

No. C/551/25/64/JP.

Pt.

I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No. Nil.
dated 9-7-65 regarding Netaji Subhash Bose

Shri Gorachand
Bhowmik
Bhantia P.O.
Lakshminipari
(Via) Pingla
District Midnapore
West Bengal

Yours faithfully/sincerely,

ofc *[Signature]*
(K.T. Balani) (Miss)
for Under Secretary (China)

507(291)
M. H. A.
Poll. Sec.

Dy. Nos 7626 + 7628/65 - (R)

Both the letters below are from one Shri
Pradip Singh, Panichati, 24 Parganas. While in the
first, reference is made to the question of a fresh enquiry
into Netaji Bose's disappearance, in the second (a post-card)
he has requested for a reply from H.M in the matter.
No action is necessary except to pass on these to the
E.A. Ministry

KLS
21-8-65

Repr:
21.8.65

ms (R)

Csupr
21.8.65

ME A.

MHA. no. No: 2 76264/65 - Poll. II all 23 8.65
7628

We are receiving innumerable
letters concerning Netaji. It is for consideration
whether each one should be acknowledged
Bragam
27/8

DSC ✓

Cyclostyled acknowledgments may be sent.

Mchl
27/8

us (C) I ✓

pl. cyclostyle an ack.
Brl
28/8

S.R.
baw
28/8

Direct acknowledgment slip for both
official and soc. letters & plead held.
If it may be got cyclostyled, it approved.

9551/25/64/JP

S.R.
30/8/65
us (C) I ✓

pl. cyclostyle

MP
30/8

Chunia
24/8

22740-V
24/8

us (C) I ✓

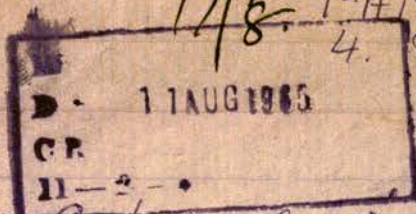
S.R.
baw
25/8

12562-9
26/8

2788-DSC/65

7626/65 Pol. B

17/8 PANIHATI
4. 8. 65



My Beloved Minister,

A couple days ago I have received a letter from the Assistant Prime Private Secretary to the Prime Minister. In this he had said to ^{set} up communication with you about my matter of

12314/12/8

Netaji Subash Chandra Bose.

I observed through the Daily English News Paper on the 4th August, 1965. The name of that news paper is "Amrita Bazar Patrika".

This news has been supplied by a staff reporter.

Had
com
mision
2/12/8
Sri Amiya Bose urged for the investigate into circumstances of Netaji disappearance. The Commission to should visit, among places Thaichaku (Formosa), where the air crash is alleged to have taken place on the 18th August, 1945.

Sri Bose also referred to his correspondence with Sri Nehru in this matter.

AI
Although Sri Nehru agree with the idea of enquiry commission to probe into affair, he ~~debated~~ doubted whether the appointment of Chief Justice of India would be of any help.

He also accused that the Government of India for lack of interest in this matter.

Maybe sent
to DS (Poll)

My hearty thanks to you

Radhakrishnan

for
10/8
13/8
DS (Poll)
Page II (3)
12/12/8

To

_____ X _____
The Ministry of Home Affairs.
P.O. New-Delhi.
New-Delhi.

From:-

Pradip Singh
C/o Punjab Khalsa Hindu Hotel.
(Near Mina Cinema)
P.O. Panihati; Dist. 24 Parganas.
(W.B.)

7628/65 Pol. 8
17/8.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT,
NEW DELHI-II

Forwarded to the Ministry of

..... Home Affairs, New Delhi, for
disposal in continuation of this
Sectt. No. 17780-P(1) 65 dt. 11/7/65.
~~for disposal.~~

The communication has ~~been~~/not been
acknowledged.

Ministry of Home Affairs
13
11-2-5-8

for Private Secretary
to the Prime Minister

Prime Minister's Sectt. U.O. No. 2331/PWS/65

dated.....

P.M.S. I.

20331 / 113 / 65

A couple of days I wrote a letter about
Natar, a most popular leader in India.
But I am very unfortunate even now
you send me no reply for this I
am anxious. Please kindly reply
my letter immediately. I am always
ready for any sacrifice for Subash
Chandra Bose.

I pray to God for your long life.

Yours faithfully
B. K. Ghosh

Row

Roadip Singh.
To Punjalo Khalsa
Hindu Hotel (near
Mera Cinema).
P.O. Panikhat.
Dist. 24 Parganas
W Bengal.

पोस्ट कार्ड

POST CARD

जवाबी

REPLY

केवल पता

ADDRESS ONLY



To Lal Bahadur Shastri.

P.O. New-Delhi.

New-Delhi-11.

IMMEDIATE

Form No XXIX, S. 1., 1924.

Government of West Bengal

Home (Poll.) Department

16196/c/65
8/11

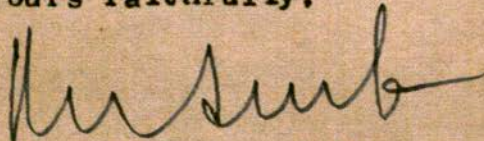
From Shri R.N. Sen Gupta, IAS
Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal
To The Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Ministry of External Affairs, New Delhi
No 6153-P , dated, Calcutta, the 1st November 1965

Sub: Resolution of the Corporation of Calcutta
for a fresh enquiry about Netaji's
whereabouts.

551/257/65/SP
Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of a
letter No. S.2039/358 dated the 31st August, 1965,
from the Commissioner, Corporation of Calcutta, on
the subject noted above, for such action as may be
deemed necessary.

Yours faithfully,



Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal

bng/111.11

WEGPOB-115 WEGP-4,00,000-18.1.61.

19191-P4 CM 6524
5711 China
Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal
We had a meeting on 11/11
11/11

S.2039

Copy of the letter No/635 dt. the 12.12.65 31.8.65 from the Commissioner, Corporation of Calcutta to the Joint Secy. to the Govt. of West Bengal, Local Self-Govt. Department, Calcutta.

I am to forward herewith the following resolution of the Corporation meeting dated the 20th August, 1965 with a request that it may kindly be forwarded to the Govt. of India.

"That in view of the conflicting reports published recently with regard to Netaji's whereabouts, this Corporation urges upon the Govt. of India to institute a fresh enquiry to enlighten millions of our countrymen in this matter.

Am
11/11

133
Sms/311
Pe. me
kuz
22/11
C/551/25/64/JP

23 NOV, 65.

To

**The Deputy Secretary,
to the Government of West Bengal,
Home (Poll) Department,
CALCUTTA.**

**Sub: Resolution of the Corporation of
Calcutta for a fresh enquiry about
Netaji's whereabouts.**

Sir,

**I am directed to acknowledge receipt
of your letter No.6153-P dated the 1st November,
1965 forwarding a resolution of the Corporation
of Calcutta.**

Yours faithfully,

B.P. Agarwal
(B.P. Agarwal) 22/11
Under Secretary(C-I).

17993/EA/16

7927 Dir(EA)/65

Foreign Minister's
Office
Date... 11/12
No... 1914... /F.M.

375-DS(EA)/65-65
02082
NEW DELHI

Ø 1830 BA 429 CALCUTTA 8

SARBASREE SWARAN SINGH MINISTER EXTERNAL AFFAIRS GOVT OF INDIA. ND

MR SINGH SHANAWAZ REPORT AND NETAJI'S MARRIAGE EPISODE IS AN INTER-
NATIONAL FRAUD HE IS STILL ALIVE AND NEVER MARRIED REMEMBER FOUNDER
SHAULMARI ASHRAM IS NO ESCAPIST FROM LIFE AND THE CHALLANGES OF THE
MODERN WORLD CHALLANGE MY DECLARATION AT ANY COMPETENT COURT OF LAW
- GOURPADA BOSE PUBLISHER JAGRHI -

US(EA) has directed that
no reply is necessary and that
this may be filed.

CPD AT 1830
16/12/65 SP

Dug
baw
14/12

FD Singh
12/11
DIR(C)
do it think we have
a reply to this
N2-9
13/12
DS(EA)
H4
F.A.D.



INDIAN POSTS AND



TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

Class } 2b
Prefix } CbD V1 1830
Code

No.

C

Recd. from

Sent at

H.

M.

Office-stamp

By

To

By

Handed in at (Office of Origin)

Date

Hour

Minute

Service Instructions

Words

[T-30-5/53]

TO - COMBADA BOSE PUBLISHER CALCUTTA -

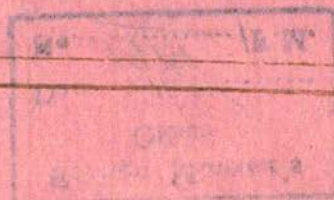
Recd. here at

H.

M.

MODERN WORLD CHALLENGE BY DECLARATION AT AN COMPETENT COURT OF LAW
SHANMUGI ASHWIN IS NO ESCAPIST FROM LIFE AND THE CHALLENGES OF THE
NATIONAL FRONT HE IS STILL ALIVE AND NEVER MARRIED REMEMBER FOUNDER
MR SINGH SHANMUGI BEFORE AND METALIC MARRIAGE EPISODE IS AN INTER-

8 1830 BA 452 CALCUTTA



MGIPAH-1356-17-12-63-2,59,600 Bks.

S. C. Maikap, M.A., B.T.,
Headmaster

DESHAPRAN BIRENDRANATH INSTITUTION
(HIGHER SECONDARY & MULTIPURPOSE SCHOOL)

N.C.C. Officer : Jn. 14235

2, West Bengal Naval Unit N.C.C.

196A & 198B, S. P. Mukherjee Road,
CALCUTTA-26

Encl (33)
18/12/65

Dated 13. 12. 1965.

To
The Secretary,
Prime Ministers' Secretariat,
New Delhi.

Dear Sir,

With reference to my letter addressed to Sri
Lal Bahadur Shastri, Prime Minister of India., enclosed,
I beg to solicit your kind permission for giving publi-
city to the same through the medium of Press.

Soliciting the favour of an early reply.

Yours faithfully,

Satish Chandra Maikap

18/12/65

P.M.'s Sectt.
15 DEC 1965

P.M.'s Sectt. u. o. No. D/S-21702
dt. 16. XII. 65

S. C. Maikap, M.A., B.T.,
Headmaster

DESHAPRAN BIRENDRANATH INSTITUTION
(HIGHER SECONDARY & MULTIPURPOSE SCHOOL)

N.C.C. Officer : Jn. 14235

2, West Bengal Naval Unit N.C.C.

196A & 198B, S. P. Mukherjee Road,
CALCUTTA-26

Dated December 13, 1965.

Sri Lal Bahadur Sastri,
Hon'ble Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi.

Revered Sir,

Today we readily salute you, not only as the beloved Prime Minister of India in the national context, but also as the trusted leader of a big democracy in a wider perspective. Under your able stewardship our armed forces have met the Pak-Challenge quite effectively and a new Indian nationalism seems to have emerged as a result of the fighting. In this connection it would be quite in the fitness of things to recall the glorious role played by Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and his Azad Hind Fauz during the Second World War. But astonishingly enough, the governmental propaganda machinery and media are rather maintaining a cold reserve regarding his achievements which, if propagated properly, would definitely add to the morale of our people.

Besides, I beg to draw your attention to another fact which goes for long by default is that there has been no judicial probe into the whereabout of Netaji after the termination of the last War. The Shah Nawaz Committee reports are full of snags. A contrary view opposed to the findings of Shah Nawaz Commission is upheld by Dr. Satya Narayan Sinha that Netaji is still living and rotting in a prison-cell in one of our friendly countries. But it needs to be pursued for further convincing and conclusive proof.

In other words.....

P.T.O.

S. C. Maikap M.A.,B.T.,
Headmaster

DESHAPRAN BIRENDRANATH INSTITUTION
(HIGHER SECONDARY & MULTIPURPOSE SCHOOL)

N.C.C. Officer : Jn. 14235

2, West Bengal Naval Unit N.C.C.

196A & 198B, S. P. Mukherjee Road,
CALCUTTA-26

Dated.....

2

In other words, the mysteries shrouding the sudden and dramatic disappearance of Netaji from the arena of human affairs after the so-called air-crash at Taipei cannot remain unsolved ad-infinitum.

Refreshingly enough, the prospect of your august visit to the city for unveiling the statue of Netaji is heartening to a degree and as such there is already a pulsation of new life in every heart.

May I, in the circumstances, make an ardent appeal for the adoption of measures to hold aloft the ideals and achievements of Netaji and order a judicial inquiry into his supposed or real death or survival which will have double effect of infusing a new life and vigour into our nation and disarming all misgivings.

Yours faithfully,

Satish Chandra Maikap
128/12/65

138
G/551/25/65/JP

Dec. 24, 65

To

Shri S.C. Maikap,
Headmaster,
Desharpan Birendranath Institution,
196A & 198B, S.P. Mukherjee Road,
Calcutta - 26.

Dear Sir,

I am directed to refer to your letter dated 13.12.65 forwarding a letter addressed to the Prime Minister regarding Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose and to say that no permission is required for giving publicity to such material in the press.

Yours faithfully,

o/c
B.P. Agarwal
(B.P. Agarwal)
Under Secretary(EA) 23/11

V

35
SHAULMARI ASHRAM

P. O. FALAKATA, DIST. COOCH BEHAR

PHONE: FALAKATA 24

Registered with A/D.

Ref. No. SA/SC/443/65.

Date 13.12.65.

Shri Swaran Singh,
Minister in-Charge, External Affairs,
Government of India.
NEW DELHI.

Dear Sir,

May we for and on behalf of the Shaulmari Ashram

invite your attention to a news item published on 7th December, 1965 in the Bengal newspaper 'Jugantar' at page 1, column 4 and continued at page 5, column 4, under the sub-heading "Shaulmari Sadhu" in the Calcutta Edition of the said newspaper, widely circulated and published in Calcutta and elsewhere, the substance of which is quoted below:

Translated into English the relevant extract of the publication referring to what you are reported to have stated reads as follows:-

"Foreign Minister stated that the Sadhu of Shaulmari Ashram, who calls himself Subhas Chandra Bose, is not Netaji and the Government has not the least doubt about this fact that he is not."

With reference to the shocking, hurtful imputation

ॐ

SHAULMARI ASHRAM

P. O. FALAKATA, DIST. COOCH BEHAR

PHONE : FALAKATA 24

Ref. No.

Date

- 2 -

as underlined above , we take this earliest opportunity to address you personally to enquire as to the correctness of the said statement ascribed to you in the newspaper report.

We shall feel extremely grateful if your goodself will kindly let us know the correctness or otherwise of such a statement ascribed to you to the effect that you have stated that 'The Sadhu of Shaulmari Ashram calls himself Subhas Chandra Bose', etc. It will be extremely nice in this connection if you will very kindly let us have the exact texts and script of what you have actually stated either on the floor of the House or elsewhere referring to His Holiness Shrimat Sharadanandji commonly known as the "Sadhu of Shaulmari."

For convenience of your ready reference I may add that the newspaper report purported to have been from P.T.I. and U.N.I. dated New Delhi , 6th December, 1965 refers to a statement of yours made on the said date wherein you made references to His Holiness to the effect as quoted above, which

SHAULMARI ASHRAM

P. O. FALAKATA, DIST. COOCH BEHAR

PHONE : FALAKATA 24

Ref. No.

Date

- 3 -

which naturally has caused us a great deal of shock and pain that any one could possibly have imputed such allegation to His Holiness, Samnyasi, - a highly developed spiritual Soul, the highest possible, - who inculcates principles of "Dharma", to instil into the minds of ~~those~~ those who come in closest contact with Him and through them the public and large, universal human and spiritual values for realisation of TRUTH. The principles of mutual co-operation, love and respect, interdependence and team work, irrespective of religion, nationality, caste, colour or creed are the tenets of the Shaulmari Ashram.

You may be aware that the Shaulmari Ashram has grown in course of the last six years or so around the retreat of His Holiness who is a strict recluse in the present phase of His inner spiritual work and is engaged in deep meditation and/or 'Sadhana' or 'Tapasya' for the inner spiritual development, integral transformation of the human personality for humanity as a whole.

His

142

ॐ

SHAULMARI ASHRAM

P. O. FALAKATA, DIST. COOCH BEHAR

PHONE : FALAKATA 24

Ref. No.

Date

- 4 -

His Holiness Shrimat Sharadanandji, as the public are aware, has categorically declared that He is not Netaji Shri Subhas Chandra Bose and has ^{disclaimed} ~~declared~~ times without number that he has any connection whatsoever with Netaji Bose and he never posed as such. Neither His Holiness nor the Shaulmari Ashram has ever given out or claimed that His Holiness Shrimat Sharadanandji is Netaji Shri Subhas Chandra Bose.

In fact, a number of persons known to be indulging in such false and mischievous propaganda have been or being prosecuted at the instance of the said Ashram on various charges of criminal offences and such proceedings are now pending in Courts of Law at various places, about some of which the Chief Minister of West Bengal State is also personally well aware. The Ashram had occasion earlier to seek the good offices of the Chief Minister to take ~~such~~ steps against those engaged in such false and mischievous propaganda.

We,

ॐ

SHAULMARI ASHRAM

P. O. FALAKATA, DIST. COOCH BEHAR

PHONE : FALAKATA 24

Ref. No.

Date

- 5 -

We, therefore, deem it our duty to invite your personal attention to the aforesaid objectionable imputation and statement as reported in the aforesaid daily newspaper for ascertaining , with your kind help and co-operation, as to what the actual fact and text of the statement is which has been ascribed to you.

You will kindly appreciate the urgency of the matter with a view to dispel propagation of such falsehood on the part of any one.

We shall thank you to receive your reply to our queries contained above at your earliest possible convenience.

Yours faithfully,



(Ramani Ranjan Das),

Secretary, Shaulmari Ashram.

LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO.654

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 6TH DECEMBER, 1965

MEMORIAL FOR NETAJI SUBHAS CHANDRA BOSE

QUESTION

*No.654

SHRI S.C. SAMANTA:

SHRI SUBODH HANSDA:

SHRI M.L. DWIVEDI:

Will the Minister of

External Affairs be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No.729 on the 20th September, 1965 and state:

- (a) whether consequent on the findings of the Shah Nawaz Committee's Report and the comments of our late Prime Minister, Shri Jawahar Lal Nehru, on the death of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, Government of India is contemplating to bring to India the ashes of Netaji kept in Renkoji temple in Japan;
- (b) if so, whether a fitting memorial will be constructed in front of the Red Fort, Delhi; and
- (c) if not, how Netaji's memory is going to be preserved?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS
(SARDAR SWARAN SINGH)

- (a) This is not contemplated at present.
- (b)&(c): The question of construction of memorials in Delhi in the form of statues for seven national leaders is currently being considered by the Ministry of Works and Housing. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose is one of these leaders.

NOTE FOR SUPPLEMENTARIES

(On Lok Sabha Starred Question No.654 for 6.12.1965)

.....

The Shah Nawaz Committee had recommended that "If the ashes are taken to be genuine, Renkoji Temple cannot obviously be their final resting place. It is time that his ashes were brought to India with due honour, and a memorial erected over them at a suitable place". This recommendation was considered in this Ministry and Shri S. Dutt formerly Foreign Secretary, in his Memorandum No.F.25(4)NGO, dated 6.9.1956, wrote to Shri Y.N. Sukthankar, Cabinet Secretary as under:-

"In deciding this question regard has to be paid to the feelings of the members of his family in this matter. It would be most unfortunate if a controversy arose over what should be sacred ceremony. If there is risk of such a controversy, it would be best to leave the question of bringing over the ashes to India for future consideration."

The subject was also discussed by the Cabinet on 9.9.1956 and it was then agreed that "the question of bringing over Netaji's ashes to India might be left for future consideration."

Extracts from the late Prime Minister's Statement in the Rajya Sabha on 11.9.1956 while laying the Netaji Enquiry Committee Report on the Table of the House, and his minute dated 5.11.1956, are also reproduced below:-

"They make a recommendation about these ashes, that they should be brought to India with due honour and a suitable memorial erected. So far as the latter part is concerned, the Government do not propose, at this stage, to take any action. This is a matter in which, primarily, the family of Netaji is concerned, and it is with their consultation and goodwill that any step should be taken. I am not prepared to say that it is entirely a family or domestic matter. It is a national matter. Nevertheless, the family is concerned.

"Anyhow, Government do not intend, at present stage, to take any action in this matter.

"As has been previously stated, the question of bringing the ashes to India is dependent not merely on the Government's wishes, but on other

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factors. In view of this fact, no steps can be taken at present either to bring the ashes to India or in regard to a suitable memorial."

In view of this and as no voices have been raised on this issue, the question of bringing the ashes to India has not been considered so far.

As regards parts (b) and (c) of the question, we have been told by the Ministry of Works and Housing that the question of construction of Memorials for National Leaders has been considered by the Committee on Installation of Statues in New Delhi. An extract of Minutes of the second meeting of the Committee reads as follows:

"The Committee went round all the eight sites and then met in the Chairman's (Shri Mehar Chand Khanna's) Office for discussion. Of these sites, they approved seven and recommended as follows:-

(vi) and (vii) Two sites on both sides of the extension of Chandni Chowk towards the Red Fort for statues of Lokmanya Tilak and Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose."

This matter will be placed before the Cabinet by that Ministry for final decision.

.....

Shri S C Samanta: Is it not a fact that since 1948, in this House, demands were made to bring the ashes of Netaji from Japan? May I know why Government are still saying that that is not being considered?

Shri Swaran Singh: This point was clarified by the late Prime Minister when he made a statement on the floor of the House in Rajya Sabha, I think, on 11th September, 1956. He had expressed the view that the family members would also be consulted and that at a suitable time the ashes would be brought to India and that such a suitable time had not arrived at that time.

Shri S C Samanta: May I know whether Government have any doubt about the statement appearing in the papers that the Shpulmari Ashram Sadhu is Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose? If the statement is not correct, may I know why Government are not contradicting it?

Shri Swaran Singh: Government are fully satisfied that the said sadhu is certainly not Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose. Let this be the contradiction.

श्री 40 लाल द्विवेदी : नेताजी सुभाष चन्द्र बोस के मैमोरियल के सम्बन्ध में उनकी एक आदम कद मूर्ति लाल किले के सामने कहां लगाए जाने का विचार सरकार या नगर निगम कर रहा है। मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि ^{सरकार} का इस कार्य में कितना सहयोग होगा, वह मूर्ति कहां से उपलब्ध की जाएगी और उसमें क्या व्यय होगा ?

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11-15

प्रश्न संख्या 654 - जारी

श्री स्वर्ण सिंह : वक्सी हाउसिंग एंड सप्लाय मिनिस्ट्री ने इस काम के लिए एक कमेटी कायम की है और वह इस पर विचार कर रही है । लाल किले के करीब एक जगह सजेस्ट की गयी है जहां मूर्ति लगायी जा सकती है ।

श्री हुकम चन्द कट्वाय : शैलामारी बाबा के बारे में समाचारपत्रों में समाचार आते हैं कि वहां के बाबा नेताजी हैं । क्या सरकार ने उस आश्रम को दानबोन कर ली है, या जब सरकार को विश्वास हो जाएगा कि वह नहीं हैं उसके बाद ही यह मूर्ति लगायी जाएगी ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : इसका जवाब आ गया ।

श्री हुकम चन्द कट्वाय : इसकी दान बोन कर ली है या नहीं ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : उन्होंने इसके बारे में कह दिया है ।

श्री हुकम चन्द कट्वाय : पत्रों में जो समाचार आते हैं उनको बन्द करना चाहिए ।

मैं सरकार से निवेदन करना चाहता हूं कि समाचार पत्रों में जो समाचार आते हैं उनको बन्द करावे ।

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: Is it not a fact that the Shahnawaz Committee has made no reference whatsoever to the so-called ashes of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose kept in an urn in the Renkoji temple in Tokyo, and if so, is Government in a position firmly and categorically to state that it will not touch these so-called ashes even with a barge pole unless it has got any evidence to the contrary?

Shri Swaran Singh: The Shahnawaz Committee Report has been laid on the Table and the hon. Member can refer to that. I would like to draw his attention to an extract from the Report where they have recommended:

"If the ashes are taken to be genuine, the Renkoji temple cannot obviously be their final resting place. It is time that his ashes were brought to India with due honour...."

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: If the ashes are genuine, - a big 'if'.

Shri Swaran Singh: "... and a memorial erected for them at a suitable place".

Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath: There is no proof that they are the real ashes.

श्री शिव नारायण : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि जब राख वहाँ रखी हुई है तो सरकार को उसको ढंगवाने में क्या आपत्ति है ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय आपने सुना नहीं है? उन्होंने आपत्ति तो ब्रतायी है ।

श्री रामेश्वरानन्द : अध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि जब हम एक ऐसे संकट में से निकल रहे हैं कि जहाँ हर चीज की आवश्यकता है, तो ऐसे समय में इस प्रकार की नेताओं की मूर्तियाँ बनवा बनवा कर रखना क्या धन का अपव्यय नहीं है ? क्या ये नेता चीन या पाकिस्तान से लड़ने के लिए

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श्री रामेश्वरा नन्द - जारी

Q 054 cd

जाएँगे । सरकार इस प्रकार का यत्न क्यों कर रही है ?

श्री यशपाल सिंह : क्या सरकार के इरादे में यह बात आया है कि जो लोग नेताजी सुभाष चन्द्र बोस का श्राद्ध मना चुके हैं और जिन्होंने इस बात की शिकायत की थी उस सभ्य सेंटर का कोई निनिस्तर नहीं आया, वही लोग अब यह स्टैंट खड़ा करके कि नेता जी जिन्दा है लोगों में उत्तेजना फैला रहे हैं ? यदि हाँ, तो सरकार इनके खिलाफ क्या ऐक्शन ले रही है ?

कहवाय :

श्री हुकम चन्द : समाचार पत्रों में यह आता है ।

श्री स्वर्णी सिंह : इसका जवाब मैं क्या दूँ, कोई कहता है तो कहें जाएँ । हम उसके खिलाफ क्या ऐक्शन ले सकते हैं ?

श्री हुकम चन्द कहवाय : अखबारों में यह बराबर निकल रहा है ।

श्री स्वर्णी सिंह : गवर्नमेंट इस बारे में सैटिसफाई हो चुकी है । अखबार वाले निकालते हैं तो निकालते चले जाएँ । मैं क्या कर सकता हूँ ।

श्री हुकम चन्द कहवाय : इसको बन्द करवाइए । इससे लोगों में उत्तेजना फैलती है । ऐसे लोगों पर नुस्खना चलाया जाए ।

अध्यक्ष महोदय : आर्डर आर्डर ।

Shri P R Chakravarti : Is the reluctance of Government to bring over the Ashes of Netaji from Japan due to the fact that there is a considerable body of opinion, very strong opinion, growing - which is also endorsed by the members of his family - that Netaji is not dead ?

Mr. Speaker: I am not allowing it.

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Q-654 - contd

Shri P.K. Deo: Last August, when I was in the Renkoji Temple, Tokyo, I wanted to find out the evidence that these ashes belong to Netaji. I was told by the Indian there that it has to be believed like the bal in Hazarat Bal. So, this is more of belief than of evidence.

Mr. Speaker: Has he any question to ask?

Shri P.K. Deo: My question is this. In view of these conflicting statements, may I know if the Government is coming forward with a firm reply so that all speculation may stop?

Mr. Speaker: He has given that firm reply.

श्री बागड़ी : अध्यक्ष महोदय, इस बात को मद्देनजर रखते हुए कि देश की जनता को नेताजी से बहुत प्यार है और आज हमारी सरहदों पर फ़ौरी खतरा है, क्या सरकार की निगाह में यह बात है कि कभी इस बात का प्रचार कर के कि नेताजी जीवित हैं - उन के नाम से किसी फ़र्जी आदमी को खड़ा कर के किन्हीं स्वार्थी की पूर्ति के लिए उस का दुरुपयोग करना देश के लिए घातक हो सकता है; यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार इस प्रकार की सम्भावना को रोकने का यत्न कर रही है ?

Mr. Speaker: Shri Nath Pai.

Shri Nath Pai: Has Government any information as to by whom, when and under what circumstances, the ashes ^{which} are supposed to be Netaji's were deposited in that temple?

Shri Swaran Singh: Whatever information the Government have on this point is contained in the Shah Nawaz Committee Report. Outside that, we have not got any other information.

Q 654 - contd

Shri Daji: Even supposing Government considers this ^{to be} propaganda, I would like to know whether the Government is aware that by the power of this propaganda, thousands of rupees have been collected and are being collected even from distant places like Indore and other places, and some persons are exploiting the name of Netaji. Does not Government even then propose to take action against them?

Shri Swaran Singh: If on wrong assertions, money has been collected, certainly that is a matter which should be taken note of by the State Government, and now that Shri Daji, an hon. Member of this House, has made that statement, I will certainly look into it through the State Government.

श्री प्रकाशवीर शास्त्री : क्या रक्षा विभाग को जनता की ओर से ऐसा कोई ज्ञापन मिला है कि देश की आवश्यकताओं को देखते हुए खडगवासला की नेशनल डिफेंस एकेडेमी की तरह नेता जी सुभाषचन्द्र के नाम पर एक और नेशनल डिफेंस एकेडेमी की स्थापना की जाये; यदि हां, तो उस पर रक्षा मंत्री की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ?

The Minister of Defence . (Shri Y.B. Chavan): I do not remember now about any memorandum or suggestion received in the Defence Ministry on this question, but at the present moment there is no proposal of starting any other academy. This much I can say.

श्री प्रकाशवीर शास्त्री : नेता जी के नाम पर ?

(ends)

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SA(36)

D.7044-JS(XPL)/65

24th Dec.

65

To

Shri Ramani Ranjan Das,
Secretary,
Shaulmari Ashram,
P.O.Falakata,
Distt.Cooch Behar.

Dear Sir,

Please refer to your letter No.SA/SC/443/65 dated the 13th December, 1965, addressed to the Foreign Minister.

2. A reference to the Sadhu of Shaulmari Ashram was made by the Foreign Minister in reply to a question by Shri S.C.Samanta in the context quoted below:

"Shri S.C.Samanta: May I know whether Government have any doubt about the statement appearing in the papers that the Shaulmari Ashram Sadhu is Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose? If the statement is not correct, may I know why Government are not contradicting it?"

Shri Swaran Singh: Government are fully satisfied that the said Sadhu is certainly not Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose. Let this be the contradiction."

3. It is clear that there is no imputation in the Foreign Minister's reply that the Sadhu of Shaulmari Ashram "calls himself Subash Chandra Bose", as in the press report quoted by you.

Yours faithfully,

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(S.M.S. CHADHA)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India.

27/12/65

Amrita Bazar Patrika

28-8-65

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Shoulmari Sadhu is

Netaji, says witness

Mr. G. C. Chatterjee, Second Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed on Tuesday the hearing of the case in which on the complaint of Mr. Niharendu Dutt Mazumdar, Messrs. Mukul Pal Chaudhury and Anil Mazumdar editor and publisher of Bengali weekly "Shoulmari" respectively were charged under Section 500 I.P.C. (defamation) for publishing articles against the complainant.

Mr. Biswajit Dutta, Secretary General of the "Subhas Badi Janata", at present a detainee, examined as a defence witness by Mr. Malin Mukherjee, defence advocate, stated that he knew Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose intimately from 1937 to 1941. He visited the Shoulmari Ashram and remained there from November 1961 to February 1962 with the Sadhu of Shoulmari.

He was convinced that Sadhuji of Shoulmari was no other than Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

Further hearing was adjourned.

551/2964

unambiguously asserts that Chinese troops have never crossed the Sikkim-China boundary which has been formally delimited, and that India has not built any military works either on the Chinese side of the border or on the border itself. This is a bare-faced lie. How can it hope to deceive anyone?

(2) It must be pointed out that, in each of its notes, the Indian Government has blatantly claimed parts of Sinkiang and Tibet on the Chinese side of the western sector of the Sino-Indian boundary to be Indian territory "illegally occupied" by China but in fact these areas have never belonged to India, and even had never been marked as within Indian territory before India tampered with the Maps. On the other hand, it should be pointed out that 90,000 square kilometers of Chinese territory south of the illegal McMahon line in the eastern sector of the Sino-Indian border have all along been illegally occupied by India, that eight areas in the middle sector and parigas in the Western sector of the Sino-Indian border are also illegally occupied by India, and that such illegal occupation has never been recognised by the Chinese Government. The Chinese Government for ever retains the right to settle these questions. / Supported by the U.S. imperialists and their partners, the Indian Government has always pursued a policy of chauvinism and expansionism towards its neighbouring countries. Its logic for aggression is that all places it has seized belong to it and that whatever place it wants to grab but has not yet done so belongs to it too. It was this logic that motivated the large-scale armed attack the Indian Government launched against China in 1962, and it is the same logic

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